

Software Product Line Engineering

Processes, Business, Technology, Architecture
and Organizations

Robert Feldt <robert.feldt@chalmers.se>

Teachers et al.

Robert Feldt (examiner)



- ✦ MSc CS&E 1997, PhD 2002 Software Eng.
- ✦ Currently: Associate Professor BTH & Chalmers
- ✦ Consultant >14 years (Stena, Mobitec, Mimer etc)
- ✦ CTO 1 company, 1 AI Startup
- ✦ Currently: iPhone apps, Ruby, Clojure, C
- ✦ Before: Java, C++, Haskell, ML, MC68k assembler, ...
- ✦ Golf, 2 children (4&8 years), Wine
- ✦ Also only one wife...

Tony Gorschek (Lecturer)



- ✦ B.Sc. BA, M.Sc. CS, PhD Software Engineering
- ✦ Entrepreneurial work
- ✦ Consultant >10 years (IBM, IM, IMI, ABB, DHR, Ericsson, Lexicon, EDB, etc)
- ✦ CTO 3 companies
- ✦ Currently: Associate Processor BTH, Assistant Professor Chalmers, Consultant DocEngineering
- ✦ Single malt (>12y), German cars, B&W 803D

Martin Ivarsson (Lecturer & Assistant)



- ✦ PhD at CTH in 2010
- ✦ Requirements Engineering focus
- ✦ Worked with Volvo

How to reach us?

- ✦ Email rules!
 - ✦ robert.feldt@chalmers.se
 - ✦ tony.gorschek@gmail.com
 - ✦ martin.ivarsson@chalmers.se

What is SPL?

- ✦ Software Product Line = Set of software products
 - ✦ with common features,
 - ✦ but each different.
- ✦ Individual products built from reusable/configurable assets
- ✦ Product line targets specific market/segment

What is SPLE?

- ✦ Planned approach to Large-Scale Reuse
 - ✦ Line of Multiple Products, instead of
 - ✦ Individual software system
- ✦ Domain and Application Engineering
 - ✦ DE: Extract commonality for a domain/area
 - ✦ AE: Build multiple apps in a domain

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Dev **for** reuse

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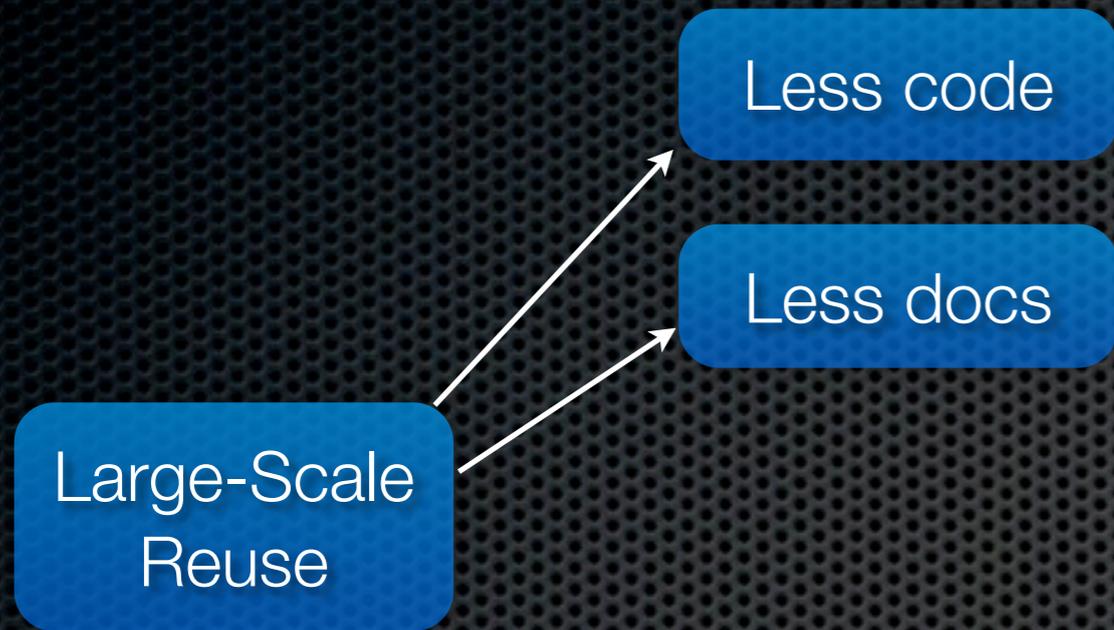
Dev **with** reuse

Why SPLE?

Why SPLE?

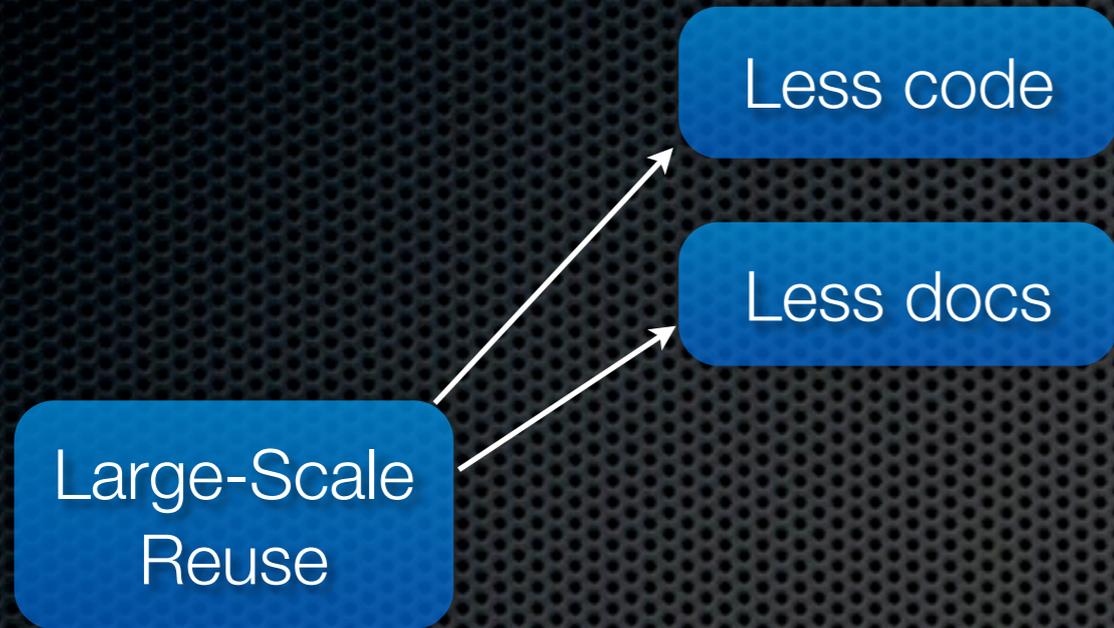
Large-Scale
Reuse

Why SPLE?

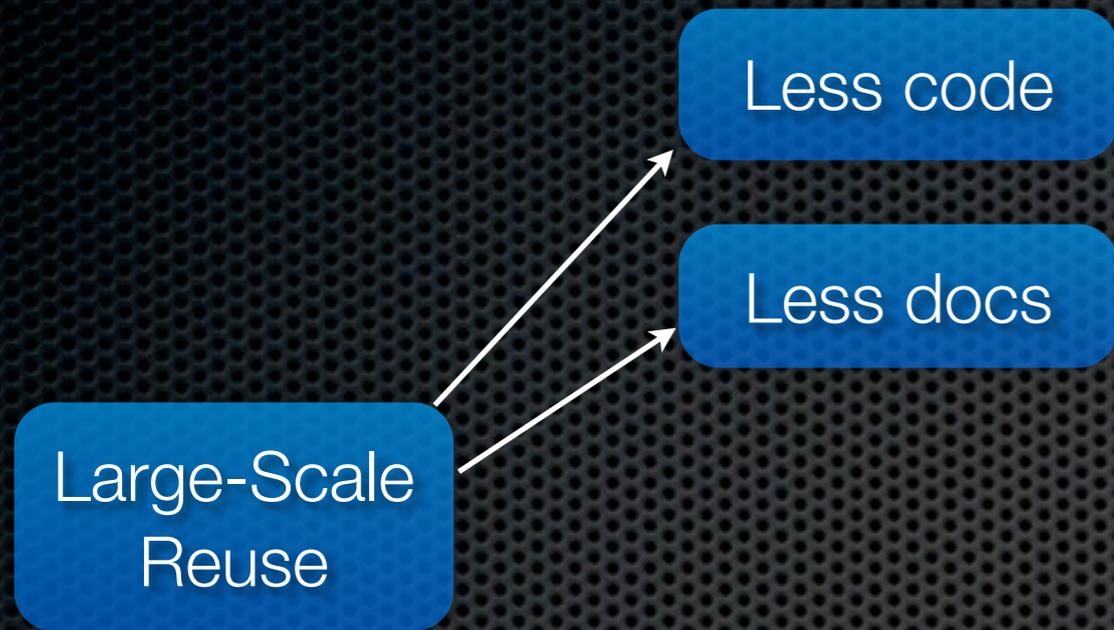


Why SPLE?

Reduced:



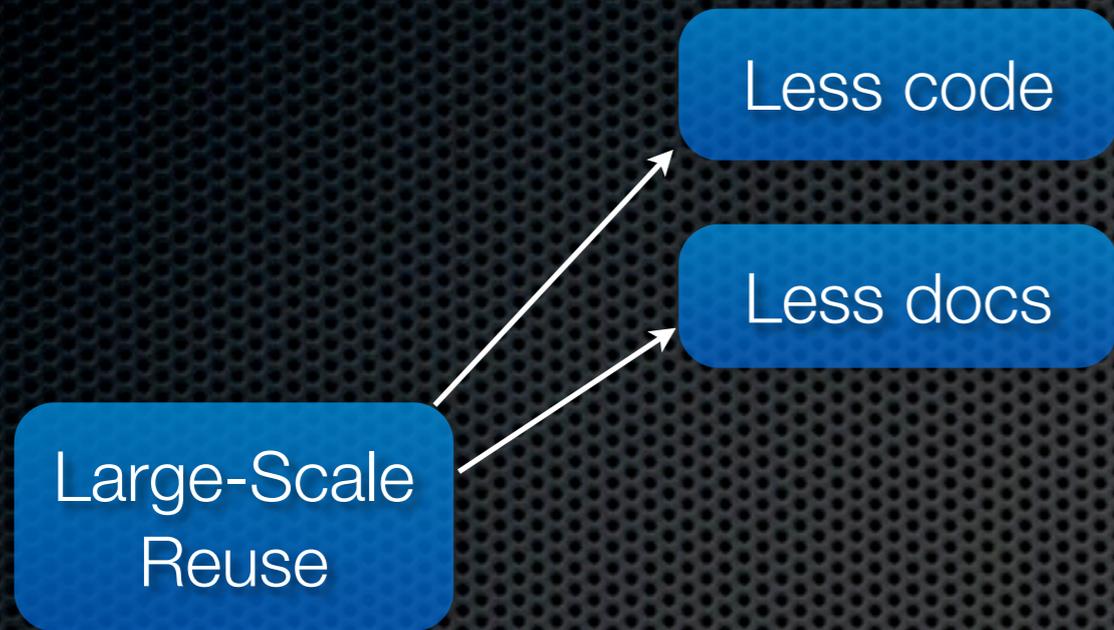
Why SPLE?



Reduced:

Time to Market

Why SPLE?

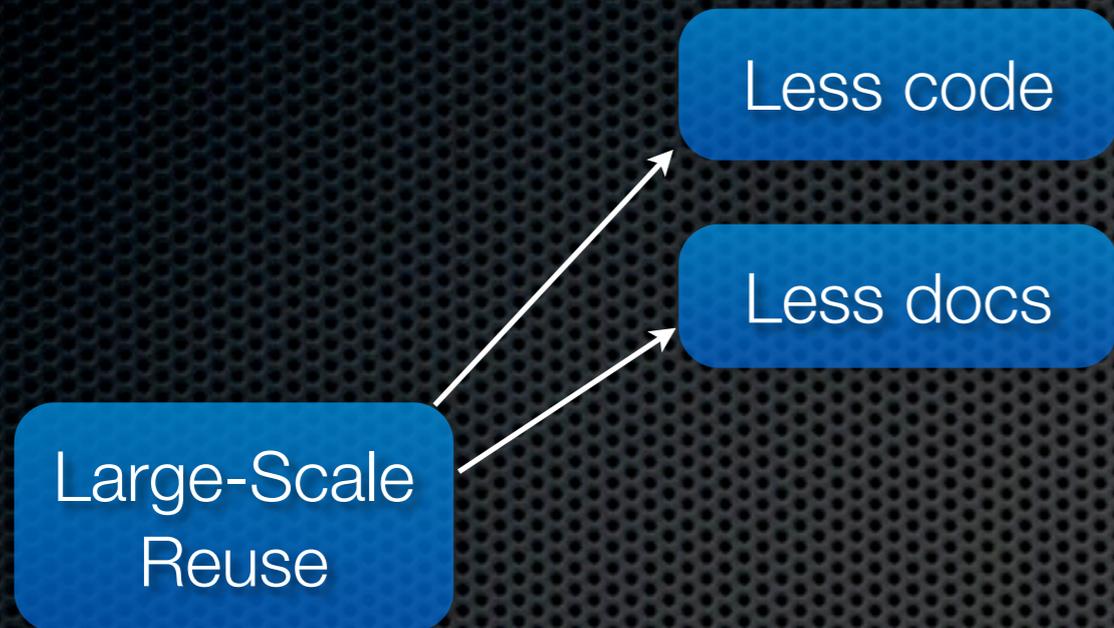


Reduced:

Time to Market

Dev. costs

Why SPLE?



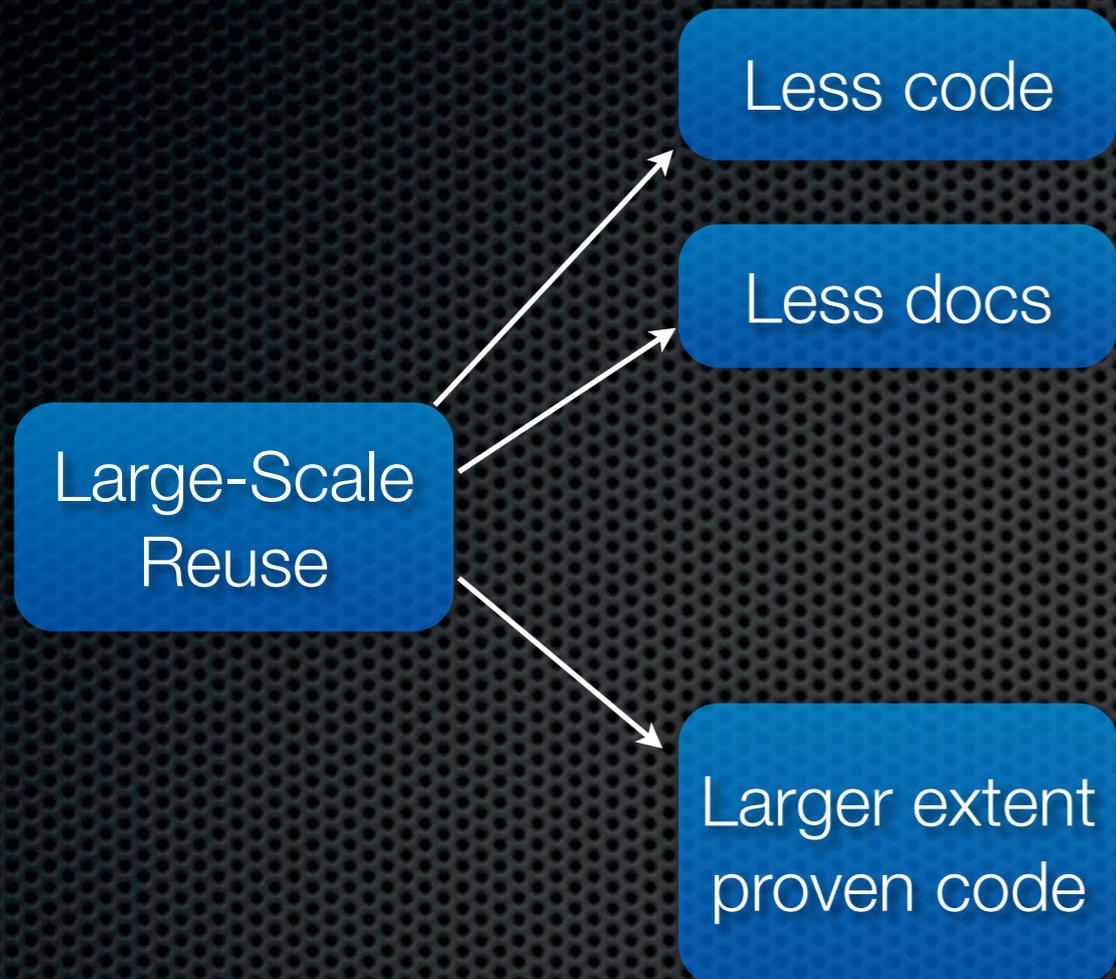
Reduced:

Time to Market

Dev. costs

Maintenance costs

Why SPLE?



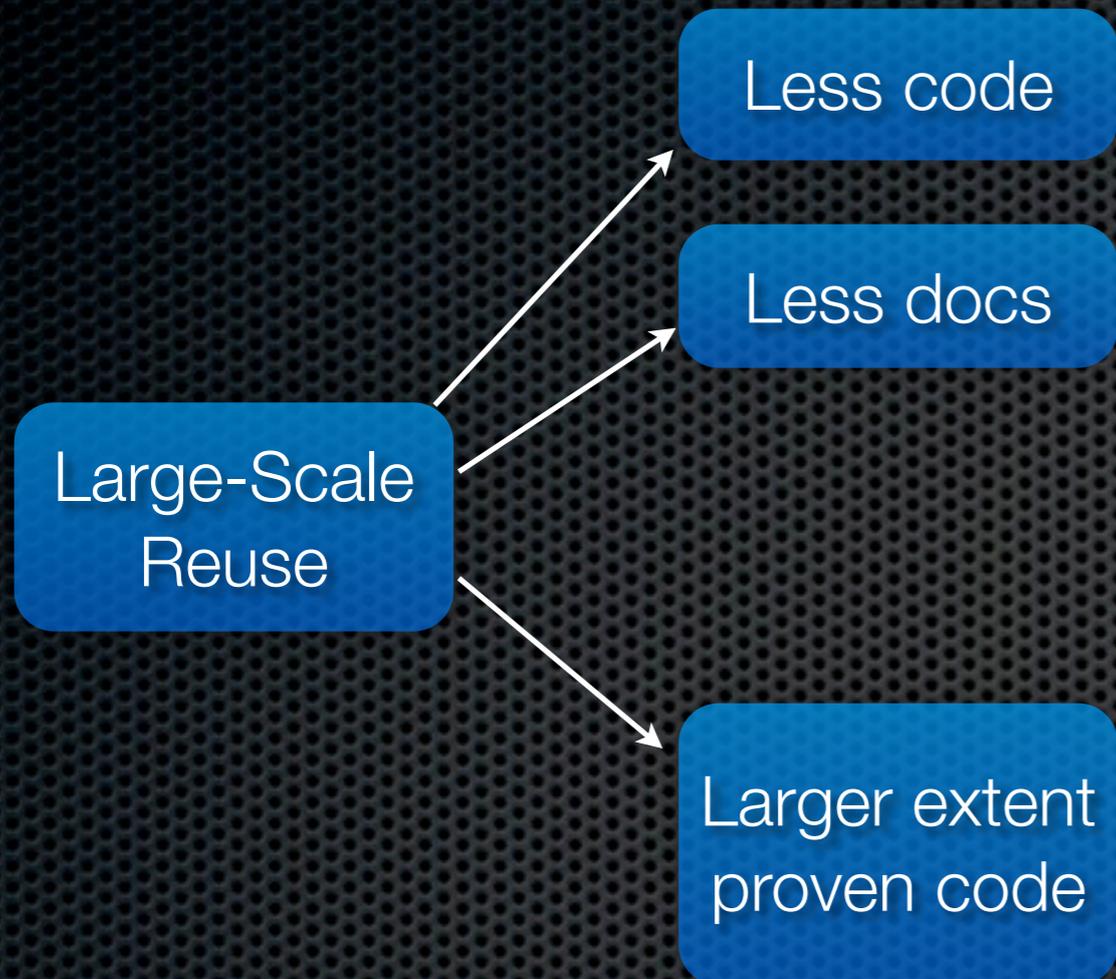
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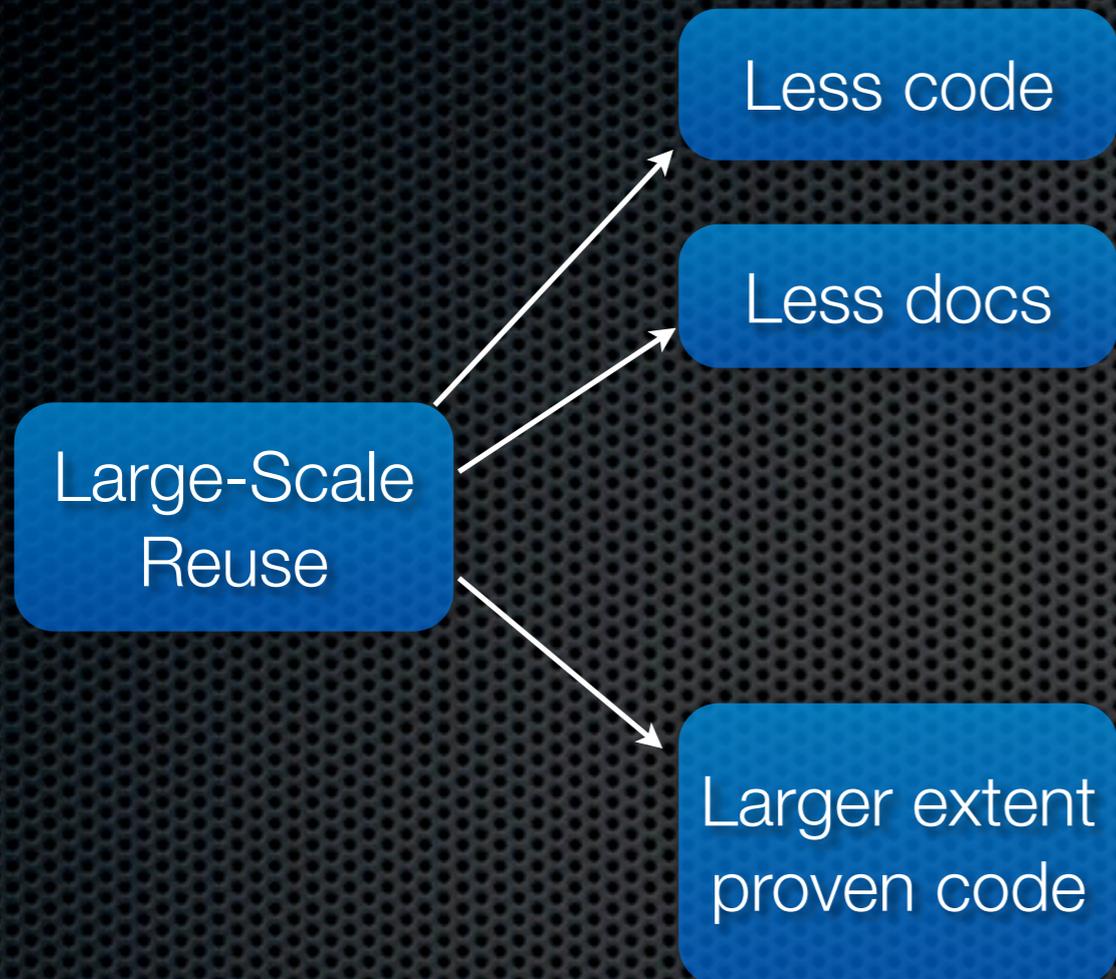
Time to Market

Dev. costs

Maintenance costs

Increased:

Why SPLE?



