

Homework 2

1. Consider the following LP problem:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \max \quad & 4x_1 - 2x_2 + 5x_3 + 6x_4 + 7x_5 \\
 \text{s.t.} \quad & 2x_1 + 2x_2 - 4x_3 + 4x_4 + 8x_5 \leq 6 \\
 & 2x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 - x_4 - 3x_5 \geq -1 \\
 & 5x_1 - 2x_2 + 4x_3 + 4x_4 + 2x_5 = 5 \\
 & 2x_1 - 2x_2 + 5x_3 + 3x_4 + x_5 \leq 4 \\
 & \vec{x} \geq \vec{0}
 \end{aligned}$$

(a) (0.5 points) Write this LP in canonical form.

Solution: The second constraint is not in the right form, but we can replace it by the equivalent constraint:

$$-2x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 + 3x_5 \leq 1$$

The third constraint is not in the right form, but it is equivalent to the following two constraints:

$$5x_1 - 2x_2 + 4x_3 + 4x_4 + 2x_5 \leq 5$$

and

$$-5x_1 + 2x_2 - 4x_3 - 4x_4 - 2x_5 \leq -5$$

Therefore, here is the canonical form of the problem:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \max \quad & 4x_1 - 2x_2 + 5x_3 + 6x_4 + 7x_5 \\
 \text{s.t.} \quad & 2x_1 + 2x_2 - 4x_3 + 4x_4 + 8x_5 \leq 6 \\
 & -2x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 + 3x_5 \leq 1 \\
 & 5x_1 - 2x_2 + 4x_3 + 4x_4 + 2x_5 \leq 5 \\
 & -5x_1 + 2x_2 - 4x_3 - 4x_4 - 2x_5 \leq -5 \\
 & 2x_1 - 2x_2 + 5x_3 + 3x_4 + x_5 \leq 4 \\
 & \vec{x} \geq \vec{0}
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) (0.5 points) Write down the dual of this LP directly, without using the canonical form.

Solution: For each constraint in the primal, we introduce a dual variable y_j . We use the coefficients of the primal and the translation scheme given in the lecture notes to derive the constraints of the dual:

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & 6y_1 - y_2 + 5y_3 + 4y_4 \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & 2y_1 + 2y_2 + 5y_3 + 2y_4 \geq 4 \\ & 2y_1 + y_2 - 2y_3 - 2y_4 \geq -2 \\ & -4y_1 - 2y_2 + 4y_3 + 5y_4 \geq 5 \\ & 4y_1 - y_2 + 4y_3 + 3y_4 \geq 6 \\ & 8y_1 - 3y_2 + 2y_3 + y_4 \geq 7 \\ & y_1 \geq 0 \\ & y_2 \leq 0 \\ & y_4 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

2. (a) (0.5 points) Use CVX to solve the primal problem above. Submit your code (as MATLAB script), and write down the solution vector and objective value.

Solution: An optimal solution x^* is

$$(x_1^* = \frac{37}{59}, x_2^* = \frac{166}{59}, x_3^* = \frac{91}{59}, x_4^* = 0, x_5^* = \frac{39}{59})$$

Its value is $\frac{544}{59} \approx 9.22$

- (b) (0.5 points) Do the same for the dual.

Solution: An optimal solution y^* to the dual problem is

$$(y_1^* = \frac{31}{59}, y_2^* = -\frac{22}{59}, y_3^* = \frac{20}{59}, y_4^* = 1)$$

Its value is $\frac{544}{59} \approx 9.22$

- (c) (0.5 points) What do you notice when comparing the solutions for primal and dual? Give an explanation.

Solution: Both optimal solutions have the same value, in other words the duality gap is 0. This is simply a consequence of the strong duality of LP

- (d) (0.5 points) Check whether all complementary slackness conditions hold between primal and dual solution.

Solution: The complementary slackness conditions for solutions x^* and y^* are as follows:

- If the i -th primal constraint has slack in x^* , the i -th variable of y^* is 0.

Let us compute the binding constraints in x^* :

$$2x_1^* + 2x_2^* - 4x_3^* + 4x_4^* + 8x_5^* = 6$$

$$2x_1^* + x_2^* - 2x_3^* - x_4^* - 3x_5^* = -1$$

$$5x_1^* - 2x_2^* + 4x_3^* + 4x_4^* + 2x_5^* = 5$$

$$2x_1^* - 2x_2^* + 5x_3^* + 3x_4^* + x_5^* = 4$$

All the constraints in the primal are binding under x^* , therefore this condition is true.

- If the j -th dual constraint has slack in y^* , the j -th variable of x^* is 0.

Let us compute the binding constraints in y^* :

$$2y_1^* + 2y_2^* + 5y_3^* + 2y_4^* = 4$$

$$2y_1^* + y_2^* - 2y_3^* - 2y_4^* = -2$$

$$-4y_1^* - 2y_2^* + 4y_3^* + 5y_4^* = 5$$

$$4y_1^* - y_2^* + 4y_3^* + 3y_4^* = \frac{403}{59} > 6$$

$$8y_1^* - 3y_2^* + 2y_3^* + y_4^* = 7$$

Only the fourth dual constraint has slack. Since $x_4^* = 0$, this condition is true.

- If the j -th variable of x^* is non-zero, the j -th dual constraint is binding in y^* .

x_1^* , x_2^* and x_4^* are non-zero. Correspondingly, the first, second and fourth dual constraints are binding under y^* , therefore the condition is true.

- If the i -th variable of y^* is non-zero, the i -th primal constraint is binding in x^* .

All variable of y^* are non-zero. Correspondingly, all the primal constraints are binding under x^* , therefore the condition is true.

All complementary slackness conditions are respected for x^* and y^* , further confirming that they are optimal solutions of the primal and dual.

Deadline is Wednesday, 2018-01-31 10:00.