# VREG\_3V3 Block User Guide V02.03

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# **Revision History**

Version Number	Revision Date	Effective Date	Author	Description of Changes	
V00.01	12 Apr 2001			Initial version	
V00.02	7 June 2001			added additional Register, slight changes to block diagram	
V00.03	9 July 2001			updated Figure A1; removing CTRL1, adding VSSR, LVDS/LVIF when not LVDE	
V01.00	12 July 2001			adding VREGEN to Table2-1; rewritting of Section 1.3 for better reading;Table A1 Num 3+4 Min value changed. Mode name changed.	
V01.01	23 July 2001			Туроѕ	
V01.02	04 Oct 2001			Reviewed LVI and LVD functionality	
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V1.04	24 Jant 2002			updated Appendix A, updated power description, updated Notes	
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V 1.06	20 Jun 2002			updated electrical spec	
V 2.01	27 Jun 2002			new rev, minor updates, updated load capacitors	
V 2.02	21 Jul 2003			updated <b>2.2.1</b> to clearify VDDR usage in bypass mode.	
V 2.03	22 Jun 2004			changed in <b>1.3</b> CPU to MCU.	

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# **Section 1 Introduction**

### 1.1 Overview

Block VREG\_3V3 is a dual output voltage regulator providing two separate 2.5V (typ) supplies differing in the amount of current that can be sourced. The regulator input voltage range is from 3.3V up to 5V (typ).

### 1.2 Features

The block VREG\_3V3 includes these distinctive features:

- Two parallel, linear voltage regulators
  - Bandgap reference
- Low Voltage Detect (LVD) with Low Voltage Interrupt (LVI)
- Power On Reset (POR)
- Low Voltage Reset (LVR)

### 1.3 Modes of Operation

There are three modes VREG\_3V3 can operate in:

• Full Performance Mode (FPM) (MCU is not in Stop Mode)

The regulator is active, providing the nominal supply voltage of 2.5V with full current sourcing capability at both outputs. Features LVD (Low Voltage Detect), LVR (Low Voltage Reset) and POR (Power-On Reset) are available.

• Reduced Power Mode (RPM) (MCU is in Stop Mode)

The purpose is to reduce power consumption of the device. The output voltage may degrade to a lower value than in Full Performance Mode, additionally the current sourcing capability is substantially reduced. Only the POR is available in this mode, LVD and LVR are disabled.

• Shutdown Mode

Controlled by VREGEN (see device level specification for connectivity of VREGEN).

This mode is characterized by minimum power consumption. The regulator outputs are in a high impedance state, only the POR feature is available, LVD and LVR are disabled.

This mode must be used to disable the chip internal regulator VREG\_3V3, i.e. to bypass the VREG\_3V3 to use external supplies.



#### 1.4 Block Diagram

**Figure 1-1** shows the function principle of VREG\_3V3 by means of a block diagram. The regulator core REG consists of two parallel subblocks, REG1 and REG2, providing two independent output voltages.



Figure 1-1 VREG\_3V3 - Block Diagram

### **Section 2 Signal Description**

### 2.1 Overview

Due to the nature of VREG\_3V3 being a voltage regulator providing the chip internal power supply voltages most signals are power supply signals connected to pads.

 Table 2-1 shows all signals of VREG\_3V3 associated with pins.

Name	Port	Function	Reset State	Pull up
VDDR		VREG_3V3 power input (positive supply)		_
VSSR	—	VREG_3V3 power input (ground)		—
VDDA	_	VREG_3V3 quiet input (positive supply)		
VSSA		VREG_3V3 quiet input (ground)	—	_
VDD		VREG_3V3 primary output (positive supply)	_	
VSS		VREG_3V3 primary output (ground)		
VDDPLL		VREG_3V3 secondary output (positive supply)	—	_
VSSPLL	—	VREG_3V3 secondary output (ground)	—	—
VREGEN (optional)	_	VREG_3V3 (Optional) Regulator Enable	_	_

### 2.2 Detailed Signal Descriptions

Check device level specification for connectivity of the signals.

#### 2.2.1 VDDR, VSSR - Regulator Power Input

Signal VDDR is the power input of VREG\_3V3. All currents sourced into the regulator loads flow through this pin. A chip external decoupling capacitor (100nF...220nF, X7R ceramic) between VDDR and VSSR can smoothen ripple on VDDR.

