A Monadic Analysis of Information Flow Security with Mutable State

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The ConCert Project

- Certified distributed computation
- Technical basis
 - Typed assembly language (TAL, TALT)
 - Certifying compilation (TILT, PCC)
- Some technical challenges
 - Types for distributed computation
 - Resource bound certification
 - Architecture verification
 - Information flow

Information Flow in TAL

- Typed assembly language
 - Imperative
 - Functional
 - Sequentialized
- Abstract to high-level functional language
 - Capture analagous features
 - Easier to design, prove correct, understand
 - Future work: transfer to TAL

Language Overview

- Information flow only through store
- Effects encapsulated in monad
- Other computations and values remain pure
- Monad and locations indexed by security levels
- Subtyping to avoid security level coercions
- Allow upcalls via informativeness judgment

Outline

- Monadic encapsulation of effects
- Information flow and store
- Upcalls and informativeness
- Proof of non-interference
- Embedding value-oriented languages

Pure Functional Core

Standard constructs

Types
$$A ::= bool \mid 1 \mid A \rightarrow B \mid \dots$$

- Standard judgments
 - Typing $\Gamma \vdash M : A$
 - Value M val (write V for values)
 - Reduction $M \to M'$
- Call-by-value (could be by name or by need)
- Curry-Howard isomorphism (omit recursion)

Sample Rules: Functions

Typing

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash M : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : A . M : A \to B} \to I \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : A \to B \quad \Gamma \vdash N : A}{\Gamma \vdash M \ N : B} \to E$$

Evaluation

$$\frac{M \to M'}{\lambda x : A.M \text{ val}} \qquad \frac{M \to M'}{M N \to M' N}$$

$$\frac{V \text{ val } N \to N'}{V N \to V N'} \qquad \frac{V \text{ val}}{(\lambda x : A.M) V \to M[V/x]}$$

Monadic Encapsulation

- New type $\bigcirc A$ for effectful computations
- New syntactic category: expressions

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Terms M ::= \ldots | \operatorname{val} E Expressions E ::= \operatorname{let} \operatorname{val} x = M \operatorname{in} E | M
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- Expressions include terms
- Sequencing of effects via let val
- Further expressions for specific monads

Lax Typing

• Lax typing $\Gamma \vdash E \div A$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : A}{\Gamma \vdash M \div A}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E \div A}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{val}\ E : \bigcirc A} \bigcirc I \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \bigcirc A \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash E \div C}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{let}\ \mathsf{val}\ x = M\ \mathsf{in}\ E \div C} \bigcirc E$$

- Restriction on elimination enforces sequencing
- Related to lax logic by Curry-Howard isomorphism

Operational Semantics

• Computation steps $(H, E) \rightarrow (H', E')$ for store H

$$\frac{M \to M'}{(H,M) \to (H,M')}$$

$$\frac{M \to M'}{(H, \text{let val } x = M \text{ in } F) \to (H, \text{let val } x = M' \text{ in } F)}$$

$$(H,E) \to (H',E')$$

$$(H, \text{let val } x = \text{val } E \text{ in } F) \to (H', \text{let val } x = \text{val } E' \text{ in } F)$$

$$\frac{V \text{ val}}{(H, \text{let val } x = \text{val } V \text{ in } F) \to (H, F[V/x])}$$

Security Levels

- Fixed lattice $a \sqsubseteq b$
- Operations ⊥, ⊤, □, □
- Store locations l have security level a, type A (write: l_a^A , omit when clear)
- Computation $E \div_{(r,w)} A$ has security levels
 - r: can read only at r or below
 - w: can write only at w or above
 - operation level o = (r, w) for $r \sqsubseteq w$
- Terms M:A have no effect, no security level

Stores

- Store locations l_a^A with intrinsic security level a
- Store locations are terms (no effect)
- Store locations are values

$$\overline{l_a^A}$$
 val

Stores uniquely bind locations to values

Store
$$H ::= \cdot \mid H, l_a^A \mapsto V$$

Allocation, Reading, Writing

- Assign most precise type; others by subtyping
- Write $E \div (r, w)$ A for readability
- Allocation neither reads nor writes

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : A}{\Gamma \vdash l_a^A : \mathsf{ref}_a \, A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : A}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{ref}_a \, M \div (\bot, \top) \; \mathsf{ref}_a \, A}$$

Reading and writing are effects

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \mathsf{ref}_a \, A}{\Gamma \vdash ! M \div (a, \top) \, A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \mathsf{ref}_a \, A \quad \Gamma \vdash N : A}{\Gamma \vdash M := N \div (\bot, a) \, 1}$$

Subtyping

- $A \leq B$ A is subtype of B
- $o \leq p$ o is less strict than p
- Subsumption rules

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : A \quad A \leq B}{\Gamma \vdash M : B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E \div_o A \quad o \preceq p}{\Gamma \vdash E \div_p A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash E \div_o A \quad A \leq B}{\Gamma \vdash E \div_o B}$$

Variance

- Recall $E \div (r, w)$ A
 - reads only below r
 - writes only above w
- Co-variant in read, contra-variant in write

$$\frac{r \sqsubseteq r' \quad w' \sqsubseteq w}{(r,w) \preceq (r',w')} \qquad \frac{A \leq B \quad o \preceq p}{\bigcirc_o A \leq \bigcirc_p B}$$