Reduced:

Time to Market

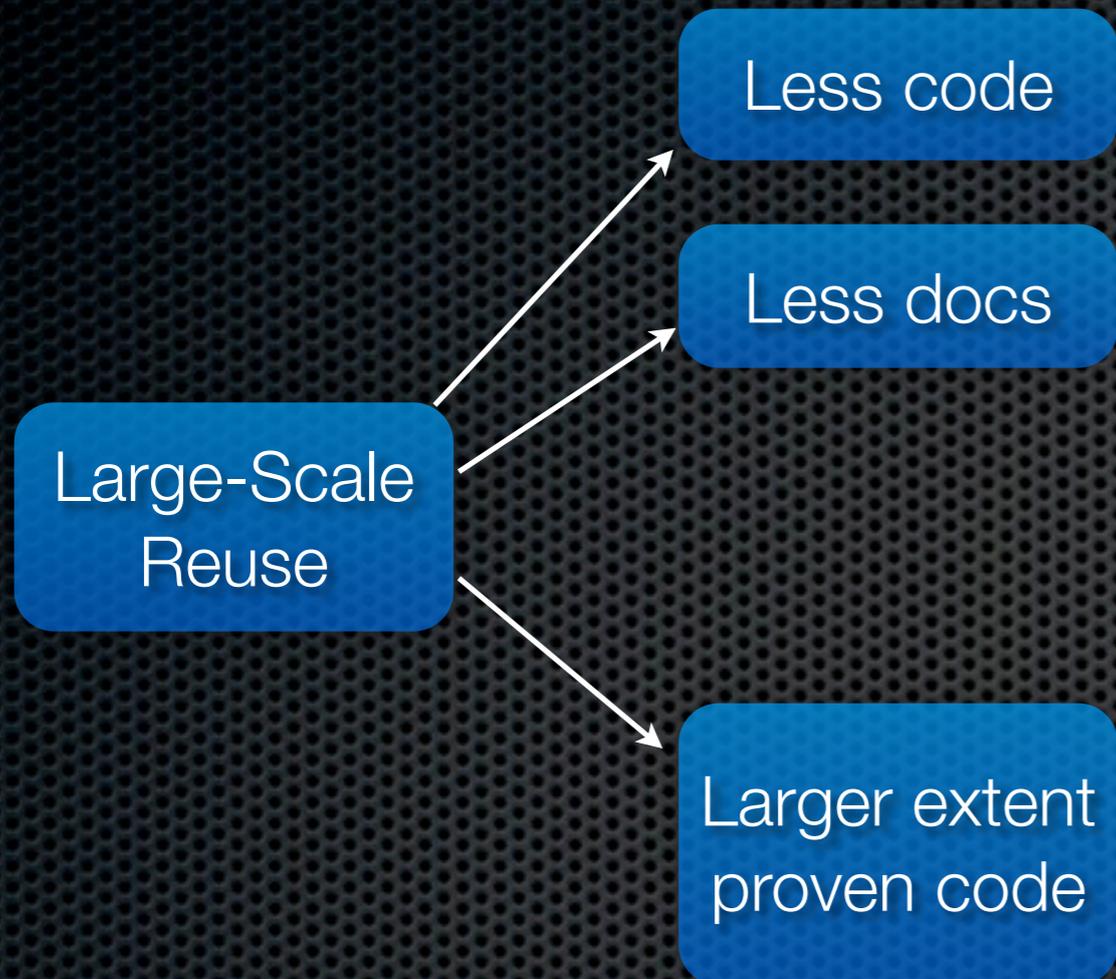
Dev. costs

Maintenance costs

Increased:

Reliability

Why SPLE?



Reduced:

Time to Market

Dev. costs

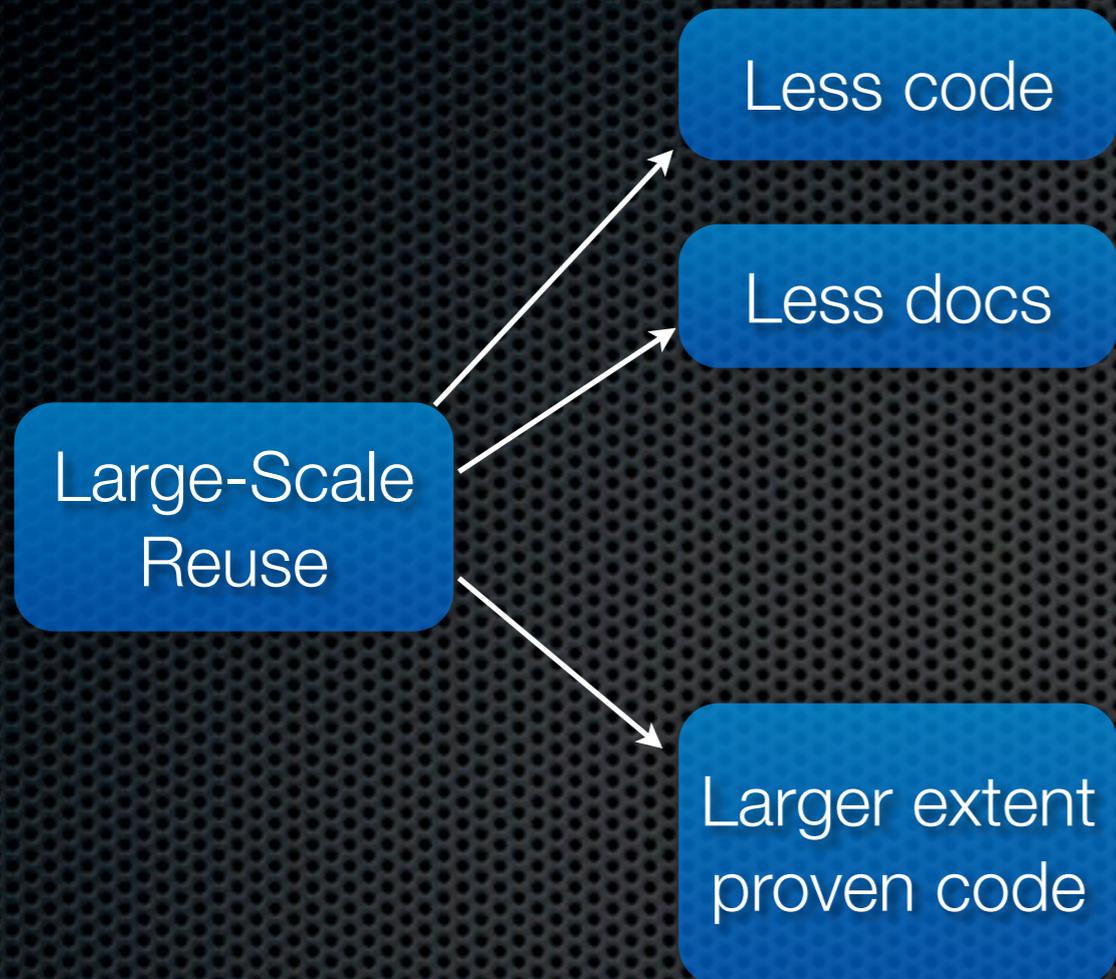
Maintenance costs

Increased:

Reliability

Testability

Why SPLE?



Reduced:

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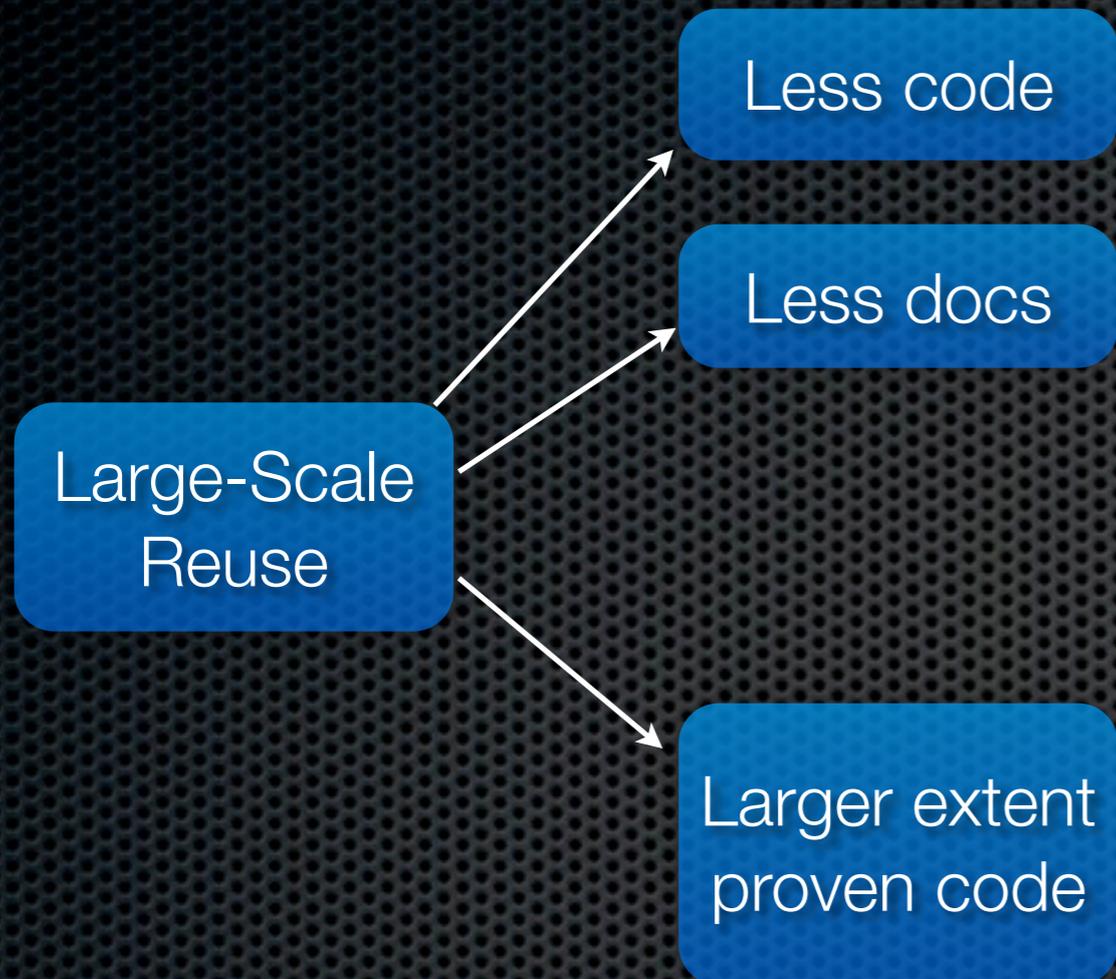
Increased:

Reliability

Testability

Learnability

Why SPLE?



Reduced:

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Increased:

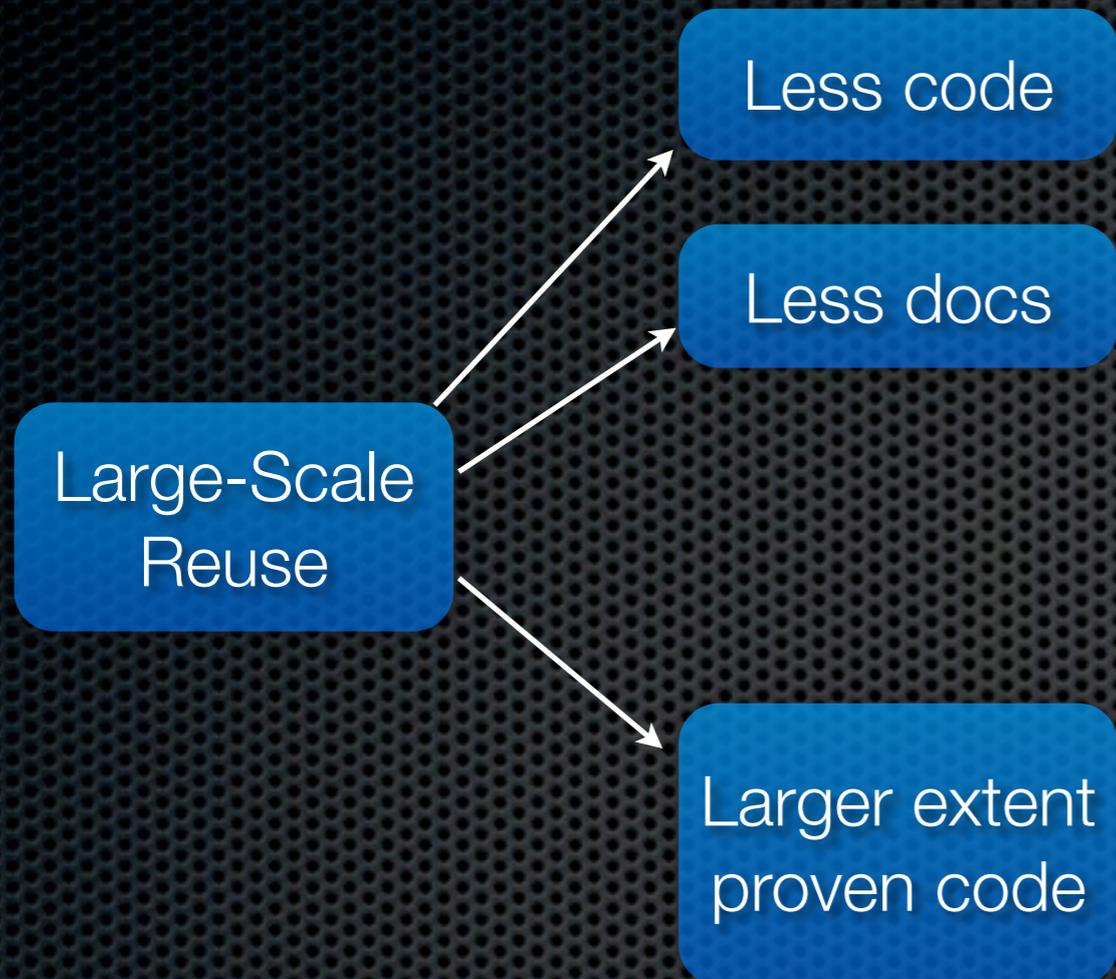
Reliability

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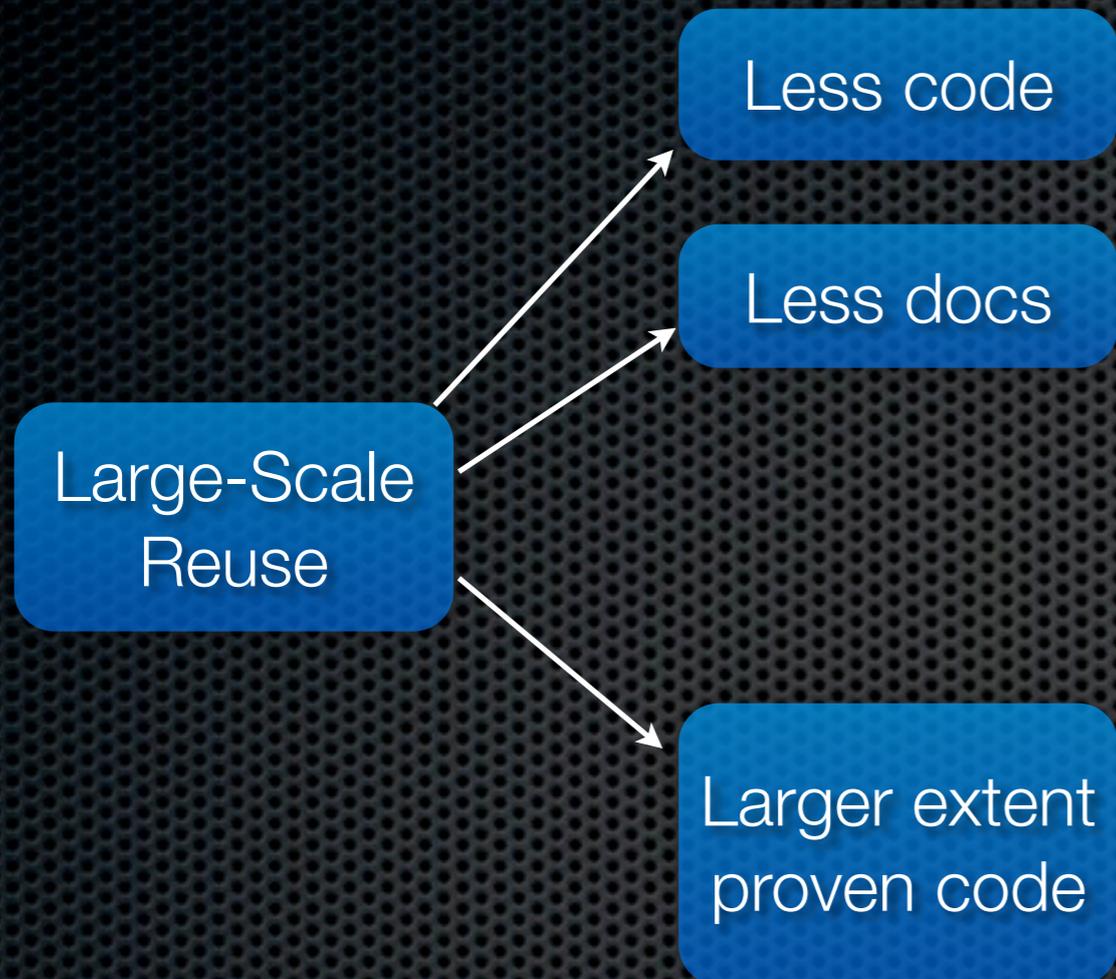
Testability

Learnability

Consistency

Usability

Why SPLE?