For entering Shutdown Mode pin VDDR should also be tied to ground on devices without VREGEN pin.

#### 2.2.2 VDDA, VSSA - Regulator Reference Supply

Signals VDDA/VSSA which are supposed to be relatively quiet are used to supply the analog parts of the regulator. Internal precision reference circuits are supplied from these signals. A chip external decoupling capacitor (100nF...220nF, X7R ceramic) between VDDA and VSSA can further improve the quality of this supply.

#### 2.2.3 VDD, VSS - Regulator Output1 (Core Logic)

Signals VDD/VSS are the primary outputs of VREG\_3V3 that provide the power supply for the core logic. These signals are connected to device pins to allow external decoupling capacitors (100nF...220nF, X7R ceramic).

In Shutdown Mode an external supply at VDD/VSS can replace the voltage regulator.

#### 2.2.4 VDDPLL, VSSPLL - Regulator Output2 (PLL)

Signals VDDPLL/VSSPLL are the secondary outputs of VREG\_3V3 that provide the power supply for the PLL and Oscillator. These signals are connected to device pins to allow external decoupling capacitors (100nF...220nF, X7R ceramic).

In Shutdown Mode an external supply at VDDPLL/VSSPLL can replace the voltage regulator.

#### 2.2.5 VREGEN - Optional Regulator Enable

This optional signal is used to shutdown VREG\_3V3. In that case VDD/VSS and VDDPLL/VSSPLL must be provided externally. Shutdown Mode is entered with VREGEN being low. If VREGEN is high, the VREG\_3V3 is either in Full Performance Mode or in Reduced Power Mode.

For the connectivity of VREGEN see device specification.

**NOTE:** Switching from FPM or RPM to shutdown of VREG\_3V3 and vice versa is not supported while MCU is powered.

# Section 3 Memory Map and Registers

### 3.1 Overview

This section provides a detailed description of all registers accessible in VREG\_3V3.

### 3.2 Module Memory Map

 Table 3-1 provides an overview of all used registers.

Table 3-1 VREG\_3V3 - Memory Map

Address Offset	Use	Access
\$_00	VREG_3V3 Control Register (VREGCTRL)	R/W

### 3.3 Register Descriptions

This section describes in address order all the VREG\_3V3 registers and their individual bits.

### 3.3.1 VREG\_3V3 - Control Register (VREGCTRL)

The VREGCTRL register allows to separately enable features of VREG\_3V3.



#### Figure 3-1 VREG\_3V3 - Control Register (VREGCTRL)

LVDS — Low Voltage Detect Status Bit

This read-only status bit reflects the input voltage. Writes have no effect.

- 1 = Input voltage  $V_{DDA}$  is below level  $V_{LVIA}$  and FPM.
- 0 = Input voltage V<sub>DDA</sub> is above level V<sub>LVID</sub> or RPM or Shutdown Mode.

LVIE — Low Voltage Interrupt Enable Bit

- 1 = Interrupt will be requested whenever LVIF is set.
- 0 = Interrupt request is disabled.

LVIF — Low Voltage Interrupt Flag

LVIF is set to 1 when LVDS status bit changes. This flag can only be cleared by writing a 1. Writing a 0 has no effect. If enabled (LVIE=1), LVIF causes an interrupt request.

1 = LVDS bit has changed.

0 =No change in LVDS bit .

**NOTE:** On entering the Reduced Power Mode the LVIF is not cleared by the VREG\_3V3.

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### **Section 4 Functional Description**

### 4.1 General

Block VREG\_3V3 is a voltage regulator as depicted in **Figure 1-1**. The regulator functional elements are the regulator core (REG), a low voltage detect module (LVD), a power-on reset module (POR) and a low voltage reset module (LVR). There is also the regulator control block (CTRL) which represents the interface to the digital core logic but also handles the operating modes of VREG\_3V3.

### 4.2 REG - Regulator Core

VREG\_3V3, respectively its regulator core has two parallel, independent regulation loops (REG1 and REG2) that differ only in the amount of current that can be sourced to the connected loads. Therefore only REG1, providing the supply at VDD/VSS, is explained. The principle is also valid for REG2.