- $\operatorname{ref}_a A$ is non-variant (paper: $\operatorname{refr}_r A$ and $\operatorname{refw}_w A$)
- Other subtyping standard

Operational Semantics Revisited

- Standard rules for reduction with store
- Example: allocation

$$\frac{M \to M'}{(H, \operatorname{ref}_a M) \to (H, \operatorname{ref}_a M')}$$

$$\frac{V \ \textit{val} \quad l_a \not\in \operatorname{dom}(H)}{(H, \operatorname{ref}_a V) \to ((H, l \mapsto V), l)}$$

Lax Typing Revisited

• Lax security typing $\Gamma \vdash E \div_o A$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : A}{\Gamma \vdash M \div (\bot, \top) A}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E \div_o A}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{val}\ E : \bigcirc_o A} \bigcirc I \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \bigcirc_o A \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash E \div_o C}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{let}\ \mathsf{val}\ x = M\ \mathsf{in}\ E \div_o C} \bigcirc E$$

• (\bot, \top) is minimal for \preceq

Upcalls

 Consider a call of E at high security from within F at low security

$$E \div (\top, \top) \ 1$$

$$z: 1 \vdash F \div (\bot, \bot) \ 1$$
 let val $z = \text{val } E \text{ in } F \div (?, \bot) \ 1$

- Current rules force ? = ⊤
- Does E leak information?
- Depends of type of returned value (here, 1)

Informativeness

- $A \nearrow r$ A is informative only at r and above
- Use to demote reading level of expressions

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E \div (r, w) \ A \quad A \nearrow r}{\Gamma \vdash E \div (\bot, w) \ A}$$

Some rules

$$\frac{B \nearrow b}{1 \nearrow r} \qquad \frac{B \nearrow b}{A \to B \nearrow b}$$

Informativeness of Computations

Storage locations

$$\frac{A \nearrow a}{\operatorname{ref}_b A \nearrow b} \qquad \frac{A \nearrow a}{\operatorname{ref}_b A \nearrow a}$$

Computations

$$\frac{A \nearrow a}{\bigcirc_{(r,w)} A \nearrow w \sqcap a}$$

General Information Laws

Contra-variant in security level

$$\frac{A \nearrow a \quad b \sqsubseteq a}{A \nearrow b}$$

$$\frac{A \nearrow b \quad A \nearrow c}{A \nearrow b \sqcup c}$$

- Now can type $\textit{untilFalse}: \bigcirc_{(\top,\top)} \mathsf{bool} \to \bigcirc_{(\bot,\top)} 1$ [see paper]
- Do not consider termination channel

Theorems

- Write ⊢ H if store is well-typed
- Write $\vdash (H, E) \div_o A$ if $\vdash H$ and $\vdash E \div_o A$
- Language so far satisfies
 - Preservation: If $\vdash (H, E) \div_o A$, and $(H, E) \to (H', E')$ then $\vdash (H', E') \div_o A$.
 - Progress: If $\vdash (H, E) \div_o A$ then either E = V for V val or $(H, E) \to (H', E')$ for some (H', E')
 - Non-interference: "Computations at low security cannot observe high-security values"

Sketch of Non-Interference

Define *in-view locations* for level ζ:

$$\downarrow (\zeta) = \{l_a \mid a \sqsubseteq \zeta\}$$

- Define equivalence on in-view locations $H_1 \approx_{\zeta} H_2$ and $(H_1, E_1) \approx_{\zeta} (H_2, E_2) \div_o A$
- Theorem: If $\vdash H$ and $x:A \vdash E \div_{(r,w)} B$ and $V_1 \approx_r V_2 : A$ then if $(H, E[V_1/x]) \to^* S_1$ and $(H, E[V_2/x]) \to S_2$ then $S_1 \approx_r S_2 \div_{(r,w)} B$.
- **Proof:** Syntactic, using Church-Rosser modulo in-view equivalence with respect to r.

Related Work

- Information flow inference for ML [Pottier&Simonet'03]
 - Any term may have an effect
 - Emphasis on inference
 - Here: monadic encapsulation, checking
- Dependency Core Calculus (DCC)
 [Abadi,Banerjee,Heintze,Riecke'99]
 - Monads for sealing values, not state
 - Protectedness ~ informativeness

Related Work

- $\lambda_{
 m SEC}^{
 m REF}$ [Zdancewic'02]
 - Security levels for values, not locations
 - Can be mapped to our language [see paper]
- Information flow for π -calculus [Honda&Yoshida'02]
 - Different computational setting
 - Tampering levels ∼ informativeness
- Domain separation [Harrison, Tullsen, Hook'03]
 - State insulation via monads
 - No interaction between monads

Future Work

- Additional effects (I/O, control effects)
- Information flow in TAL (register re-use)
- Decomposing the monad into □, ◊
 [Pf.&Davies'01]
- Dependent type theory with information flow

Summary

- Type system for information flow
 - Higher-order functional language
 - Store monad, indexed by operation levels
 - Security levels for locations, not values
- Conservative over base language
- Upcalls permitted via informativeness
- Preservation, progress, non-interference