Reduced:

Time to Market

Dev. costs

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Project risc

Increased:

Reliability

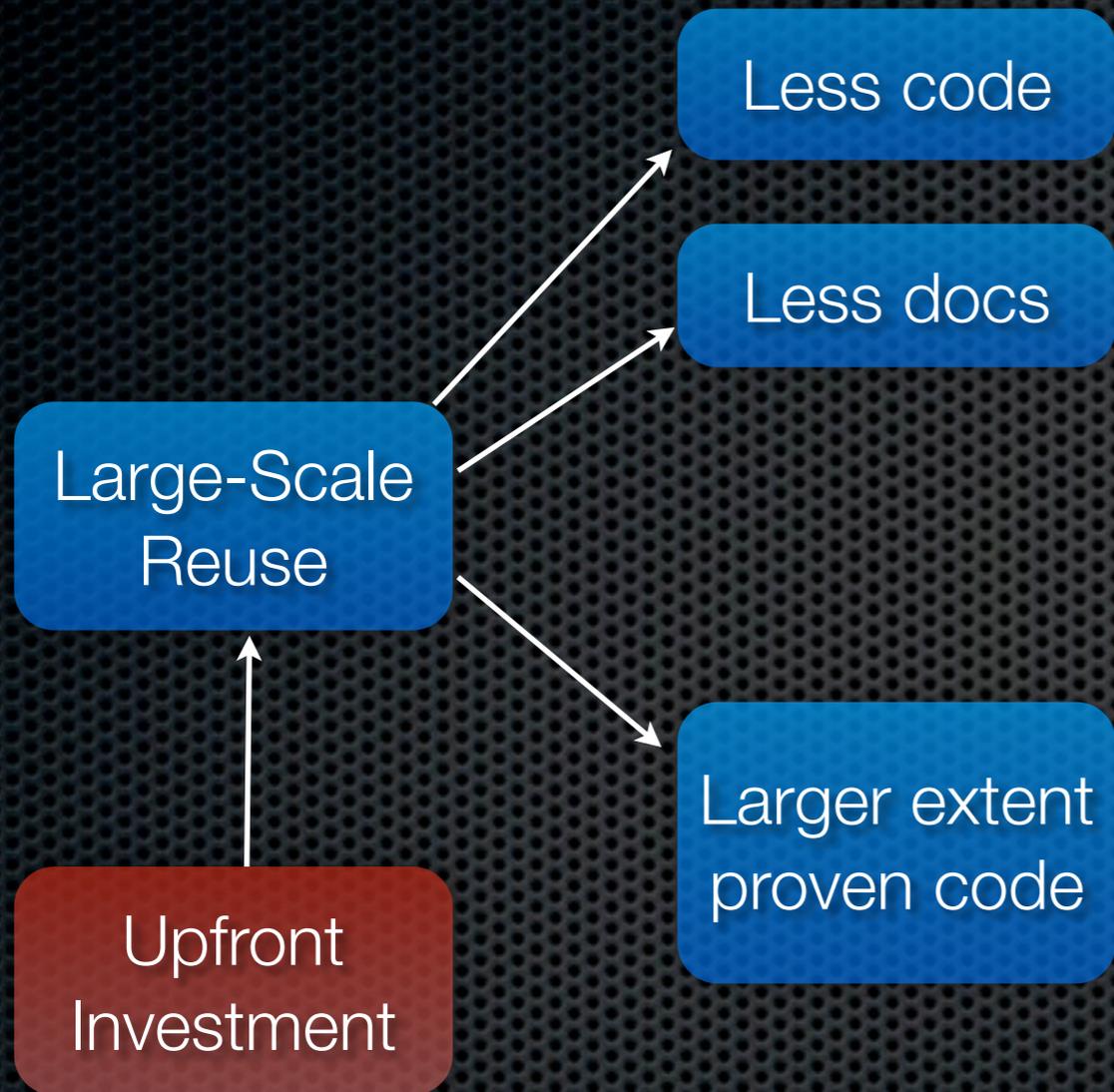
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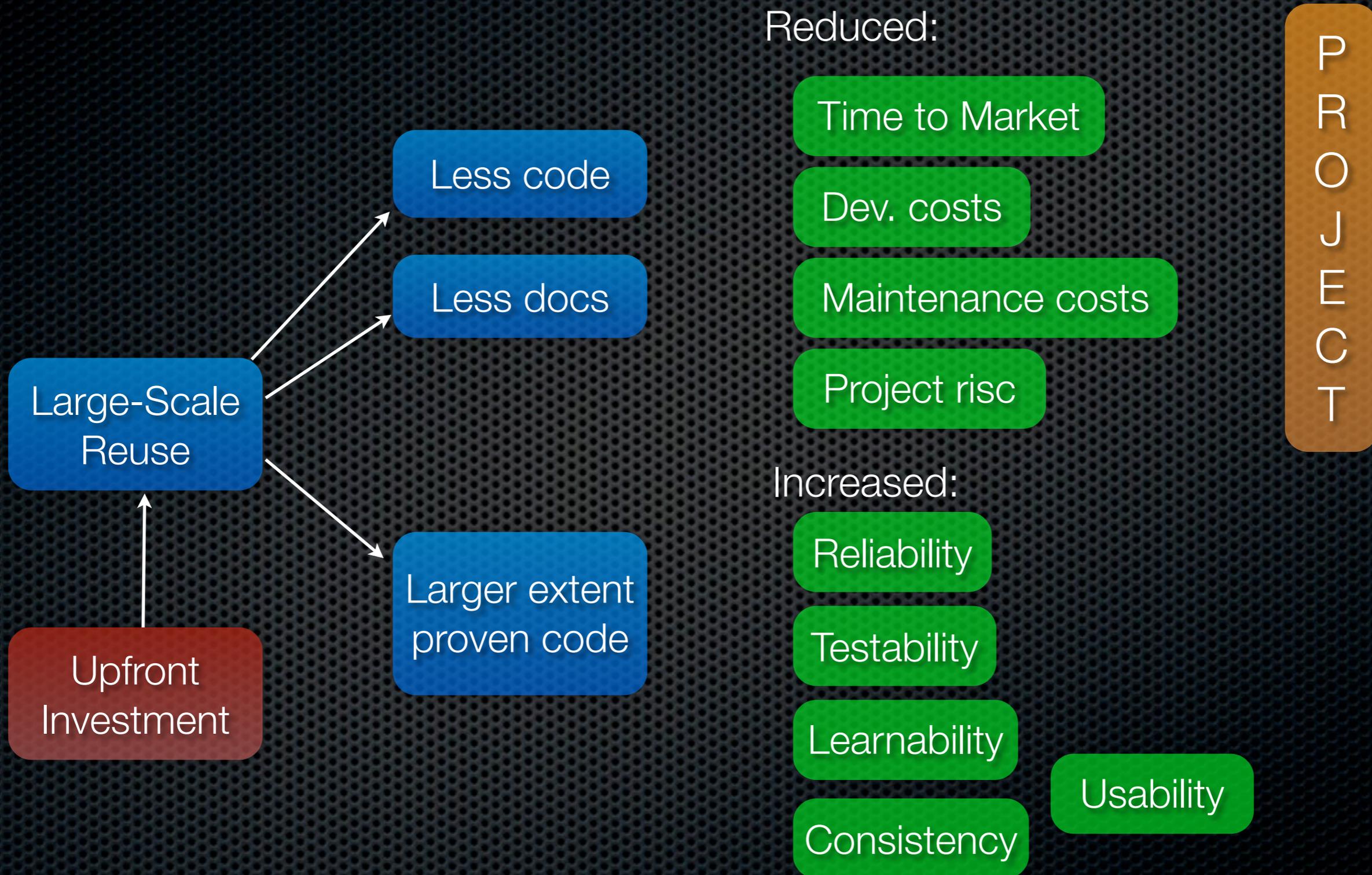
Testability

Learnability

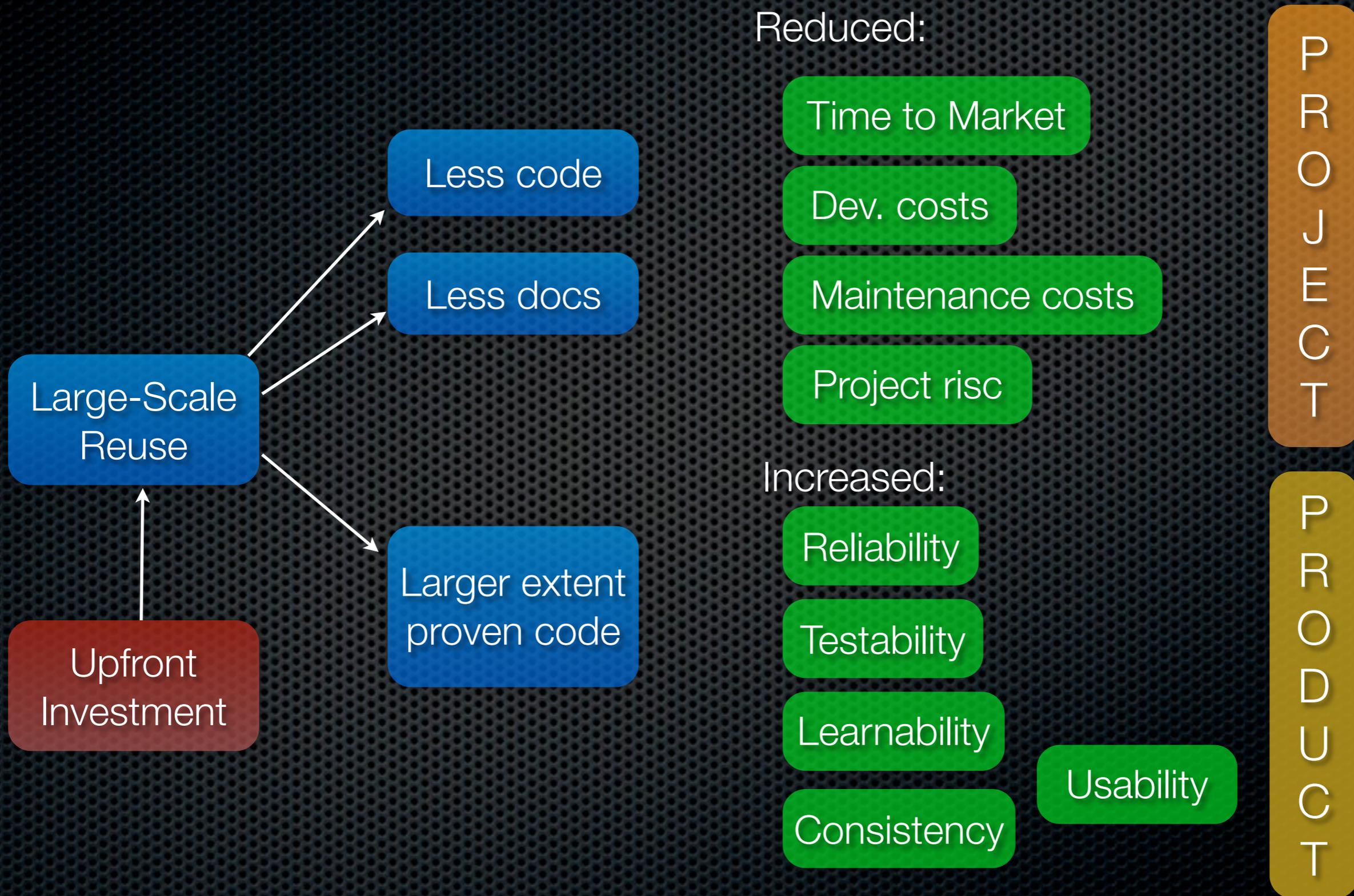
Consistency

Usability

Why SPLE?



Why SPLE?



Course Structure

- ✦ Lectures (RF, TG & MI)
- ✦ Support/Feedback sessions (MI & RF mostly)
- ✦ Assignment - Alternative Reuse Methods (RF & MI)
- ✦ Assignment - Industry Case Study (TG mostly)
- ✦ Written exam (RF mostly)

Examination

- 3 parts:
 - Assignment Reuse: 6p, individual, 2-3p. IEEE
 - Assignment Industry: 34p, groups of 4, 12-15 p. IEEE
 - Written exam: 60p, Individual

- Grades:

Point total	Cth
<50	Fail
50-66	3
67-84	4
85-100	5

Point total	ECTS
<50	Fail
50-59	E
60-69	D
70-79	C
80-89	B
90-100	A

You need at least 50% points on both exam and assignments!

Written Exam

- ✦ Mix of:
 - ✦ simpler / fact-based questions,
 - ✦ practical, technical questions, and
 - ✦ larger, essay-like problem solving / evaluation questions.
- ✦ Based on SPLE book + lecture material
- ✦ Will take place Dec. 16 (afternoon) (see Studieportal)

Assignment Reuse

- ✦ State-of-the-art in SW Reuse Research, goals:
 - ✦ See alternatives to SPL
 - ✦ Closer connection to academic research
 - ✦ Research experience - mini-mini study
- ✦ Small part of course
 - ✦ But will give input to your large assignment => important that we together do well

Assignment Reuse - basics

- ✦ Individual assignment
- ✦ 1. Find 3 research papers (IEEE Xplore, ACM Digital Library, Google Scholar) on Software Reuse (excl. SPL) all related to specific topic/method/theme
- ✦ 2. Read papers and classify type of research (theoretic/industry, research method etc)
- ✦ 3. Summarize papers and state-of-the-art for theme
- ✦ 4. Present findings in 5 min presentation on workshop
- ✦ 5. We then create collective overview of SPL alternatives

Assignment Reuse - deadlines

- ✦ 101103 before 09:00: Email with theme and 3 papers (MI)
- ✦ 101103 10:00: Support session for search & paper reading
- ✦ 101115 09:00: 2-3 page IEEE report with summary etc

Assignment - Industry Case Study

- ✦ Industry Case Study, goals:
 - ✦ Practical, real-world SPL experience
 - ✦ Closer connection to relevant companies
 - ✦ Research experience - mini study
- ✦ Major part of course
 - ✦ You need to put in lots of effort!
 - ✦ Support and feedback from us continuously
 - ✦ Companies that commit will want something useful back

Assignment Industry Case Study - basics

- ✦ Group assignment - groups of 4 assigned by teachers
- ✦ Format:
 - ✦ IEEE Conference Proceedings template
 - ✦ 12-15 pages + Appendix + References
 - ✦ ≥ 15 peer-reviewed references
- ✦ Submission in 3 steps:
 - ✦ 101101 Group info email (Name+email+relevant prev grades) (TG)
 - ✦ 101117 Company info email (TG)
 - ✦ 101124 Case study design (TG)
 - ✦ 110107 Complete assignment report (TG)

Assignment Industry Case Study - grading

- ✦ A total of 34 points on assignment:
 - ✦ max 27 points for assignment report,
 - ✦ max 5 points for presentation,
 - ✦ max 2 points for opposition.

Assignment ICS - presentation

- ✦ Present your findings for rest of class + teachers
 - ✦ 110114, schedule distributed later
- ✦ 15 min presentation + 15 min questions/discussion
 - ✦ Questions from opponents + teachers

Do's:

Focus on essential info/findings

Audience sees the screen

Explain diagrams, figs & graphs

Start with main results, limit yourself!

Dont's:

Spend time on basic/general info

Stand in front of screen

Point to computer screen

Dense slides with lots of text

Assignment ICS - SPL Assessment & Improv.

- ✦ 1. Find a product dev company - get them to commit
- ✦ 2. Plan & design case study
 - ✦ BAPO or PLPA as basis for assessment + Reuse alternatives
 - ✦ Expand with more questions as you see fit
- ✦ 3. Conduct case study - benchmark current processes
 - ✦ Typically: Interviews + document analysis => state-of-practice
- ✦ 4. Compare state-of-practice to state-of-the-art
 - ✦ As found in Course contents & Peer-reviewed sources
- ✦ 5. Analyze & propose improvements

Approaching Companies How-to

- ✦ Find potential companies from press, job offerings, web search, Yellow pages etc
 - ✦ Try to find good, logical contact persons via web search
- ✦ Call by telephone - mail does not work
- ✦ If you hit switchboard
 - ✦ Present yourself (Sven Svensson, calling from Chalmers)
 - ✦ Best if you have name already, ask for them or ask for logical choice (project manager)

Approaching Companies How-to 2

- ✦ Once you reach a person
 - ✦ Introduce yourself: “Hello my name is X X, I’m a student at Chalmers, can you spare 5 minutes?”
 - ✦ Explain that you are doing a case study where industry input is important.
 - ✦ This is a part of a SPLE course (drop our names Dr. Gorschek and Dr. Feldt if you feel it would help make it more official).
 - ✦ BEFORE you go into what you need, explain benefit for them
 - ✦ “We are performing a process assessment as a part of the course. The benefit for you is that we will deliver a report to you with our findings which have been quality assured through the course... ALL THINGS ARE TOTALLY anonymous, and your company will be anonymized in our reports... but this should not be a problem as the purpose is to find POSSIBILITIES FOR IMPROVEMENT and this is nothing negative”

Approaching Companies How-to 3

- ✦ If everything goes well you will come to what you need.
 - ✦ Start by booking one meeting (say 45min).
 - ✦ Then during that meeting (see it as a preparation meeting) you discuss the possibilities for access and what you need.
 - ✦ Don't start your call with "we need 3 interviews and access to process documentation", rather start lightly with a 45 min meeting and go from there.
 - ✦ Build confidence during this conversation. At any time you might be interrupted by the person saying that he/she is not the correct person to talk to... then you very nicely ask for a referral (get the persons full name and contact info (tele)). Say thank you and call the new/other person.

Approaching Companies How-to 4

- ✦ Now here is the key, when you call the new person, you present yourself and tell that you were referred by X. Start over.
- ✦ Prep meeting:
 - ✦ Once you are in this meeting everything is easier
 - ✦ Dress nicely (don't need tie & suite but clean & tidy!)
 - ✦ Drop names: "As a part of the SPL E course we are contacting several companies, such as Ericsson, ABB, Volvo etc, to learn from them, and to recommend possibilities for improvement."
 - ✦ If company wants to or have trouble trusting you they can contact us

Approaching Companies How-to 5

- ✦ During the meeting
 - ✦ offer to sign a NDA if they want. (Example on course page)
 - ✦ Reassure them again that all results will be anonymized, and if they still are skeptical, offer them to read your report before you are allowed to submit it.

What we will expect from you

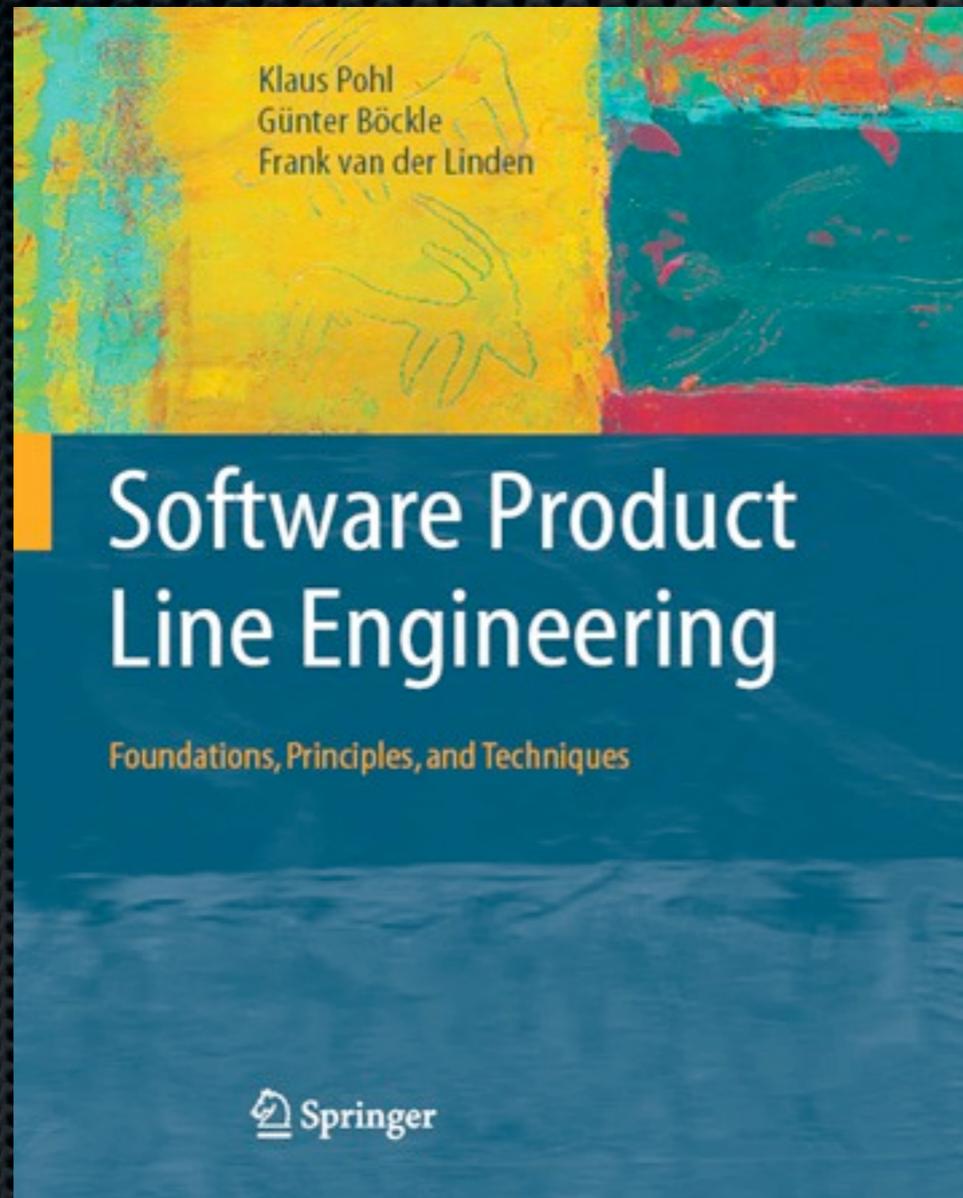
- ✦ Read books, go to lectures, question/be active
- ✦ Check course home page, read all material
- ✦ “Own” your assignment projects
 - ✦ You have got to drive it!
 - ✦ You have got to start early! Now!
 - ✦ Read the description in depth!
 - ✦ All group members should contribute; we will evaluate this
- ✦ Follow advise and rules!
- ✦ Ask if anything unclear

