Introduction to Structural Bioinformatics

Lecture 1 — Aims

• To introduce the basic principles of protein conformation.

Lecture 1 — Objectives

After this lecture you will:

- be familiar with the basic features of protein conformation, and the abbreviations and symbols used in describing these;
- be aware of the twenty amino acid residues that are commonly found in proteins, and some of their properties;
- know about different levels of protein structure;
- understand how distances and angles can be calculated;
- be able to recognise common protein secondary structure elements and understand how these can be recognised automatically.

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Some challenges in structural bioinformatics

The protein folding problem

• given the sequence, what is the structure?

The docking problem

- given two structures, will they associate?
- what is the docking orientation?

Predicting function from structure

Designing new functionalities

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Levels of protein structure

Primary structure

amino acid sequence

Secondary structure

· assignment of helices and strands

Tertiary structure

- the 3D structure
- · assembly and interaction of helices and sheets

Quaternary structure

· assembly of subunits

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Protein Data Bank entry (extract)

```
COMPND TRIOSE PHOSPHATE ISOMERASE (E.C.5.3.1.1)
SOURCE
            CHICKEN (GALLUS GALLUS) BREAST MUSCLE
AUTHOR D.W.BANNER, A.C.BLOOMER, G.A.PETSKO, D.C.PHILLIPS,
AUTHOR 2 I.A.WILSON
JRNL
               AUTH D.W.BANNER, A.C.BLOOMER, G.A.PETSKO, D.C.PHILLIPS,
JRNL AUTH 2 I.A.WILSON
TRNI.
              TITL ATOMIC COORDINATES FOR TRIOSE PHOSPHATE ISOMERASE
       TITL 2 FROM CHICKEN MUSCLE
REF BIOCHEM.BIOPHYS.RES.COMM.
JRNL
                                                          V. 72 146 1976
          REFN ASTM BBRCA9 US ISSN 0006-291X
JRNL
REMARK 2 RESOLUTION, 2.5 ANGSTROMS.
SEQRES 1 A 247 ALA PRO ARG LYS PHE PHE VAL GLY GLY ASN TRP LYS MET
SEQRES 2 A 247 ASN GLY LYS ARG LYS SER LEU GLY GLU LEU ILE HIS THR
ATOM
           1 N ALA A 1
                                        43.240 11.990 -6.915 1.00 0.00
        2 CA ALA A 1 43.888 10.862 -6.231 1.00 0.00
3 C ALA A 1 44.791 11.378 -5.094 1.00 0.00
ATOM
ATOM
        3 C ALBA A 1 44.791 11.378 -5.094 1.00 0.00
4 O ALBA A 1 44.633 10.992 -3.937 1.00 0.00
5 CB ALBA A 1 44.722 10.051 -7.240 1.00 0.00
6 N PRO A 2 45.714 12.244 -5.497 1.00 0.00
7 CA PRO A 2 46.689 12.815 -4.561 1.00 0.00
8 C PRO A 2 46.030 13.141 -2.257 1.00 0.00
9 O PRO A 2 46.030 13.141 -2.257 1.00 0.00
ATOM
ATOM
ATOM
ATOM
ATOM
ATOM
```

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DSSP bridges

Antiparallel bridge:

```
[ hbond(i,j) and hbond(j,i) ]
or
[ hbond(i-1,j+1) and hbond(j-1,i+1) ]
```

Parallel bridge:

```
[ hbond(i-1,j) and hbond(j,i+1) ] or hbond(j-1,i) and hbond(i,j+1) ]
```

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DSSP summary codes

- H 4-helix (α-helix)
- B residue in isolated β -bridge
- E extended strand, participates in β-ladder
- G 3-helix
- I 5-helix
- T H-bonded turn
- S bend

Crambin (1CRN)

TTCCPSIVARSNFNVCRLPGTPEAICATYTGCIIIPGATCPGDYAN EE SSHHHHHHHHHHHTT HHHHHHHHS EE SSS TTS

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