

Programming Language Technology

Exam, 15 April 2015 at 08.30–12.30 in M

Course codes: Chalmers DAT150/151, GU DIT231. As re-exam, also TIN321 and DIT229/230.

Teacher: Andreas Abel (tel. +49 176 400 333 23)

Grading scale: Max = 60p, VG = 5 = 48p, 4 = 36p, G = 3 = 24p.

Allowed aid: an English dictionary.

Exam review: *will be announced on plt-2015-lp3 mailing list*

Please answer the questions in English. Questions requiring answers in code can be answered in any of: C, C++, Haskell, Java, or precise pseudocode.

For any of the six questions, an answer of roughly one page should be enough.

Question 1 (Grammars): Write a BNF grammar that covers the following kinds of constructs in Java/C/C++:

- Statements:
 - `while` loops
 - `if` statements with `else`
 - statements formed from expressions by adding a semicolon ;
- Expressions:
 - identifiers
 - integer literals
 - preincrements (`++x`) or postincrements (`x++`) of identifiers (`x`)

An example statement is shown in question 2. You can use the standard BNFC categories `Integer` and `Ident`. (10p)

Question 2 (Trees): Show the parse tree and the abstract syntax tree of the statement

```
while (x++) if (cond) ++x ; else 5 ;
```

in the grammar that you wrote in question 1. (10p)

Question 3 (Typing and evaluation):

1. Write syntax-directed typing rules for the *statements* of Question 1: `while`, `if-else`, statements from expressions. You can assume a typing relation $\Gamma \vdash e : t$ for *expressions* e and refer to it. (5p)

2. Write syntax-directed interpretation rules for the statements of Question 1. The environment must be made explicit. You can assume an interpreter for expressions $\gamma \vdash e \Downarrow \langle v; \gamma' \rangle$ and refer to it. (5p)

Question 4 (Parsing): Consider the language S^* , i.e., (possibly empty) sequences of symbol S . Write two context-free grammars for it: one left-recursive and one right-recursive. (4p) With both grammars, trace the LR parsing (i.e., the shift and reduce actions) of the string SSS . (4p) What is the difference in stack size needed for parsing with the two grammars? (2p)

Question 5 (Compilation):

1. Write compilation schemes for each of the grammar constructions in Question 1 generating JVM (i.e. Jasmin assembler). It is not necessary to remember exactly the names of the instructions – only what arguments they take and how they work. (6p)
2. Give the small-step semantics of the JVM instructions you used in your compilation schemes. (4p)

Question 6 (Functional languages):

1. Give the typing rules for simply-typed lambda-calculus! Simple types are given by the grammar $t ::= \text{int} \mid t \rightarrow t$. (5p)
2. Give a type and a typing derivation for the term $\lambda f.\lambda x.((f x) x)$. (5p)