Course home page

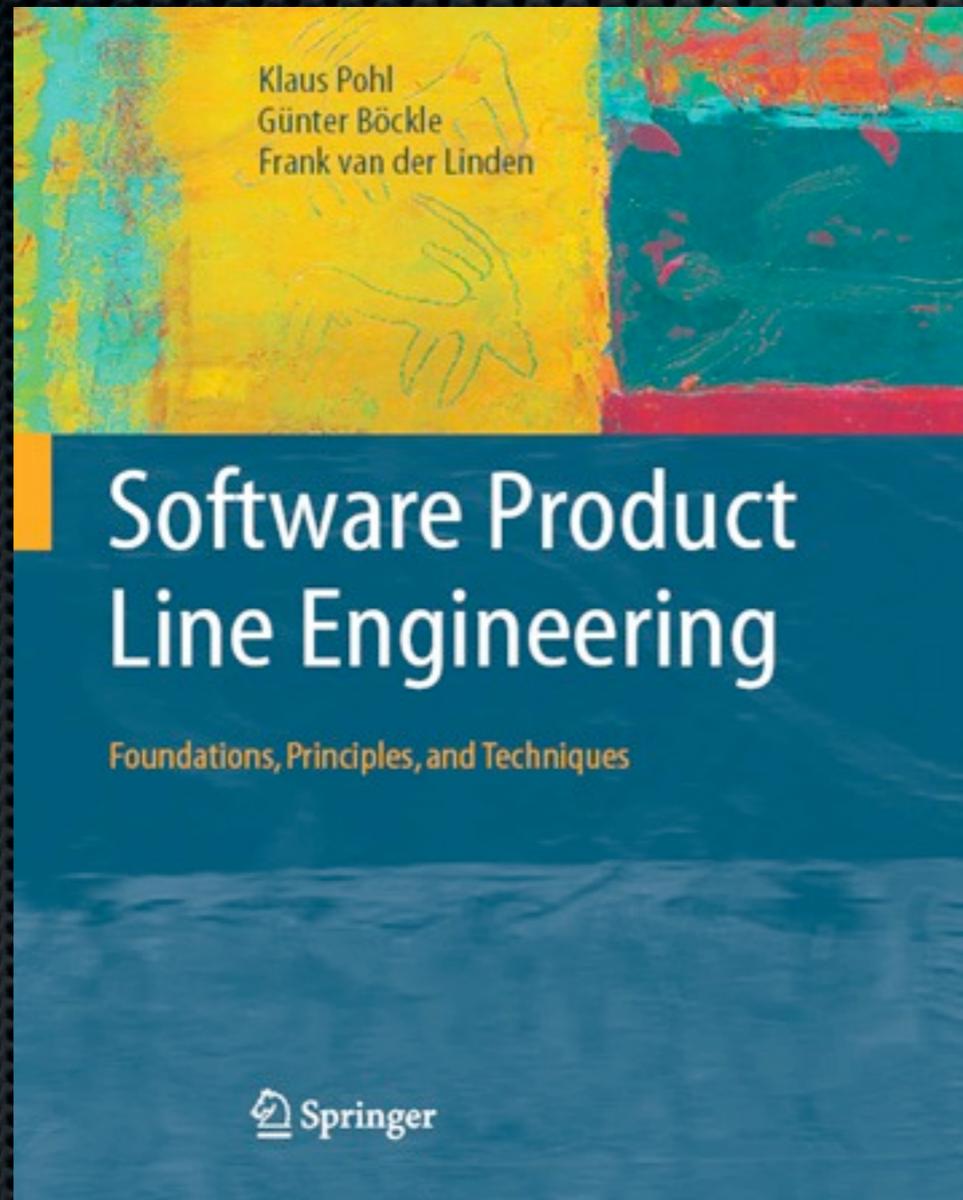
- ✦ For agility we have our own course home page:
 - ✦ <http://www.cse.chalmers.se/~feldt/courses/sple/>
- ✦ We expect you to check it **often!**
- ✦ Especially on mornings before course activities

Books

Books

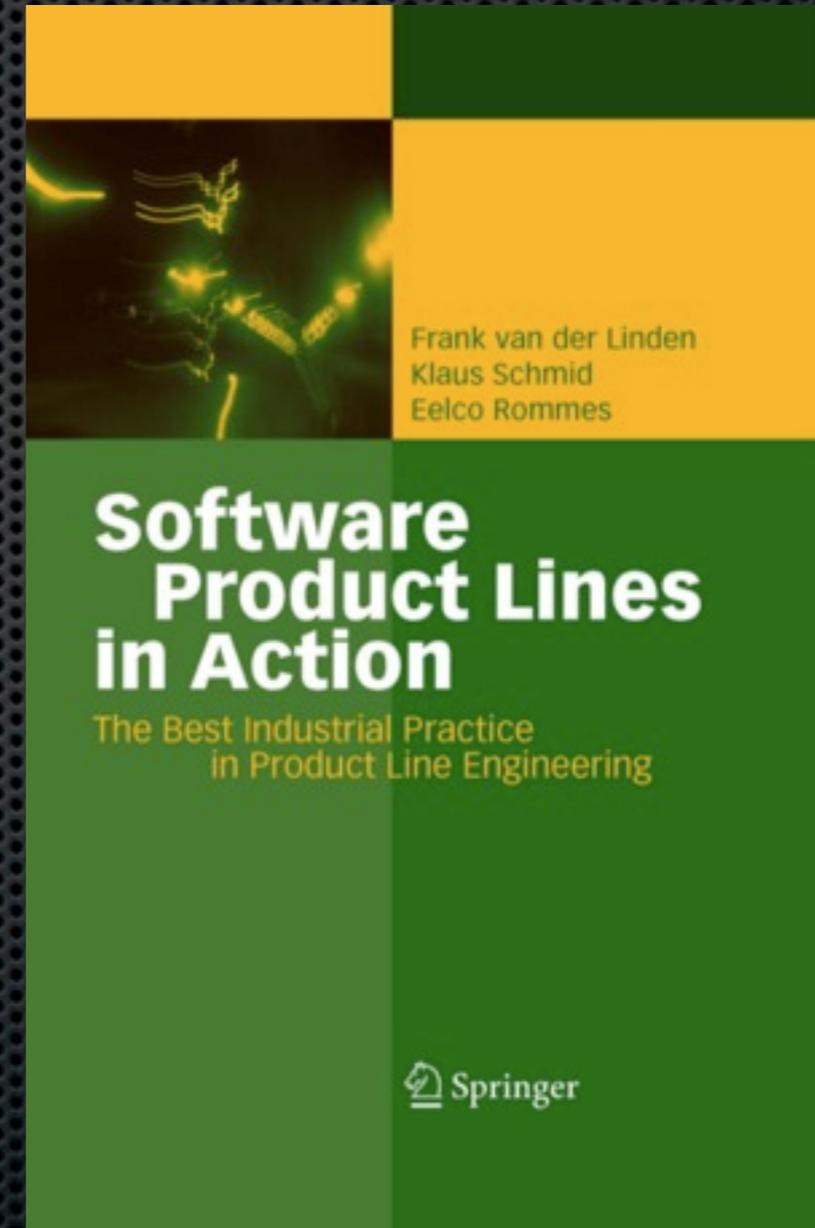
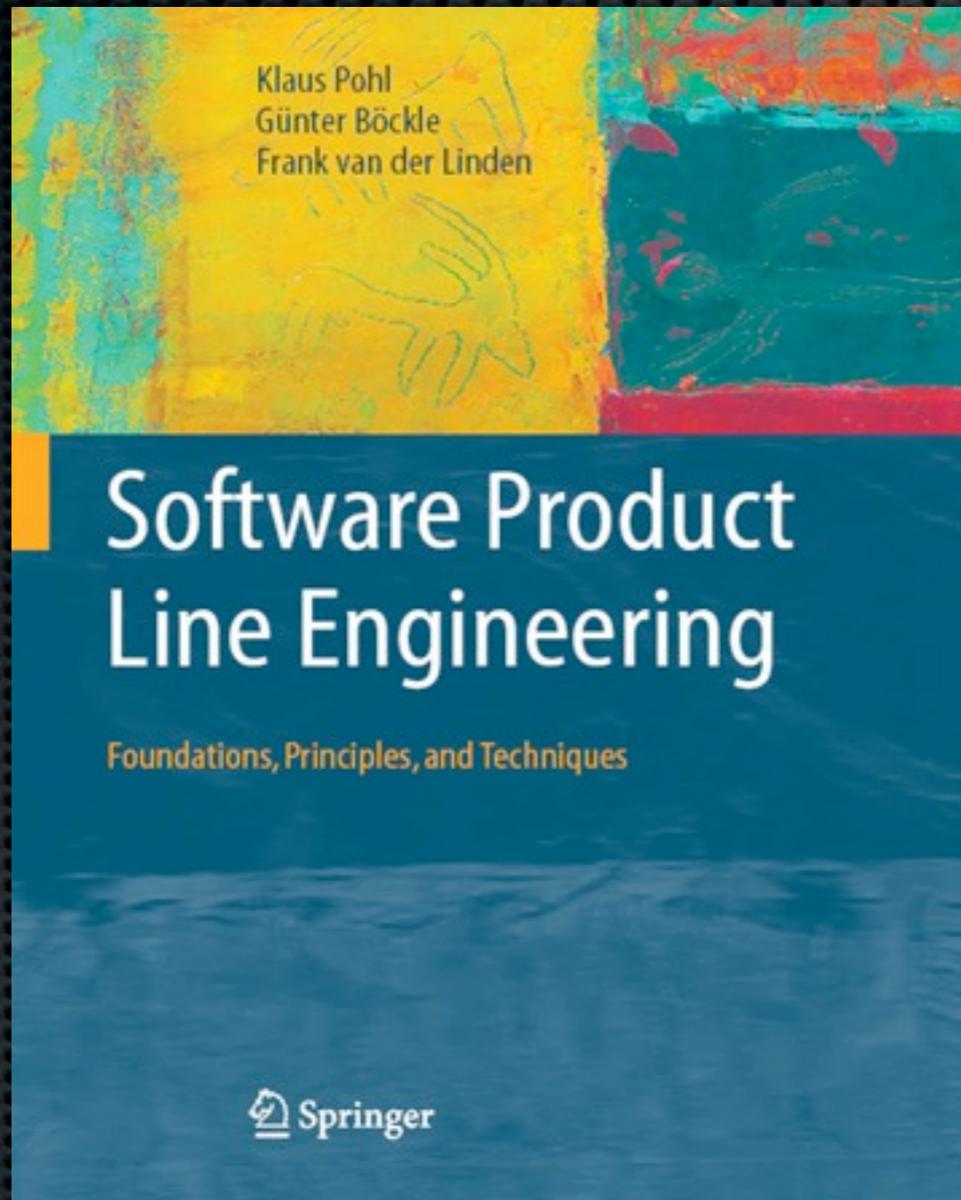