The regulator is a linear series regulator with a bandgap reference in its Full Performance Mode and a voltage clamp in Reduced Power Mode. All load currents flow from input VDDR to VSS or VSSPLL, the reference circuits are connected to VDDA and VSSA.

#### 4.2.1 Full Performance Mode

In Full Performance Mode a fraction of the output voltage (VDD) and the bandgap reference voltage are fed to an operational amplifier. The amplified input voltage difference controls the gate of an output driver which basically is a large NMOS transistor connected to the output.

#### 4.2.2 Reduced Power Mode

In Reduced Power Mode the driver gate is connected to a buffered fraction of the input voltage(VDDR). The operational amplifier and the bandgap are disabled to reduce power consumption.

### 4.3 LVD - Low Voltage Detect

Subblock LVD is responsible for generating the low voltage interrupt (LVI). LVD monitors the input voltage ( $V_{DDA}$ - $V_{SSA}$ ) and continuously updates the status flag LVDS. Interrupt flag LVIF is set whenever status flag LVDS changes its value.

The LVD is available in FPM and is inactive in Reduced Power Mode and Shutdown Mode.

### 4.4 POR - Power-On Reset

This functional block monitors output VDD. If  $V_{DD}$  is below  $V_{PORD}$ , signal POR is high, if it exceeds  $V_{PORD}$ , the signal goes low. The transition to low forces the CPU in the power-on sequence.

Due to its role during chip power-up this module must be active in all operating modes of VREG\_3V3.

#### 4.5 LVR - Low Voltage Reset

Block LVR monitors the primary output voltage  $V_{DD}$ . If it drops below the assertion level ( $V_{LVRA}$ ) signal LVR asserts and when rising above the deassertion level ( $V_{LVRD}$ ) signal LVR negates again. The LVR function is available only in Full Performance Mode.

### 4.6 CTRL - Regulator Control

This part contains the register block of VREG\_3V3 and further digital functionality needed to control the operating modes. CTRL also represents the interface to the digital core logic.



### Section 5 Resets

### 5.1 General

This section describes how VREG\_3V3 controls the reset of the MCU.The reset values of registers and signals are provided in **Section 3 Memory Map and Registers**. Possible reset sources are listed in **Table 5-1**.

Reset Source	Local Enable	
Power-on Reset	always active	
Low Voltage Reset	available only in Full Performance Mode	

Table 5-1 VREG\_3V3 - Reset Sources

### 5.2 Description of Reset Operation

#### 5.2.1 Power-On Reset

During chip power-up the digital core may not work if its supply voltage  $V_{DD}$  is below the POR deassertion level ( $V_{PORD}$ ). Therefore signal POR which forces the other blocks of the device into reset is kept high until  $V_{DD}$  exceeds  $V_{PORD}$ . Then POR becomes low and the reset generator of the device continues the start-up sequence. The power-on reset is active in all operation modes of VREG\_3V3.

#### 5.2.2 Low Voltage Reset

For details on low voltage reset see section 4.5 LVR - Low Voltage Reset.



## Section 6 Interrupts

### 6.1 General

This section describes all interrupts originated by VREG\_3V3.

The interrupt vectors requested by VREG\_3V3 are listed in **Table 6-1**. Vector addresses and interrupt priorities are defined at MCU level.

Interrupt Source	Local Enable
Low Voltage Interrupt (LVI)	LVIE=1; available only in Full Performance Mode

Table 6-1 VREG\_3V3 - Interrupt Vectors

### 6.2 Description of Interrupt Operation

#### 6.2.1 LVI - Low Voltage Interrupt

In FPM VREG\_3V3 monitors the input voltage  $V_{DDA}$ . Whenever  $V_{DDA}$  drops below level  $V_{LVIA}$  the status bit LVDS is set to 1. Vice versa, LVDS is reset to 0 when  $V_{DDA}$  rises above level  $V_{LVID}$ . An interrupt, indicated by flag LVIF=1, is triggered by any change of the status bit LVDS if interrupt enable bit LVIE=1.

**NOTE:** On entering the Reduced Power Mode the LVIF is not cleared by the VREG\_3V3.



Freescale Semiconductor Glas- S12VREG3V3V2/D V02.03





## **User Guide End Sheet**



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