

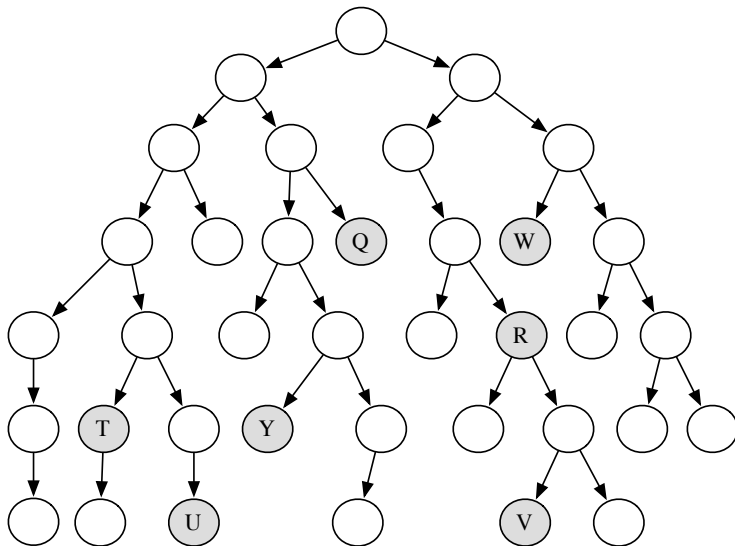
At the end of the class you should be able to:

- justify why depth-bounded search is useful
- demonstrate how iterative-deepening works for a particular problem
- ~~• demonstrate how depth first branch-and-bound works for a particular problem~~

Bounded Depth-first search

- A bounded depth-first search takes a bound (cost or depth) and does not expand paths that exceed the bound.
 - ▶ explores part of the search graph
 - ▶ uses space linear in the depth of the search.
- How does this relate to other searches?
- How can this be extended to be complete?

Which shaded goal will a depth-bounded search find first?



Iterative-deepening search

- Iterative-deepening search:
 - ▶ Start with a bound $b = 0$.
 - ▶ Do a bounded depth-first search with bound b
 - ▶ If a solution is found return that solution
 - ▶ Otherwise increment b and repeat.

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- What happens if there is no path to a goal?

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- What happens if there is no path to a goal?
- Surely recomputing paths is wasteful!!!

Iterative Deepening Complexity

Complexity with solution at depth k & branching factor b :

level	breadth-first	iterative deepening	# nodes
1	1	k	b
2	1	$k - 1$	b^2
...
$k - 1$	1	2	b^{k-1}
k	1	1	b^k
total			

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total	$\geq b^k$	$\leq b^k \left(\frac{b}{b-1} \right)^2$	

Depth-first Branch-and-Bound

- combines depth-first search with heuristic information.
- finds optimal solution.
- most useful when there are multiple solutions, and we want an optimal one.
- uses the space of depth-first search.

Depth-first Branch-and-Bound

Suppose we want to find a single optimal solution.

- Suppose *bound* is the cost of the lowest-cost path found to a goal so far.
- What if the search encounters a path p such that $cost(p) + h(p) \geq bound$?

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- Why should this use a depth-first search?

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Uses linear space.
- What can be guaranteed when the search completes?

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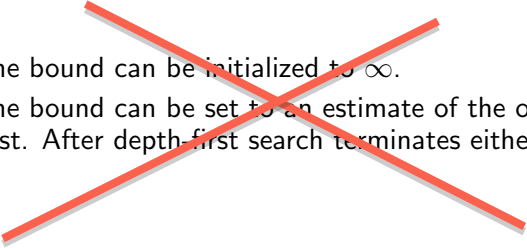
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- How should the bound be initialized?

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- 
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 - The bound can be set to an estimate of the optimal path cost. After depth-first search terminates either:

Depth-first Branch-and-Bound: Initializing Bound

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- The bound can be set to an estimate of the optimal path cost. After depth-first search terminates either:
 - ▶ A solution was found.
 - ▶ No solution was found, and no path was pruned
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Which shaded goals will be best solutions so far?