Books



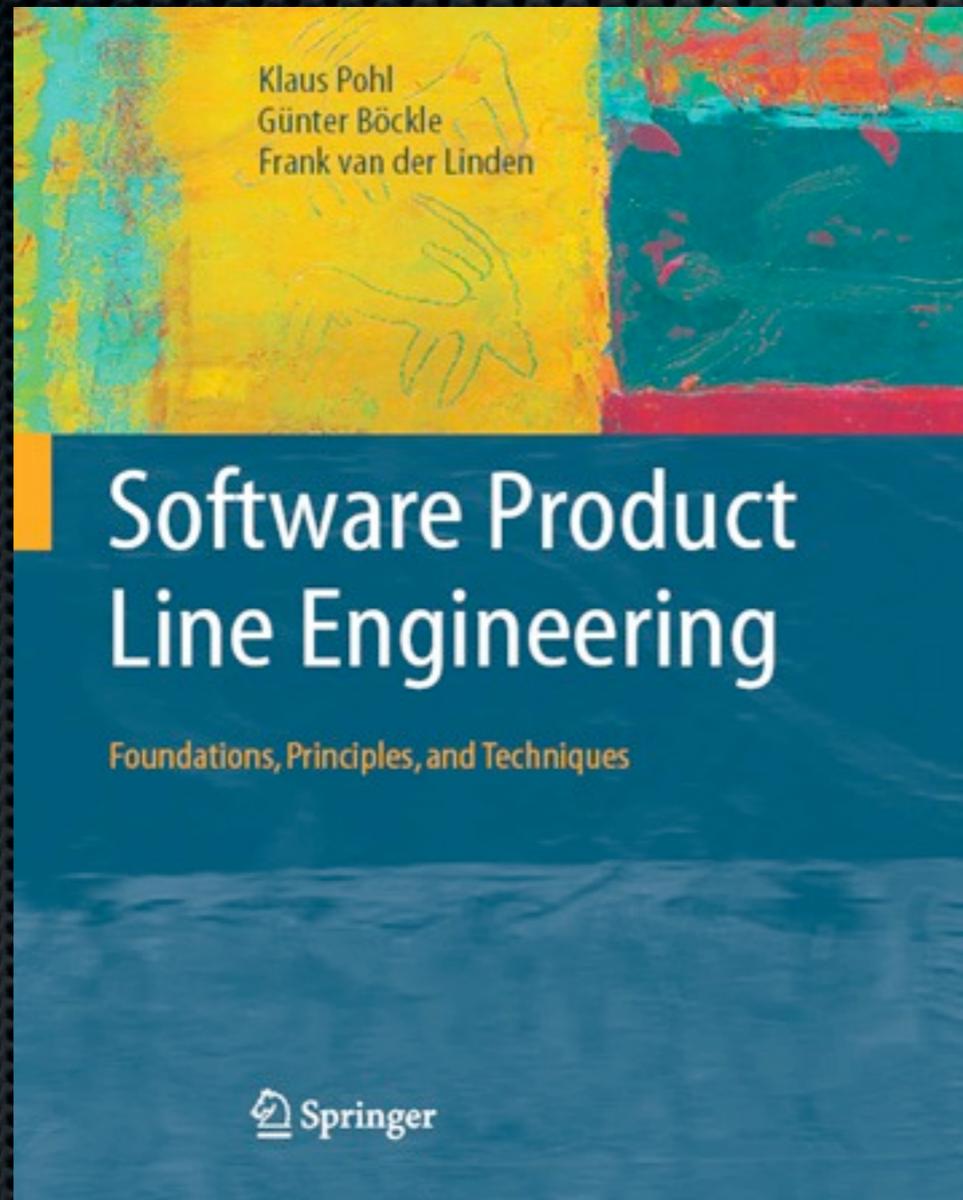
SPLE

Books

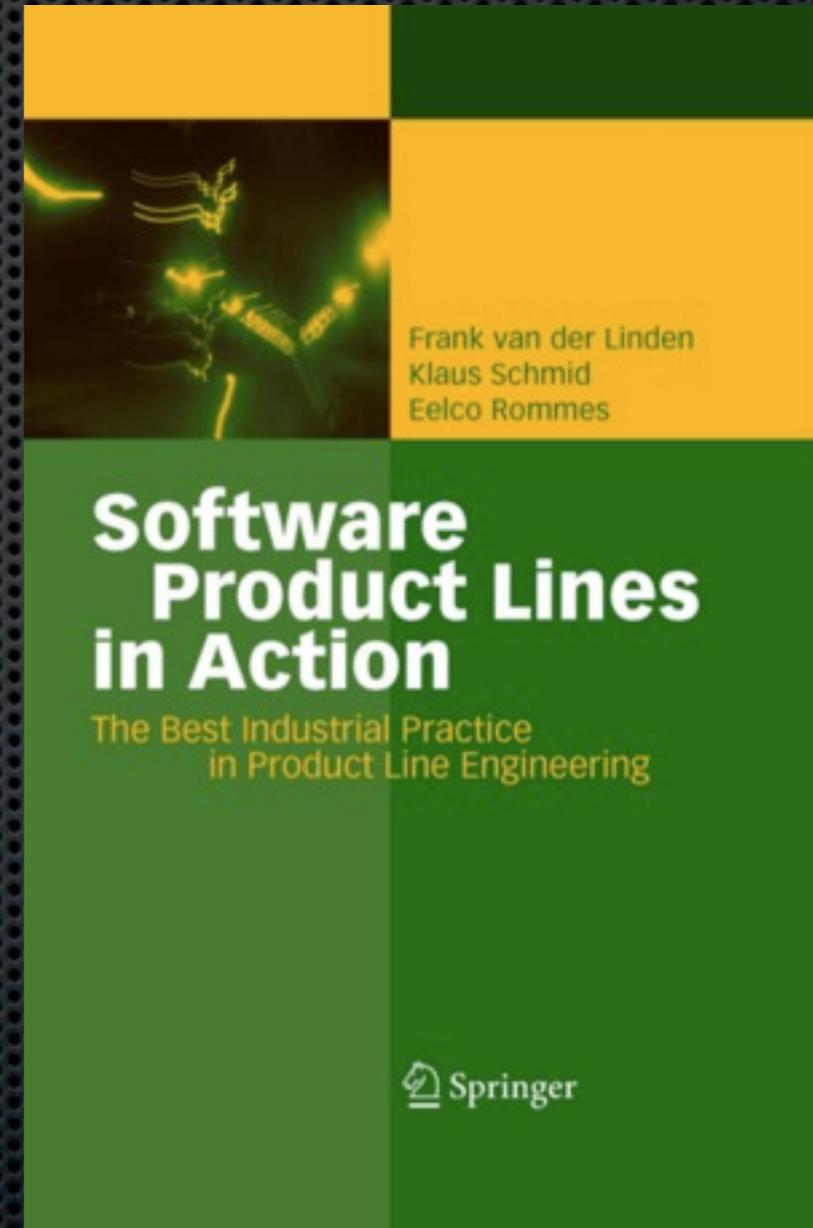


SPLE

Books

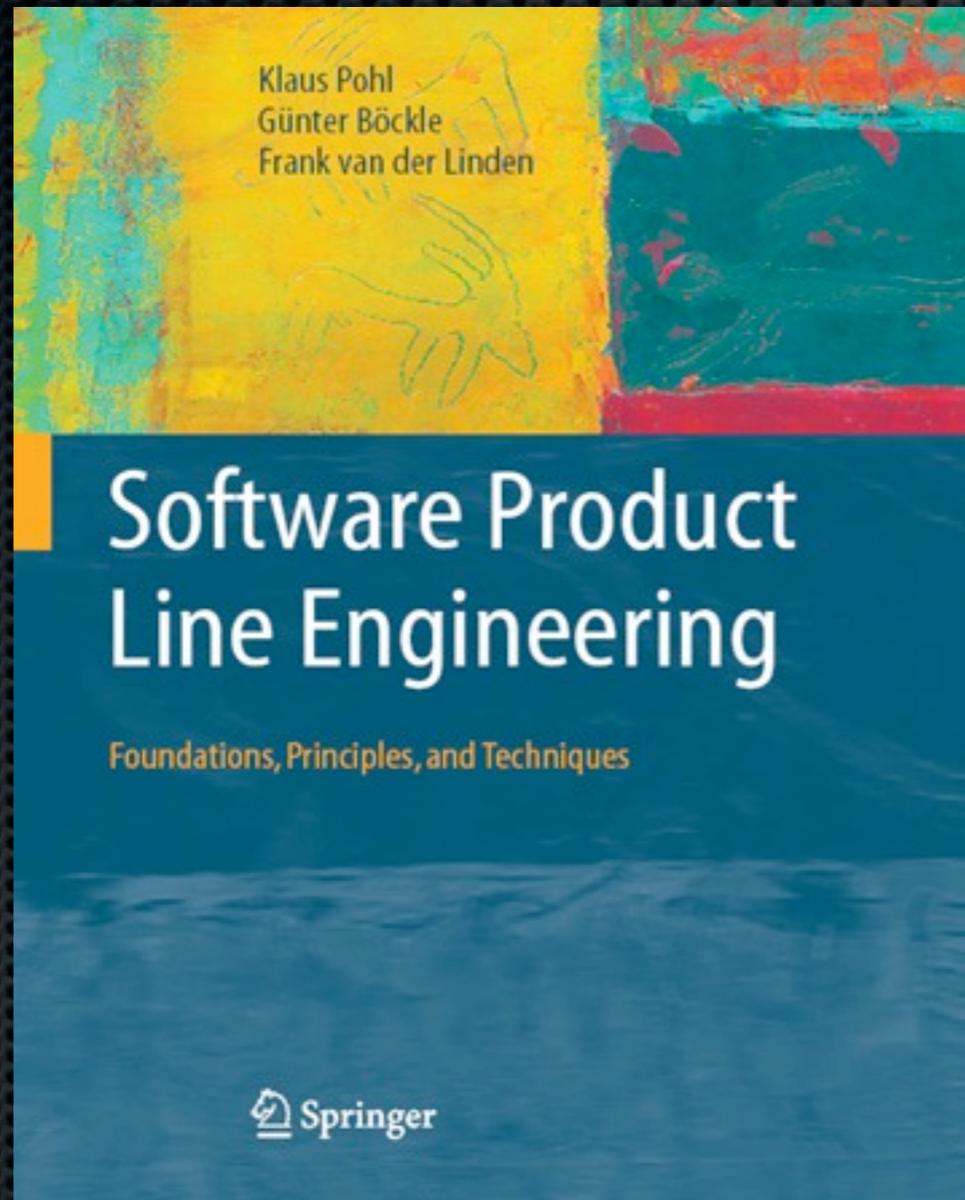


SPL

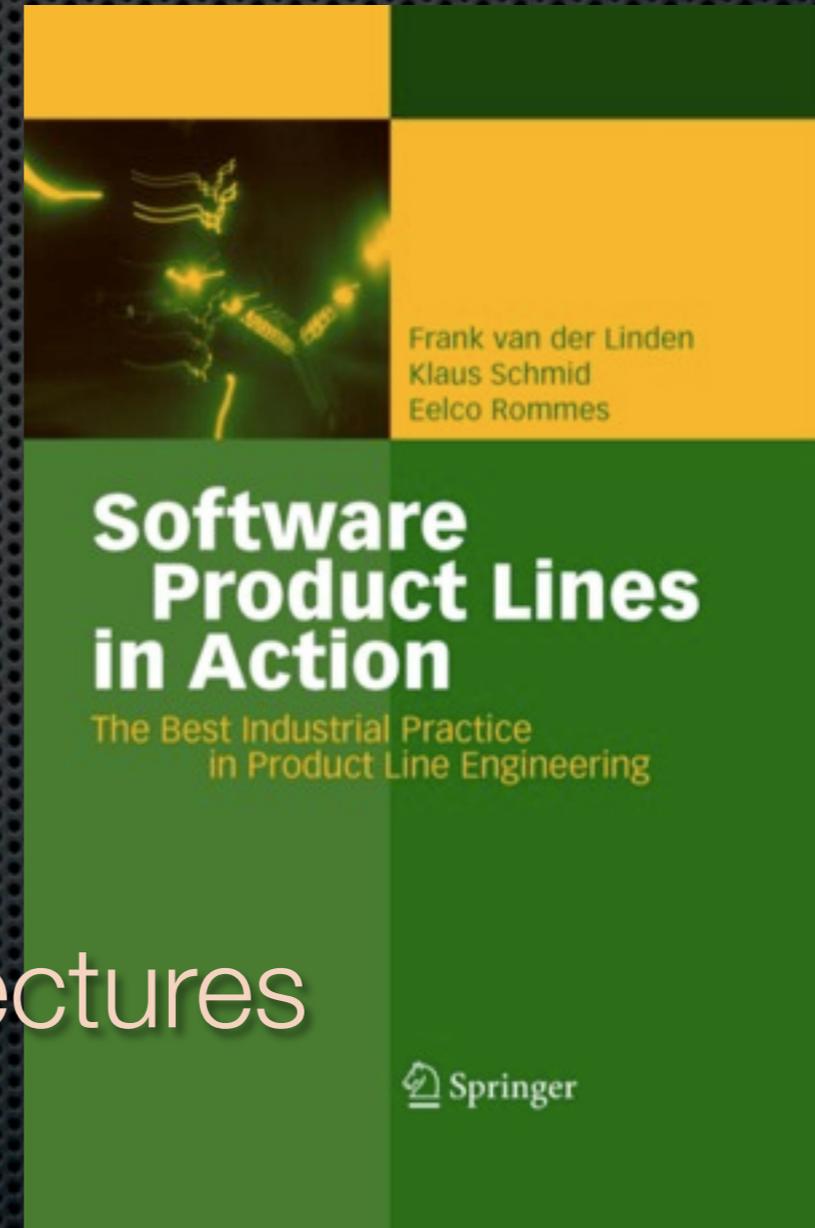


SPLIA

Books



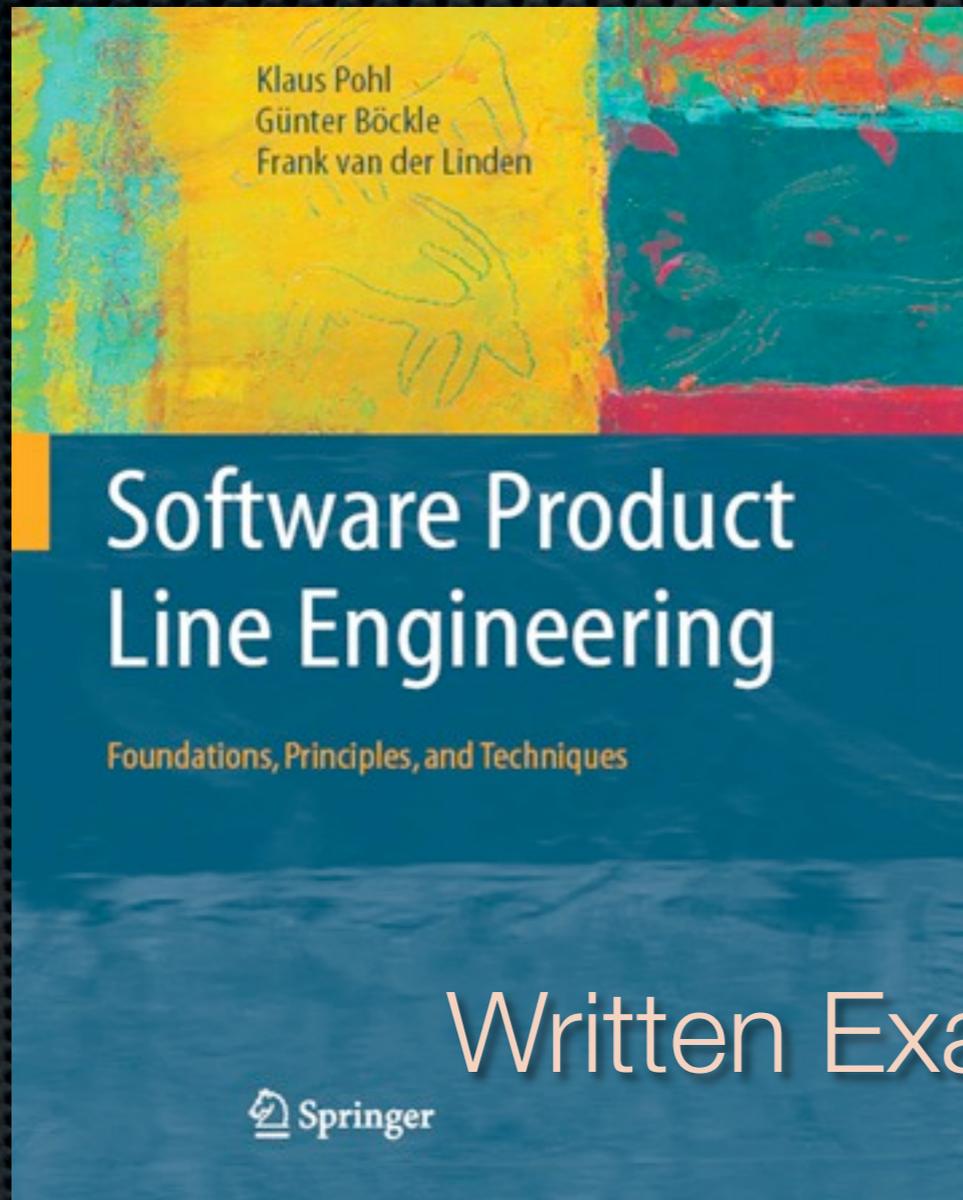
SPLE



Lectures

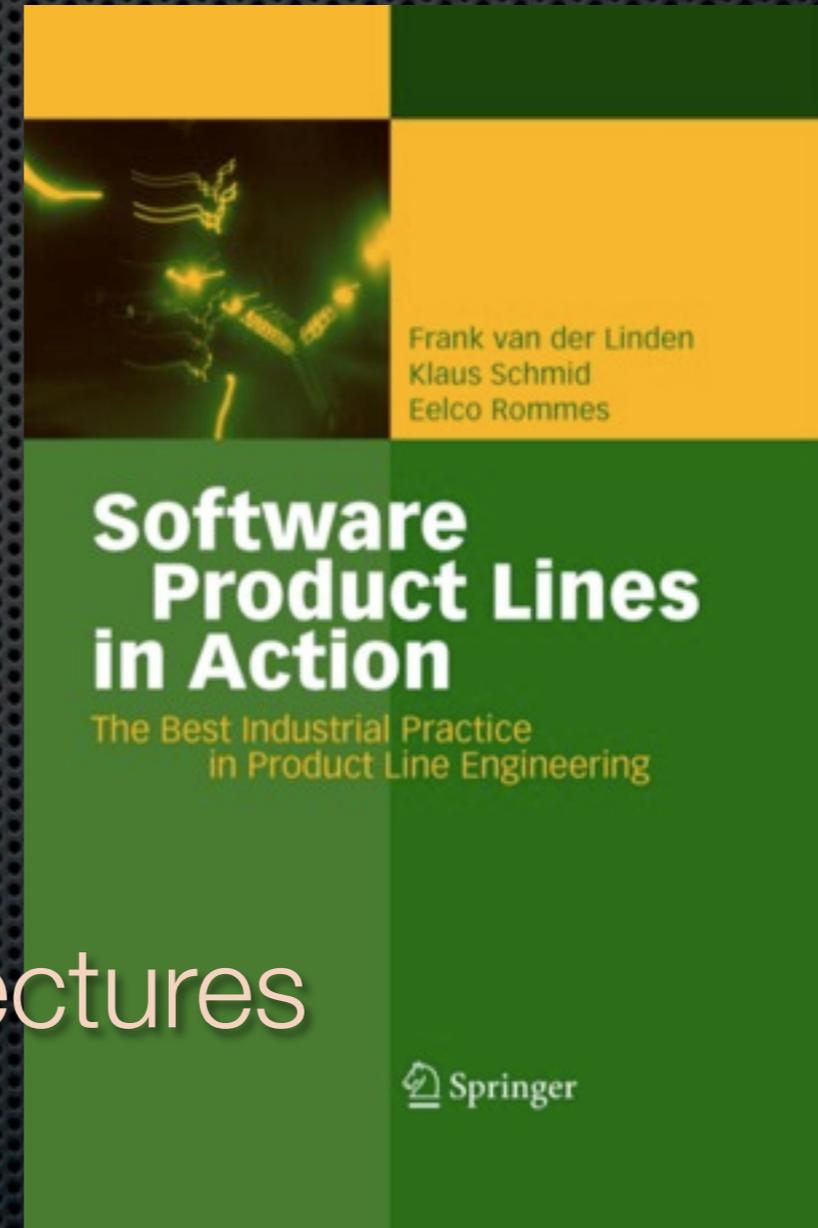
SPLIA

Books



SPLE

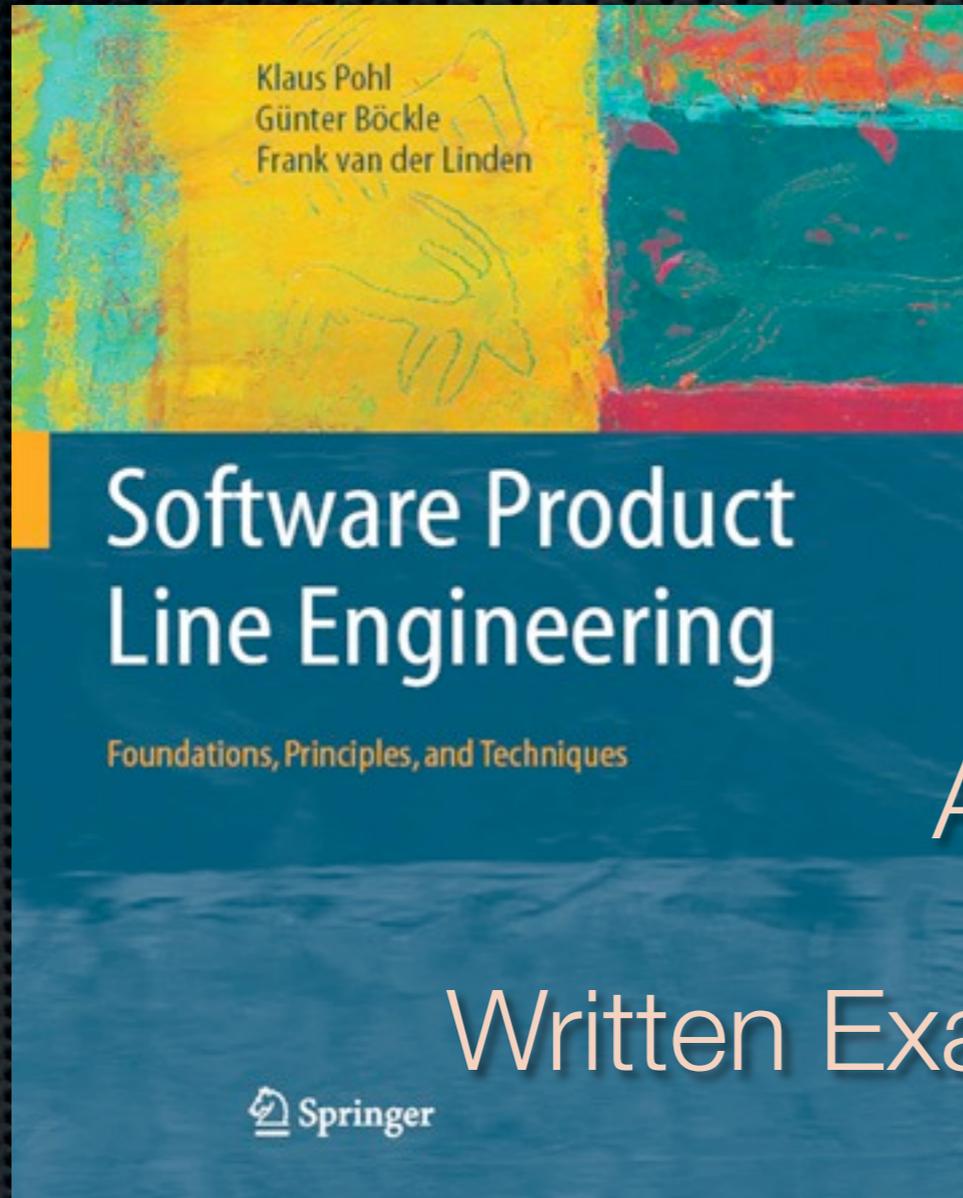
Written Exam



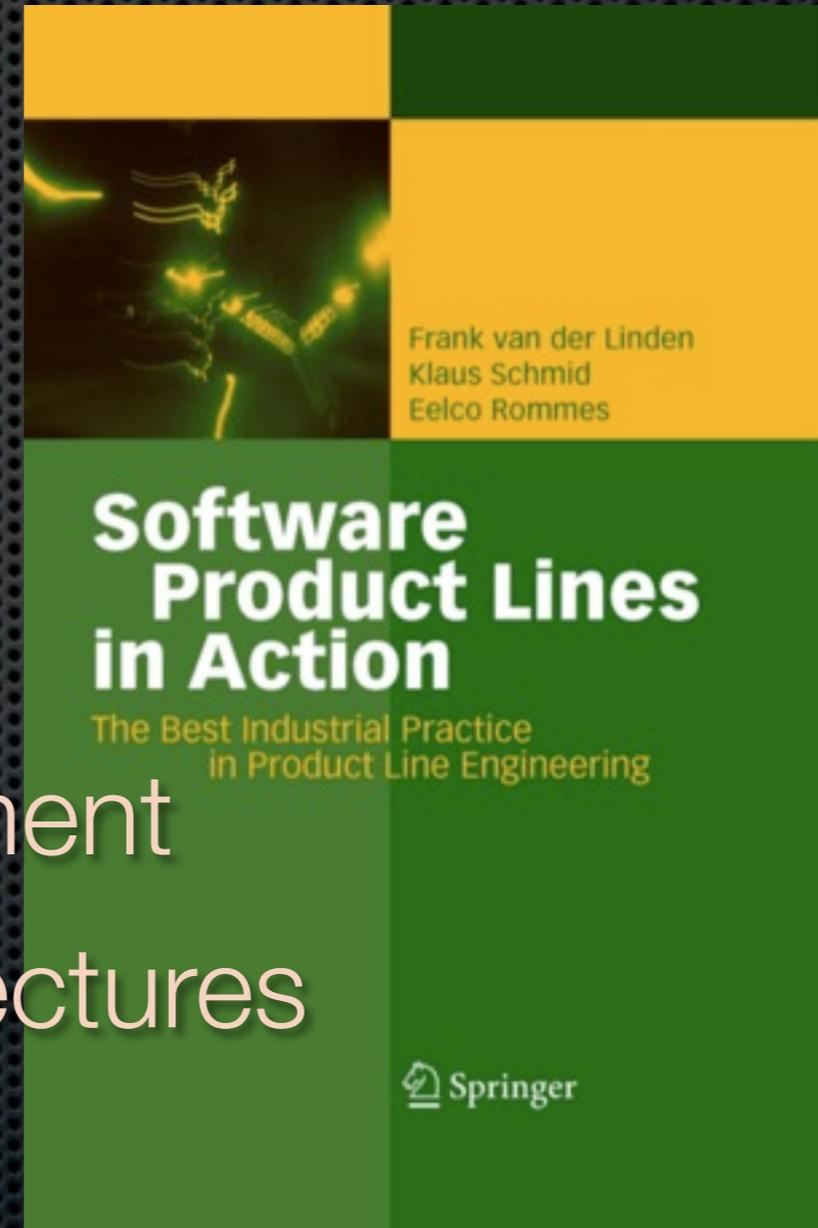
SPLIA

Lectures

Books



SPLE



SPLIA

Assignment

Written Exam

Lectures

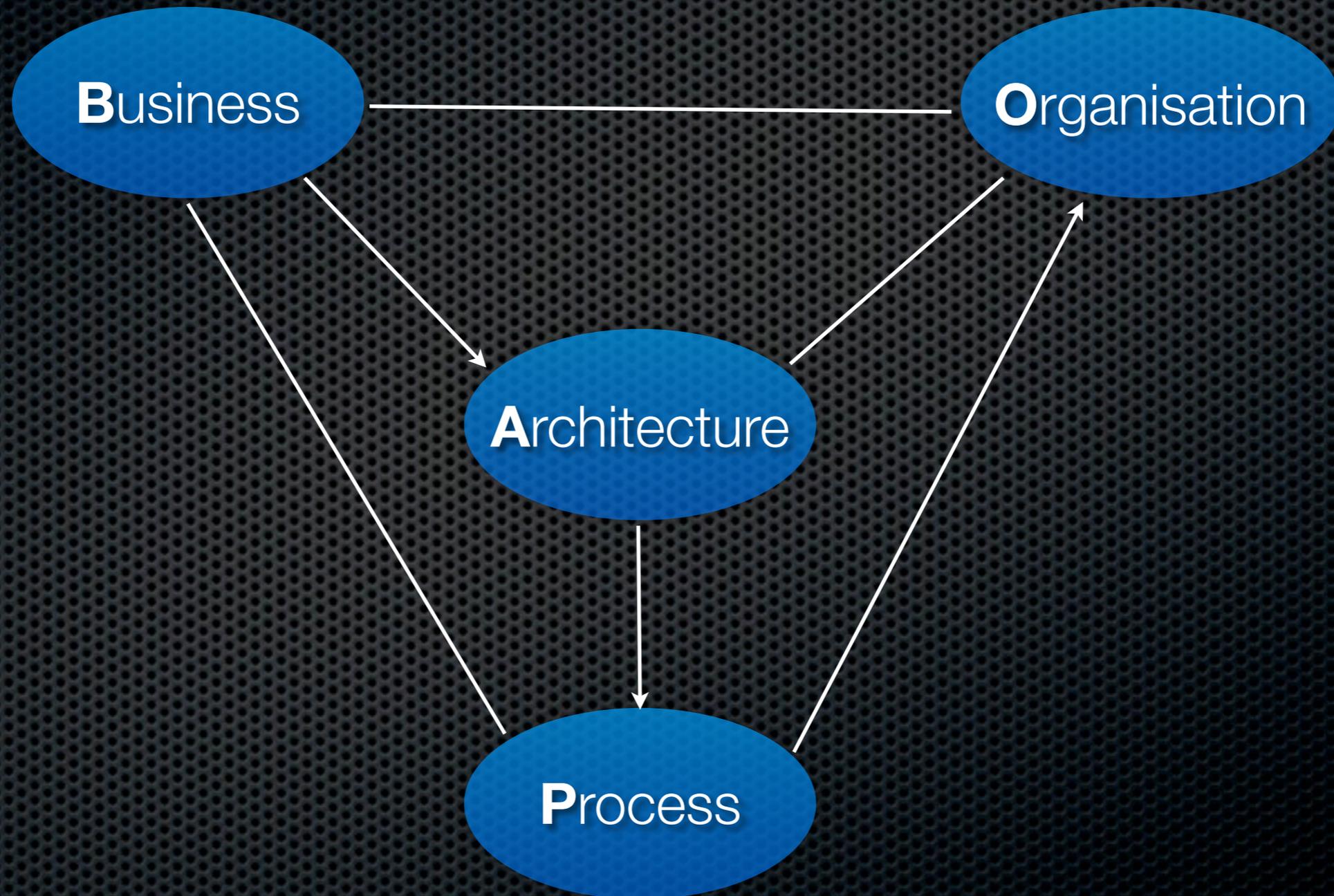
Lectures - Philosophy

- ✦ “Book” learning is fine - but direct experience is better
 - ✦ Focus on lectures & “book” & paper reading earlier
 - ✦ Focus on assignment and “real-world” later

