### TMS145: Introduction to (Mathematical Statistics and) Bioinformatics

Graham Kemp

http://www.cse.chalmers.se/~kemp/teaching/TMS145/

- Structural Bioinformatics (3 lectures) Topics include: protein conformation, geometry calculations, secondary structure assignment, structural classification, stereochemical quality assessment, comparative modelling, fold recognition, secondary structure prediction.
- Sequence Alignment (2 lectures) Topics include: pairwise global alignment, pairwise local alignment, dynamic programming, heuristic methods for finding local alignments, derivation and use of substitution matrices, multiple sequence alignment.

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# Introduction to Structural Bioinformatics

Lecture 1 — Aims

• To introduce the basic principles of protein conformation.

Lecture 1 — Objectives

After this lecture you will:

- be familiar with the basic features of protein conformation, and the abbreviations and symbols used in describing these;
- be aware of the twenty amino acid residues that are commonly found in proteins, and some of their properties;
- know about different levels of protein structure;
- understand how distances and angles can be calculated;
- be able to recognise common protein secondary structure elements and understand how these can be recognised automatically.

# Some challenges in structural bioinformatics

The protein folding problem

• given the sequence, what is the structure?

The docking problem

- given two structures, will they associate?
- what is the docking orientation?

Predicting function from structure

Designing new functionalities

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# Levels of protein structure

#### Primary structure

• amino acid sequence

Secondary structure

· assignment of helices and strands

Tertiary structure

- the 3D structure
- assembly and interaction of helices and sheets

Quaternary structure

assembly of subunits

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COMPND	
	CHICKEN (GALLUS GALLUS) BREAST MUSCLE
	D.W.BANNER, A.C.BLOOMER, G.A.PETSKO, D.C.PHILLIPS,
	2 I.A.WILSON
: JRNL	NUMBER D M RANNER & G RECOMER G & REMOVO R G RUTLETRO
JRNL	AUTH D.W.BANNER, A.C.BLOOMER, G.A.PETSKO, D.C.PHILLIPS, AUTH 2 I.A.WILSON
TRNL	TITL ATOMIC COORDINATES FOR TRIOSE PHOSPHATE ISOMERASE
JRNL	
	REF BIOCHEM.BIOPHYS.RES.COMM. V. 72 146 1976
TRNL	REFN ASTM BBRCA9 US ISSN 0006-291X 146
:	
REMARK	2 RESOLUTION, 2.5 ANGSTROMS.
:	
SEQRES	1 A 247 ALA PRO ARG LYS PHE PHE VAL GLY GLY ASN TRP LYS MET
SEQRES	2 A 247 ASN GLY LYS ARG LYS SER LEU GLY GLU LEU ILE HIS THR
:	
ATOM	1 N ALA A 1 43.240 11.990 -6.915 1.00 0.00
ATOM	
ATOM	
ATOM	
ATOM	5 CB ALA A 1 44.722 10.051 -7.240 1.00 0.00
ATOM	6 N PRO A 2 45.714 12.244 -5.497 1.00 0.00
ATOM	7 CA PRO A 2 46.689 12.815 -4.561 1.00 0.00
A TOM	9 O PROA 2 46.030 13.141 -2.267 1.00 0.00
:	
ATOM ATOM	8 C PRO A 2 46.042 13.601 -3.411 1.00 0.00 9 O PRO A 2 46.030 13.141 -2.267 1.00 0.00

# DSSP bridges

Antiparallel bridge:

```
[ hbond(i,j) and hbond(j,i) ]
or
[ hbond(i-1,j+1) and hbond(j-1,i+1) ]
```

# Parallel bridge:

```
[ hbond(i-1,j) and hbond(j,i+1) ]
or
[ hbond(j-1,i) and hbond(i,j+1) ]
```

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# DSSP summary codes H 4-helix (α-helix) B residue in isolated β-bridge E extended strand, participates in β-ladder G 3-helix I 5-helix T H-bonded turn S bend Crambin (1CRN) TTCCPSIVARSNFNVCRLPGTPEAICATYTGCIIIPGATCPGDYAN EE SSHHHHHHHHHHHHT HHHHHHHS EE SSS TTS

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