BAPO - Software Dev Concerns

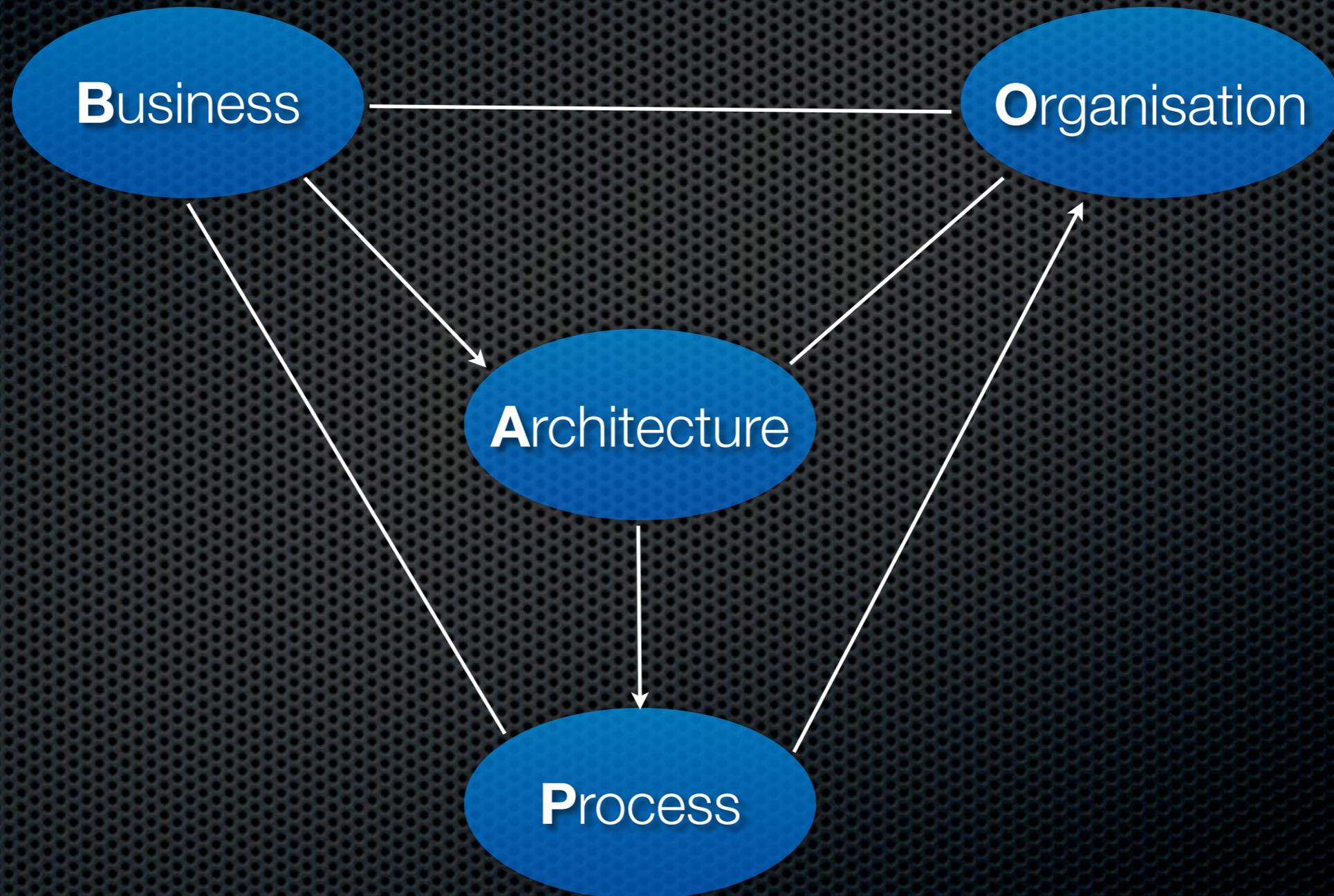
- ✦ **B**usiness - how to make money from products
- ✦ **A**rchitecture - technical means to build sw
- ✦ **P**rocess - roles/responsibilities/relationships in sw dev
- ✦ **O**rganisation - mapping roles to org structures

Lectures - Overview (BAPO Model)

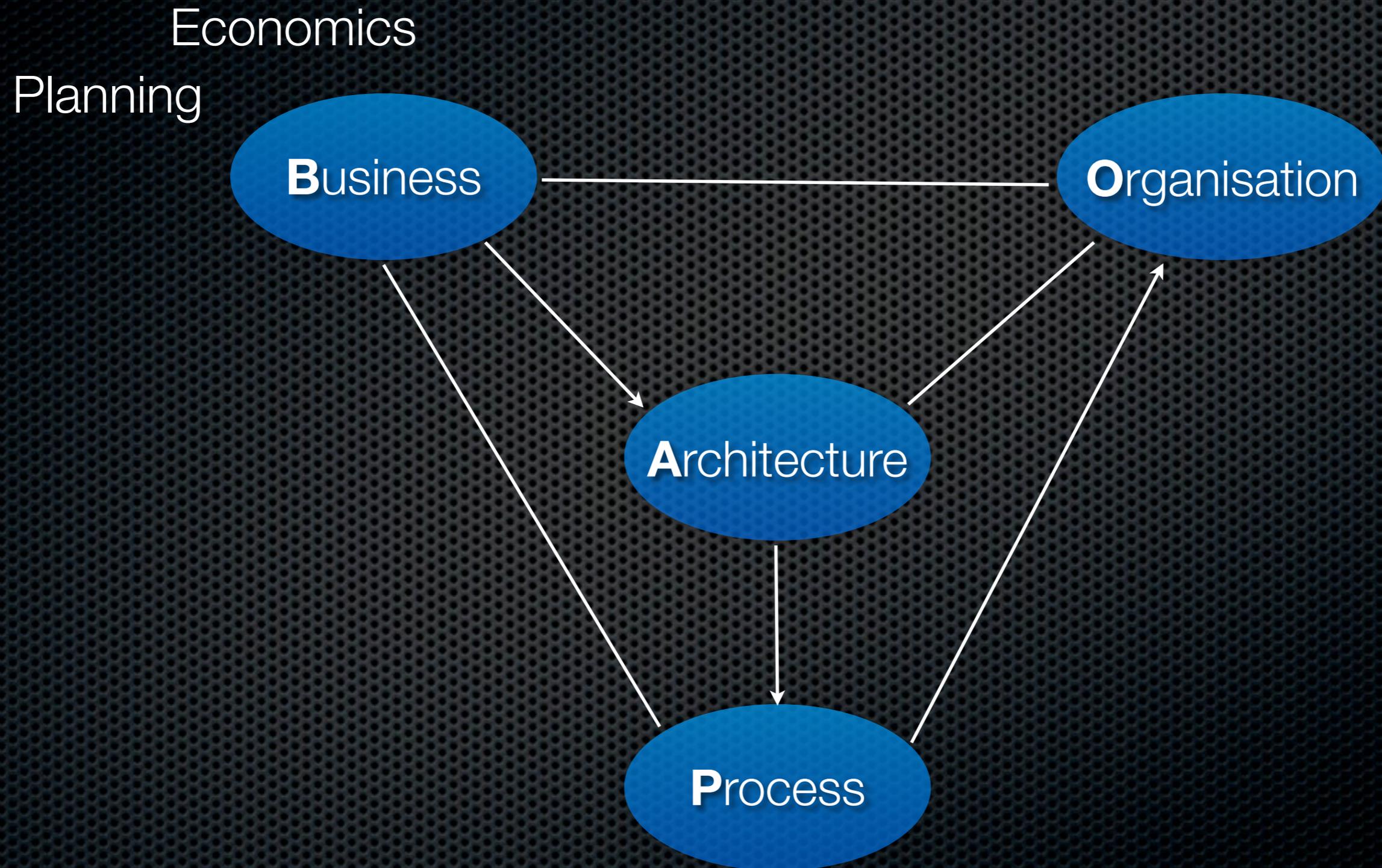


Lectures - Overview (BAPO Model)

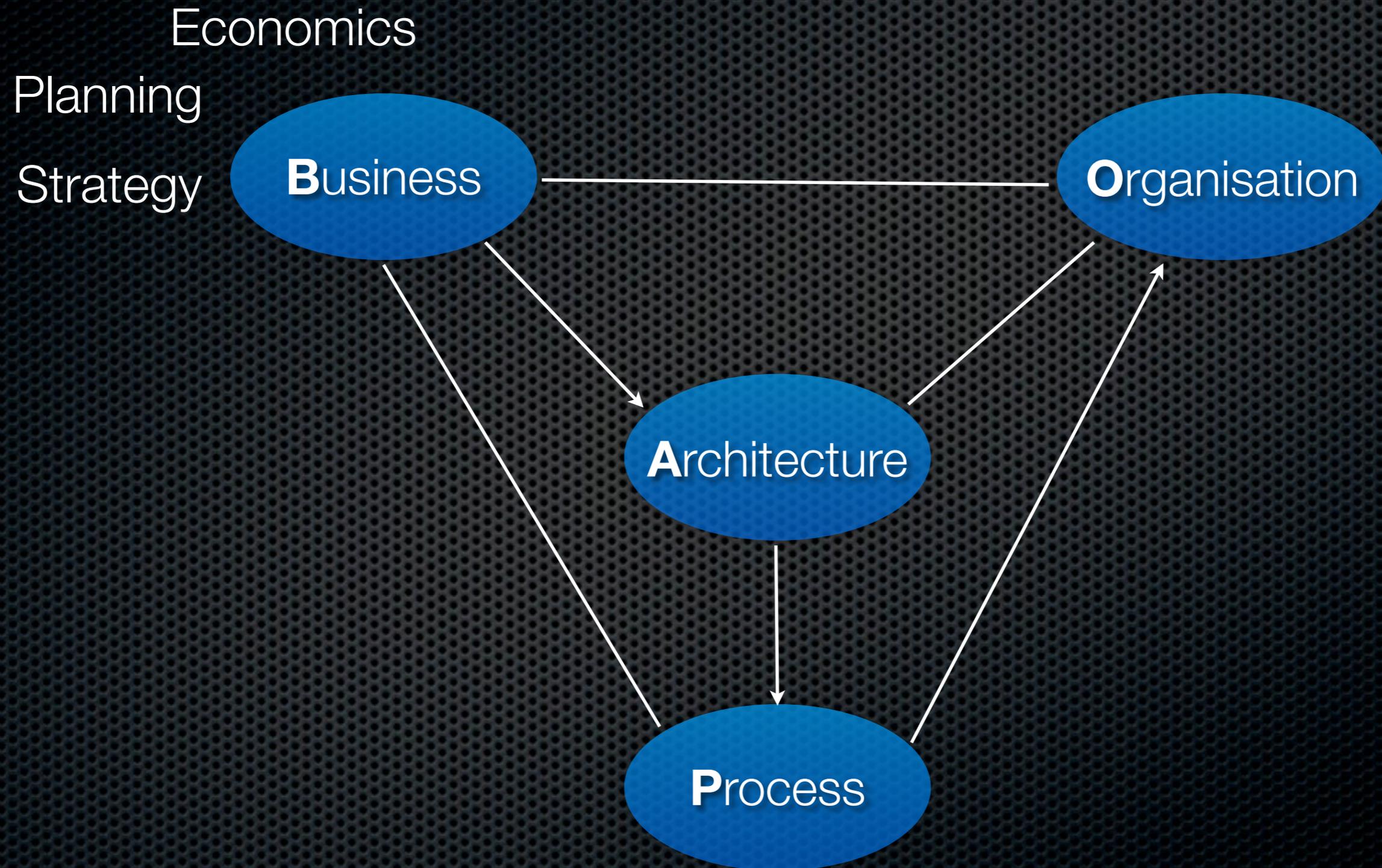
Economics



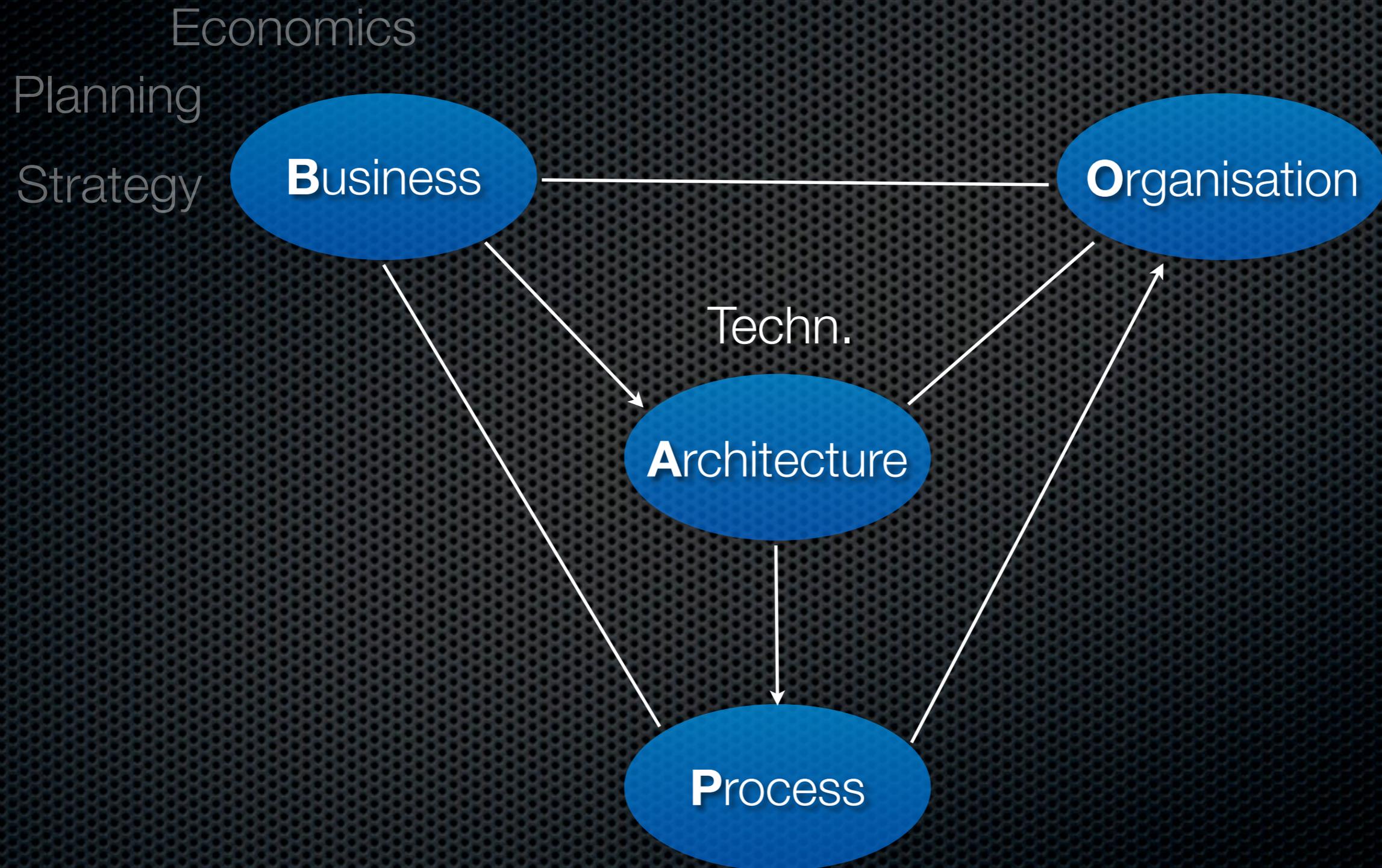
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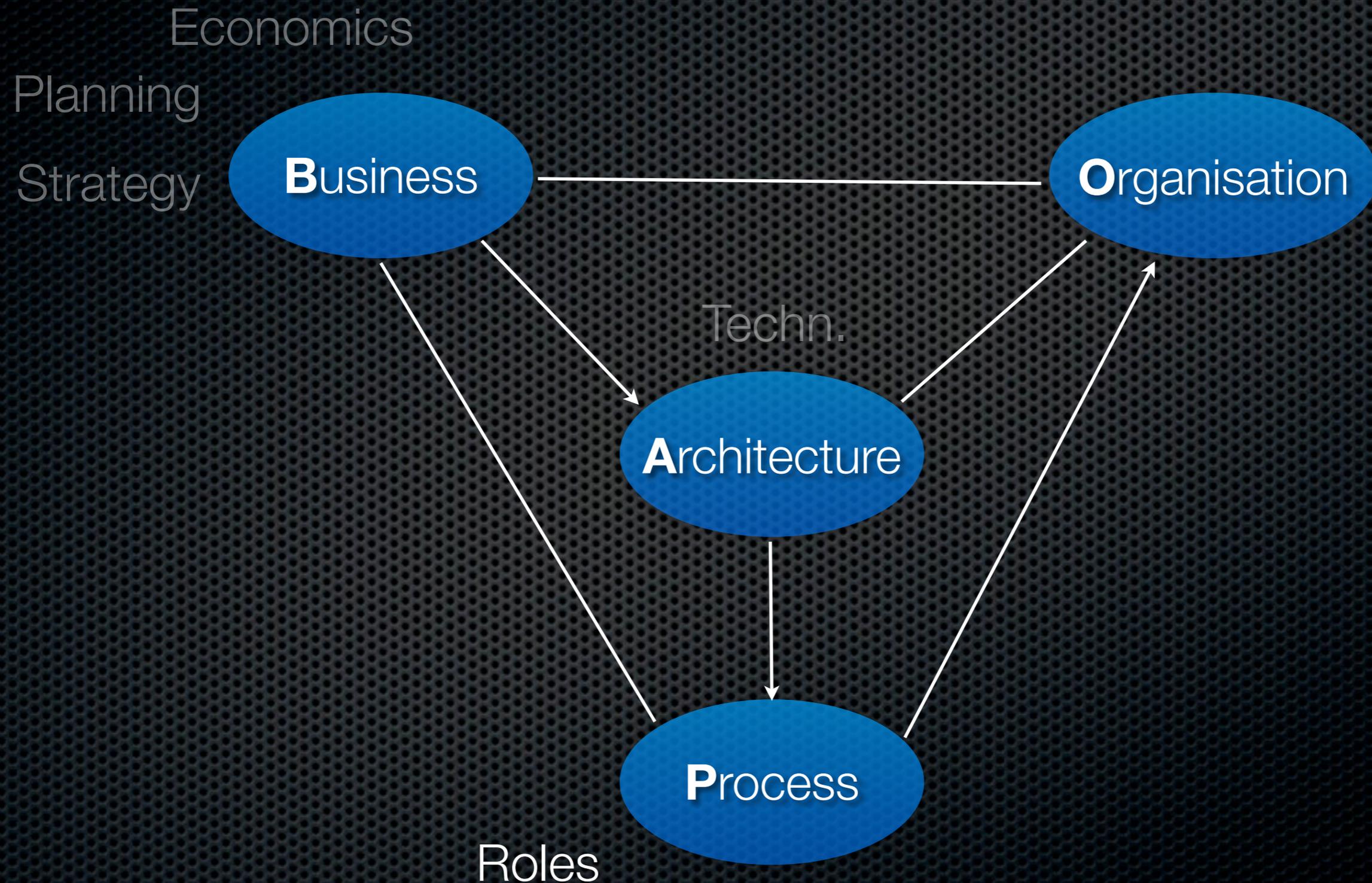
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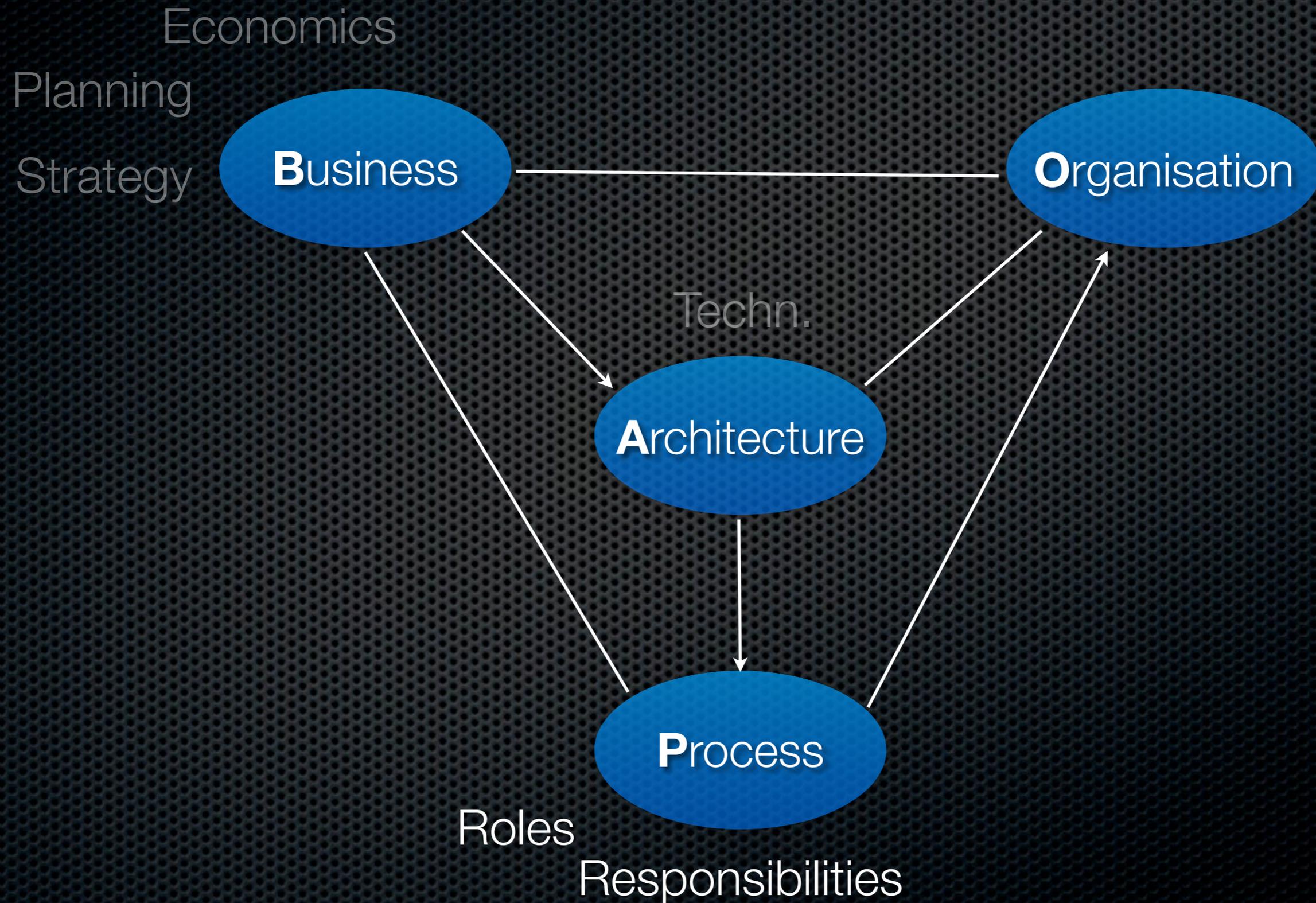
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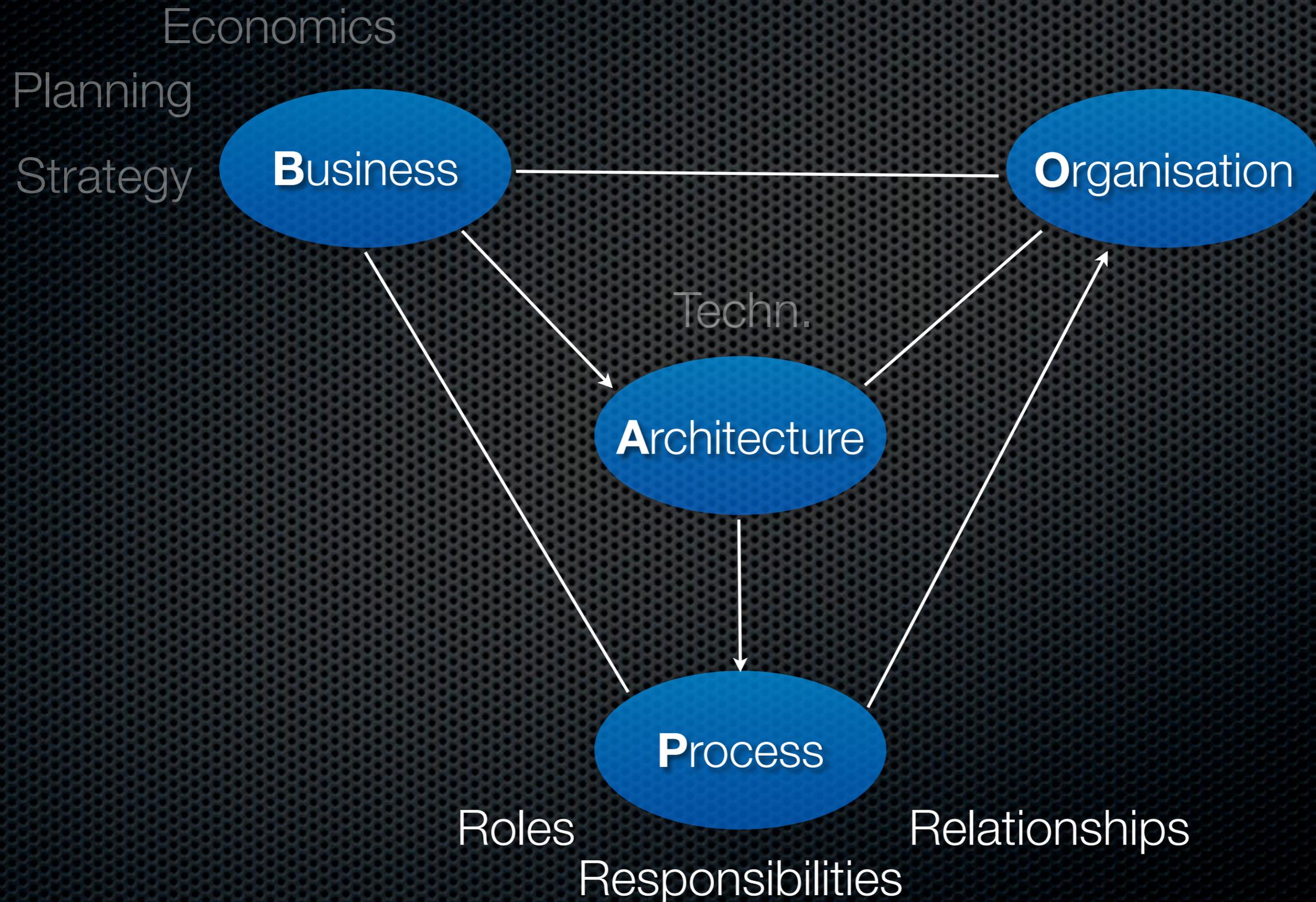
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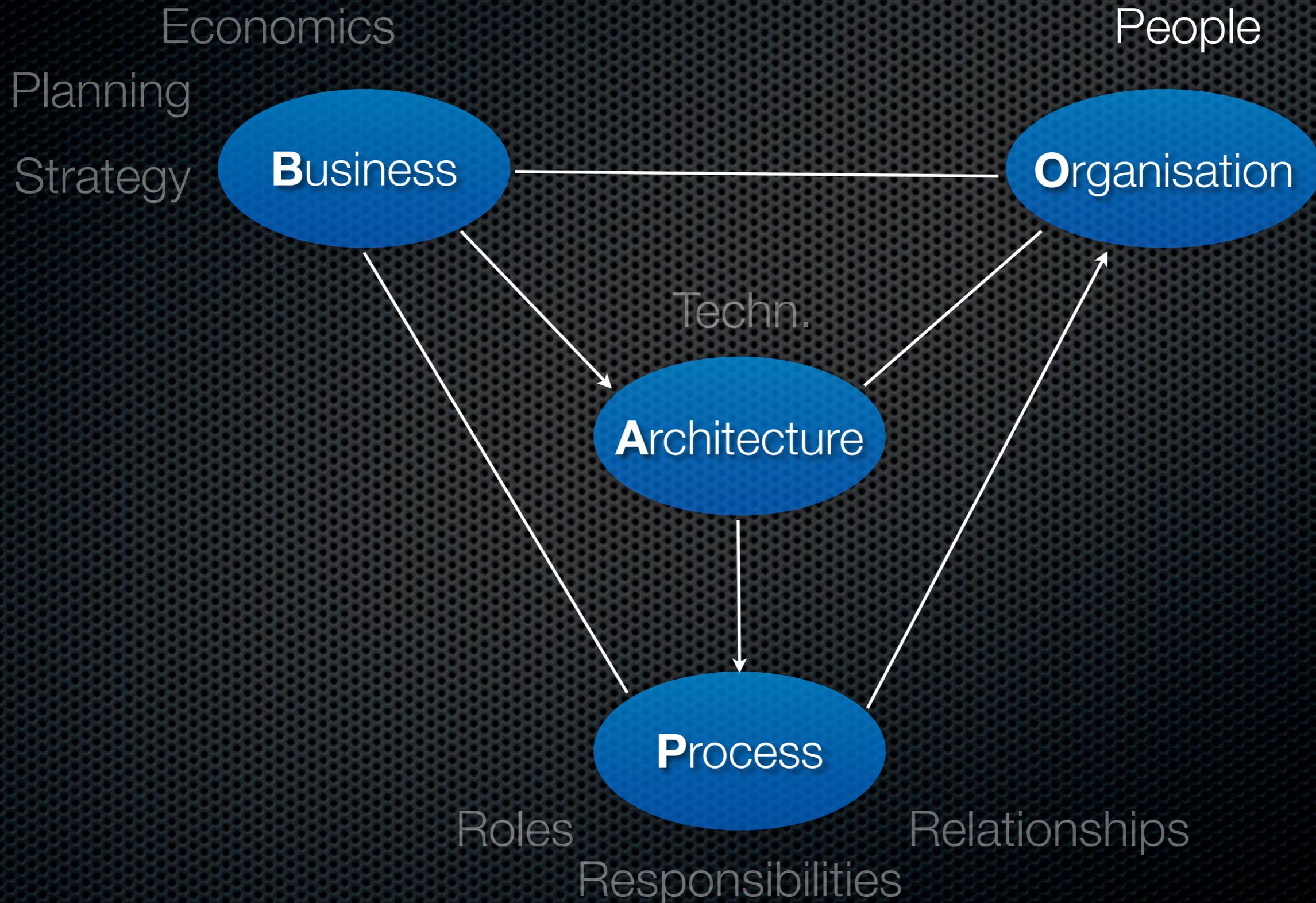
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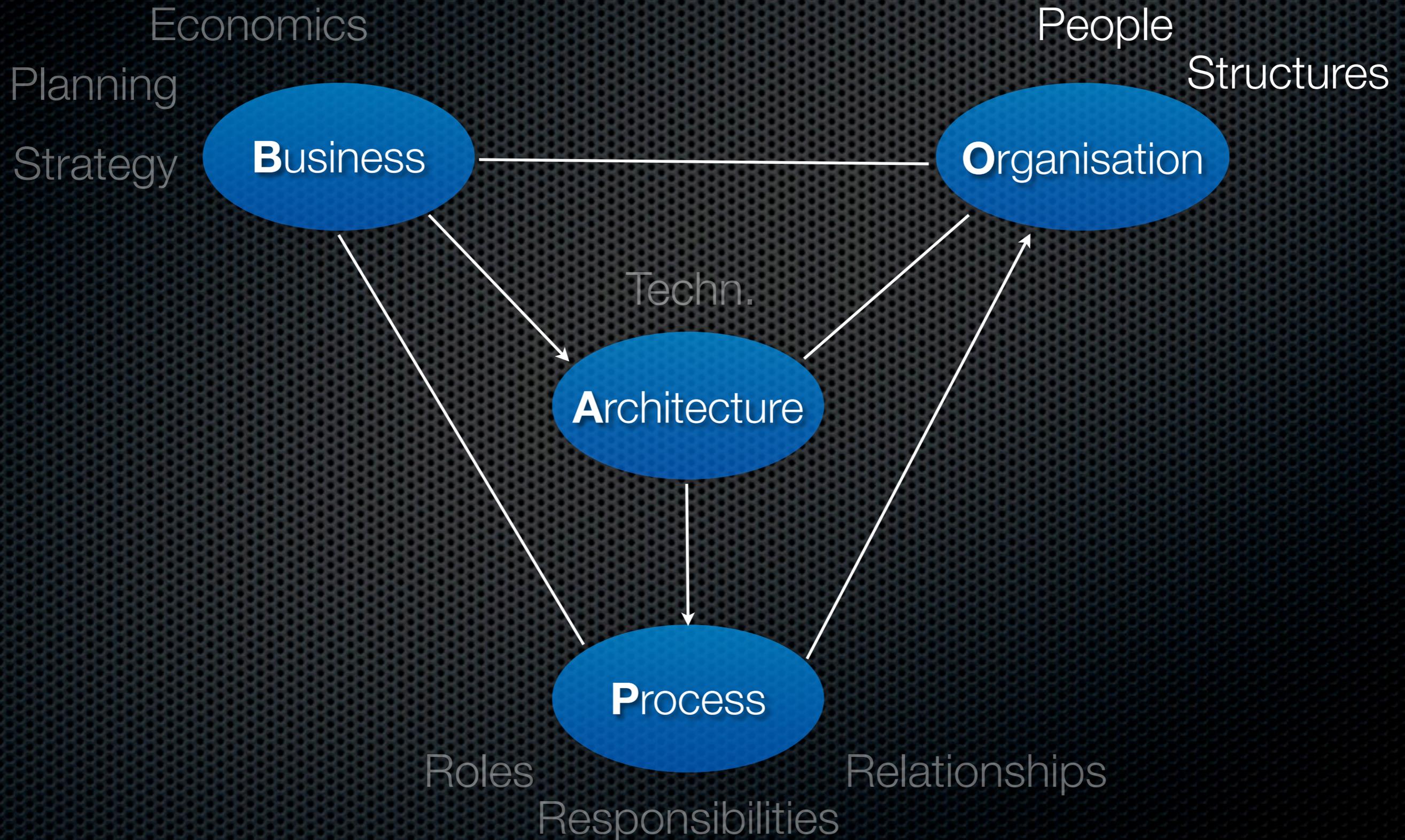
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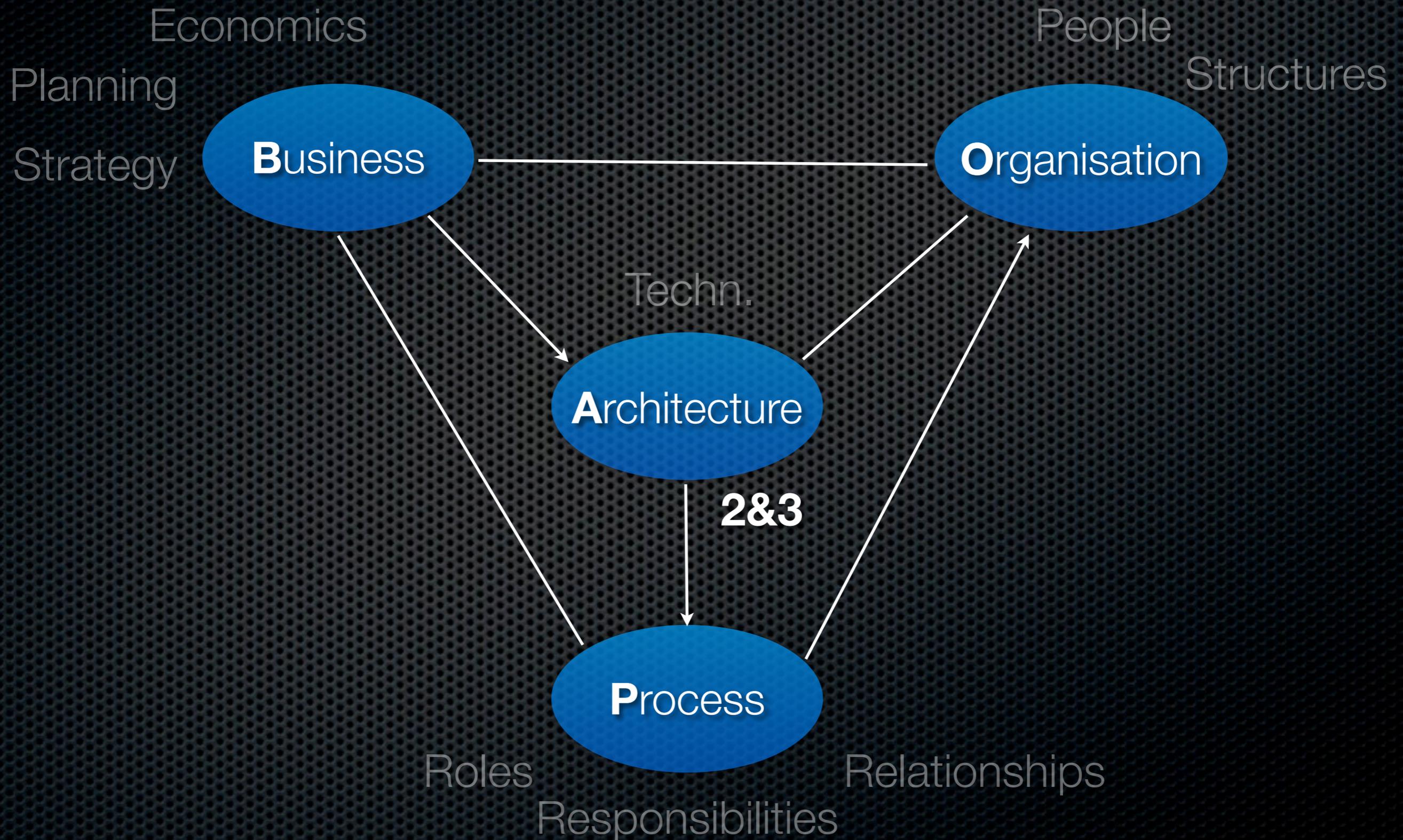
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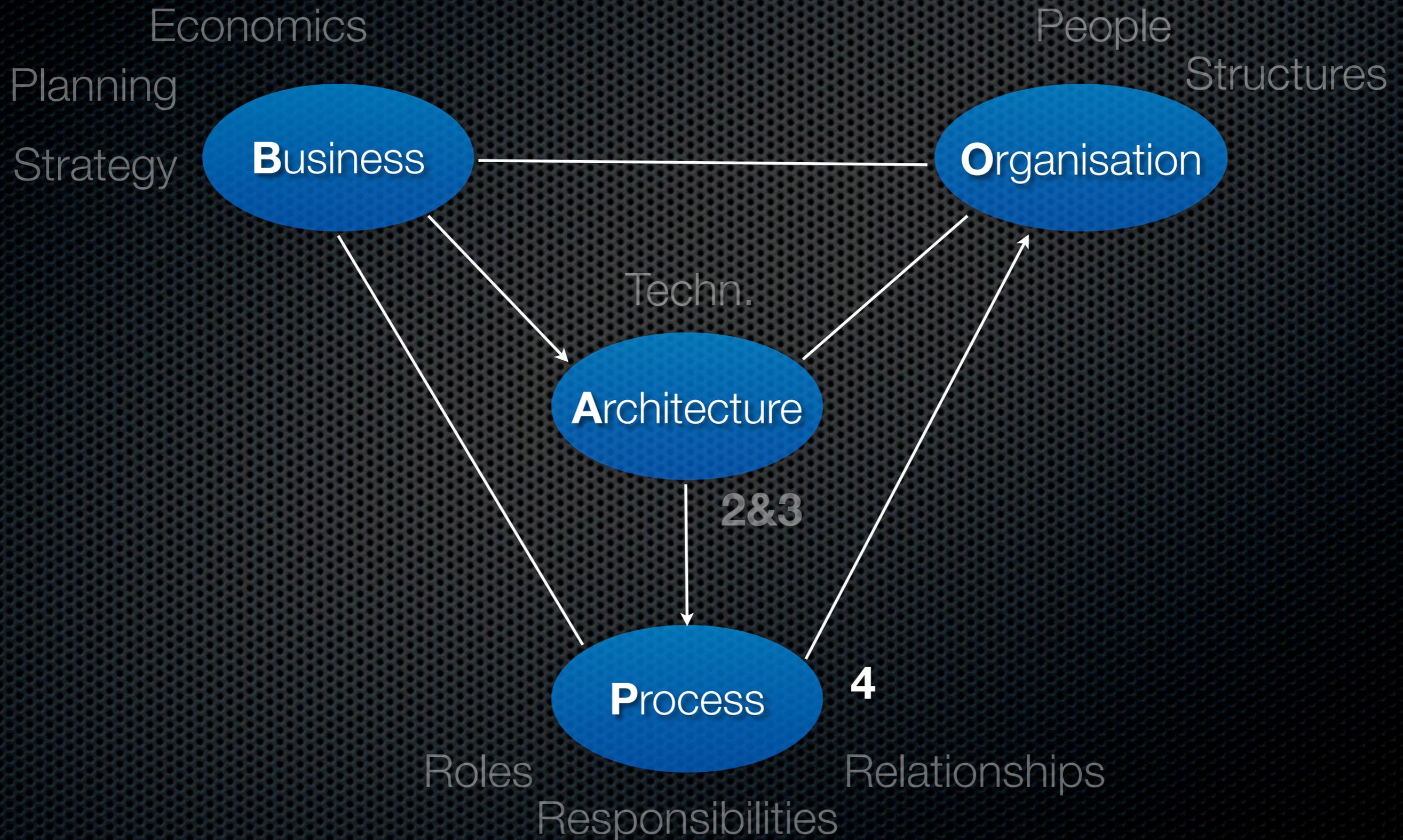
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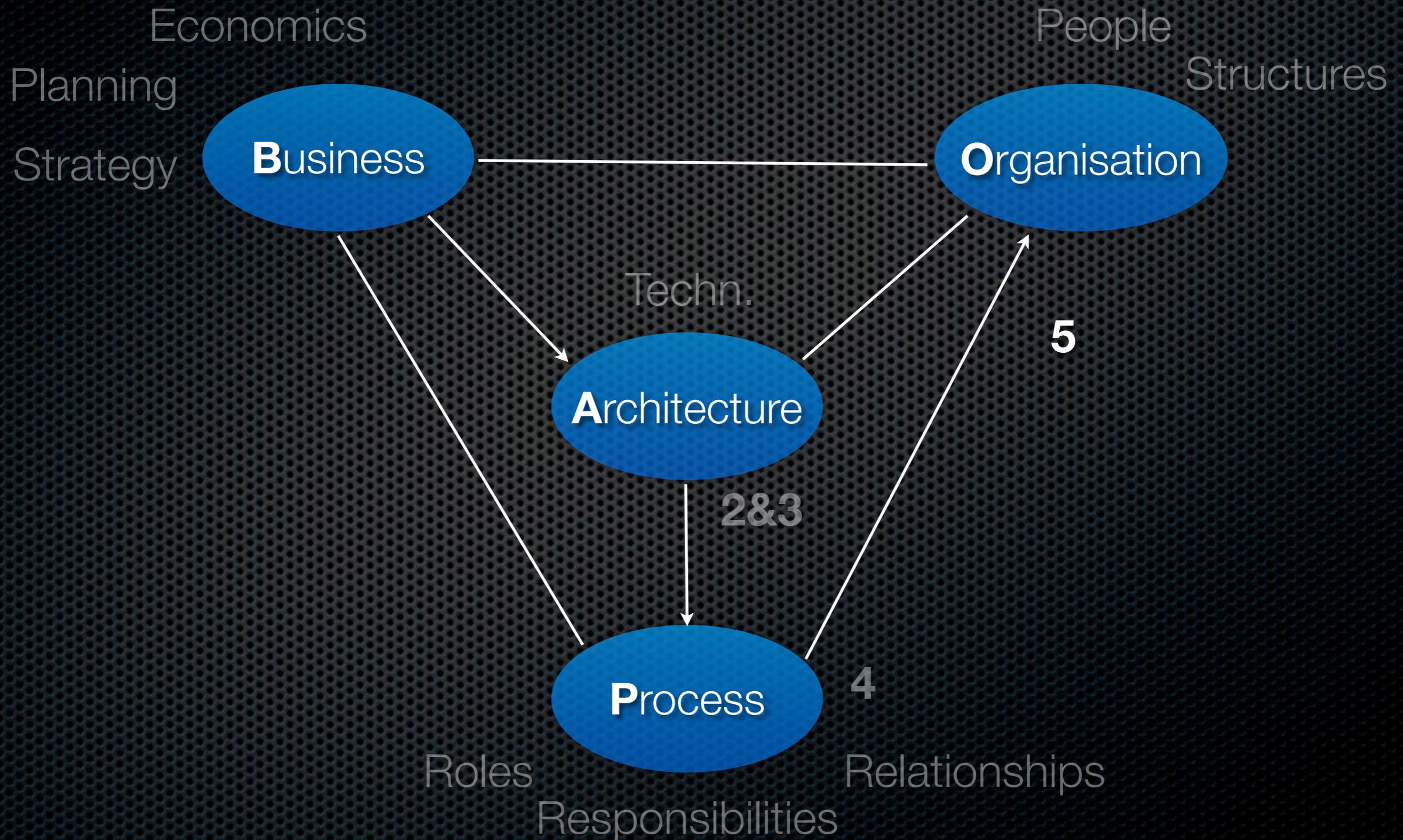
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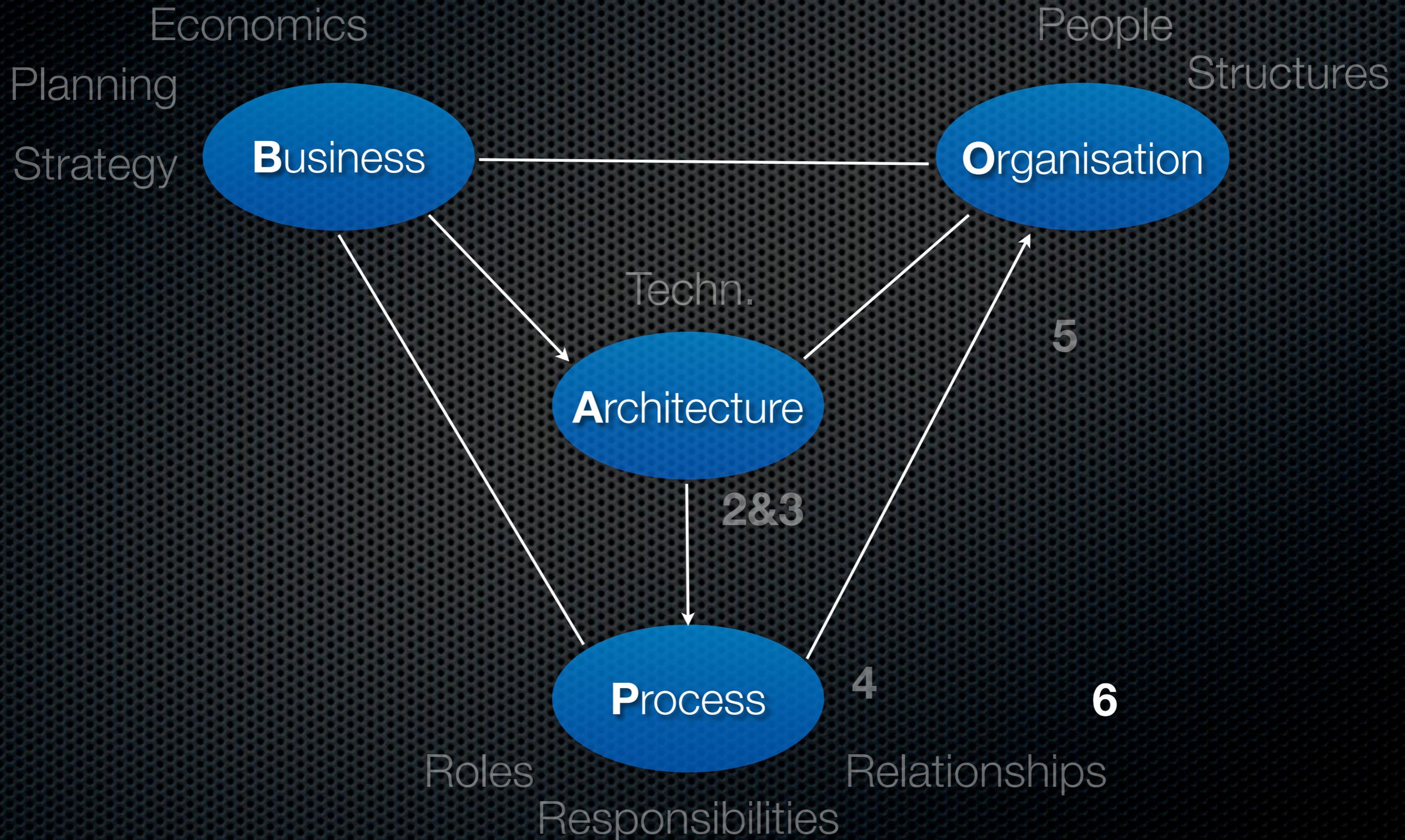
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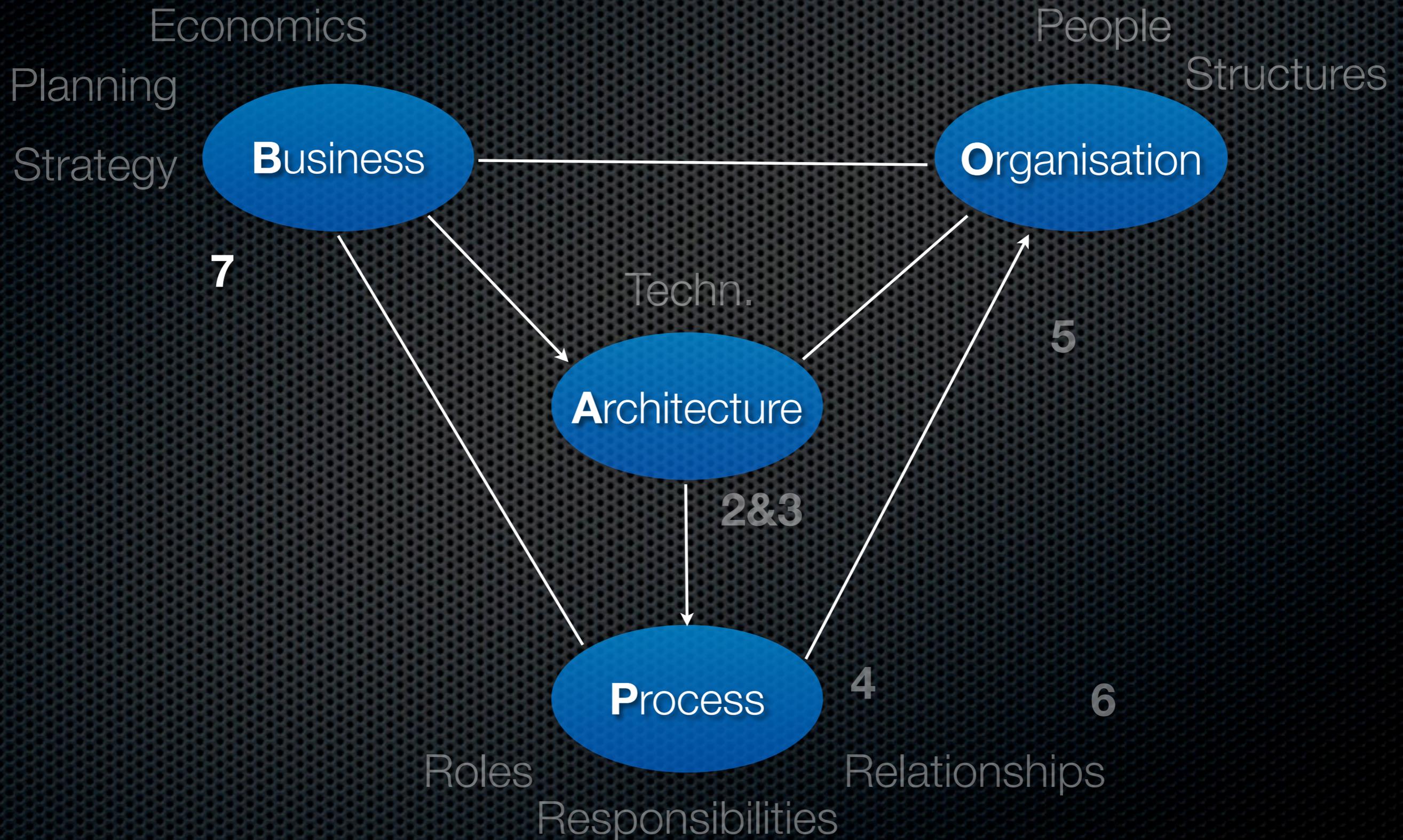
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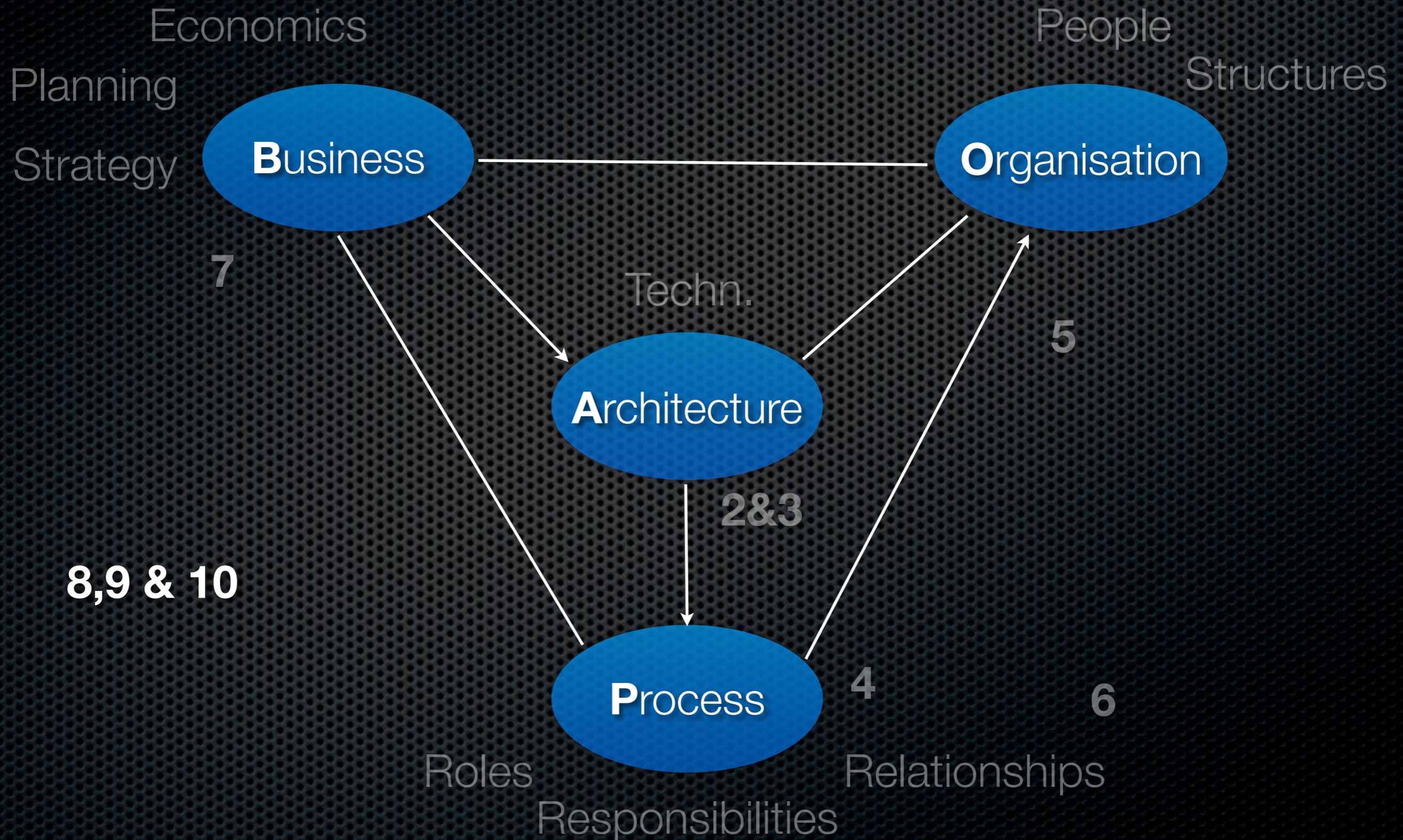
Lectures - Overview (BAPO Model)



Lectures - Overview (BAPO Model)



Lectures - Overview (BAPO Model)



L2: Variability & Architecture

- ✦ Introduction to Variability and Variability Management
 - ✦ Motivation
 - ✦ Realising variability - adaptation, replacement & extension
- ✦ Reference architecture
 - ✦ Creation & Variation points
- ✦ Architecture concerns
- ✦ Experiences from industry

L3: Variability, scoping & domain analysis

- ✦ Concrete variation mechanisms
 - ✦ Inheritance, Patching, Compile-time config, Configuration, Code generation, Component replacement, Plug-ins
- ✦ Domain design & realisation
- ✦ Ref Architecture Evolution
- ✦ Experiences from industry

L4:Processes and SPL

- ✦ Introduction to Processes
- ✦ Process in Product Line Engineering
 - ✦ SPL Engineering framework(s) (Domain and Application Engineering sub-process areas)
 - ✦ RE, Analysis&Design, Development, V&V, Project management, Configuration Management
 - ✦ Coordination, predictability (planning and resources)
 - ✦ Control vs. Agility
 - ✦ Experiences from industry

L5: Processes and Organizational Issues

- ✦ Process in Product Line Engineering
 - ✦ Roles and Responsibilities
 - ✦ Organizational Structures (orientation, pros and cons)
 - ✦ Product Management (incl. Market-driven product development)
 - ✦ Global Product Development
 - ✦ Experiences from industry

L6: SPA/SPI

- ✦ Introduction to Process Assessment and Improvement
 - ✦ Inductive vs. Prescriptive (examples from QIP and CMMI)
 - ✦ Measurement (e.g. ROI, GQM)
 - ✦ Process Assessment (incl. triangulation)
 - ✦ Challenges and experience from industry
 - ✦ How to do it... examples (case study relevant)
 - ✦ QnA w.r.t. case study assessment

L7: Business Issues for SPL

- ✦ Business / Markets / Strategies
 - ✦ What is the point?
 - ✦ Company and Product Strategies
 - ✦ Product Line Economics
 - ✦ Product Management and Portfolio Management
 - ✦ Tools (GAP, IVA, CVA...)
- ✦ How to create usable strategies
- ✦ Examples from industry...

L8: Transitioning to SPL

- ✦ Concerns in deciding to go SPLE
 - ✦ Market drivers, Technical factors
- ✦ Product Line Potential
 - ✦ Essential, Supporting and Exclusion Criteria
- ✦ Organisational change in general - SPL change in particular
- ✦ Big bang vs Incremental, Extractive vs Proactive
- ✦ Different transitioning strategies
 - ✦ Lessons learned in industry

L9: Transitioning, FEF, Domain & App Eng

- ✦ More on Transitioning to SPLs
- ✦ Evaluating SPL with the FEF (Family Eval Framework)
- ✦ Domain and Application Engineering revisited
- ✦ Extra as needed

L10: Testing and SPL, Challenges

- ✦ Testing in SPL
 - ✦ Reusing tests
- ✦ Challenges with SPL
- ✦ Recent research results (SPLC2008)
- ✦ Extra as needed

SPL vision shares resemblance with (Ford) Production Lines

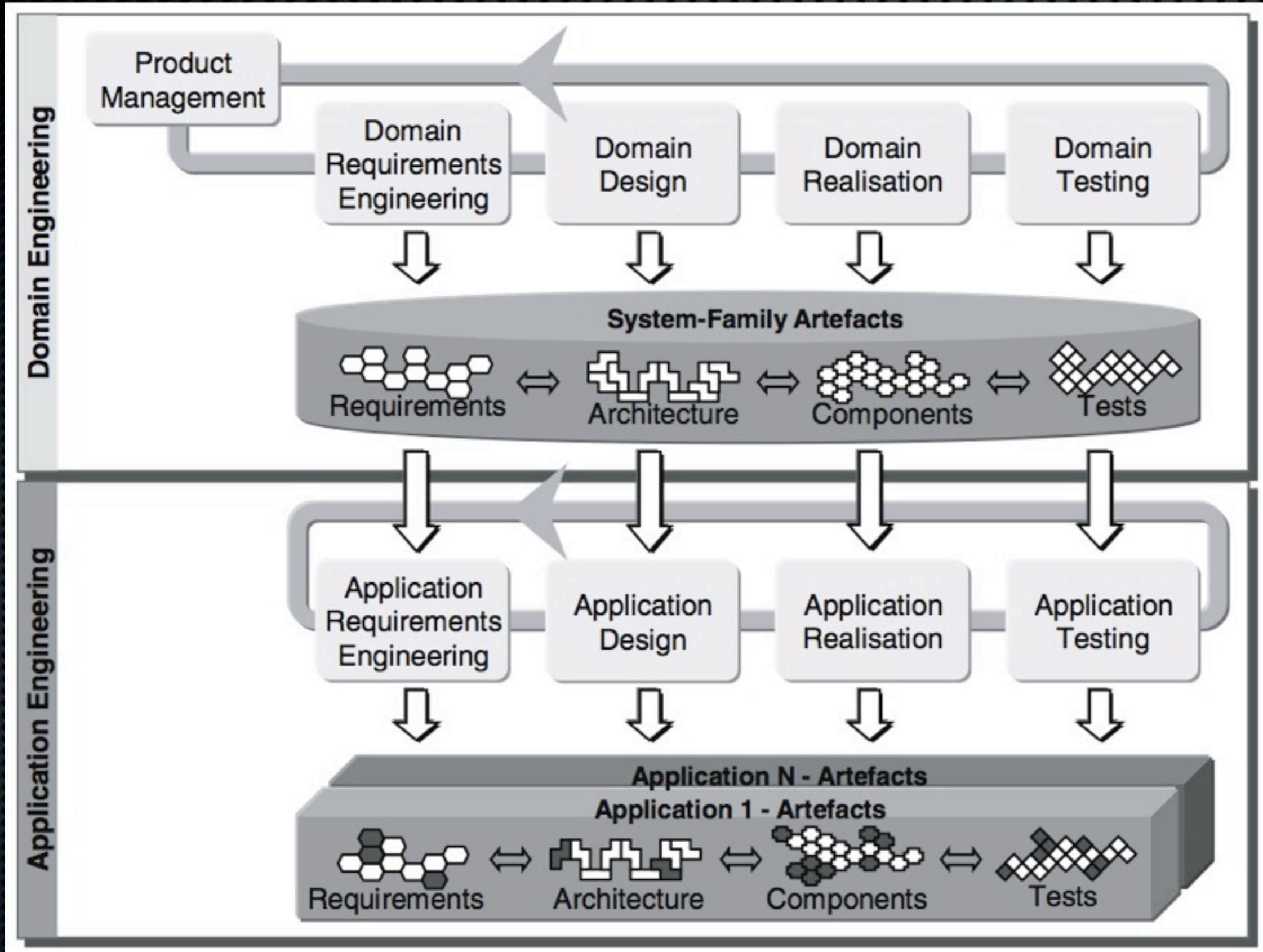


Customers want different products => Mass customisation =>
Common Platforms

Platform

- ✦ Platform = any base of technologies on which other technologies or processes are built
- ✦ Examples:
 - ✦ Post-it notes platform for Company Post-Its, Book markers etc
 - ✦ Canon DSLR cameras - all based on Digic I/II/III

Domain and Application Engineering



Acronyms used

- ✦ SW = Software
- ✦ SPL = Software Product Line
- ✦ SPLE = SPL Engineering (and course book!)
- ✦ Dev = Development