### Model-Based Testing

(DIT848 / DAT260) Spring 2015

Lecture 5
Extended Finite-State Machines

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#### So far...

#### We have seen

- Testing in general
  - Black box testing
  - White box testing
  - Beyond Unit testing

#### Today:

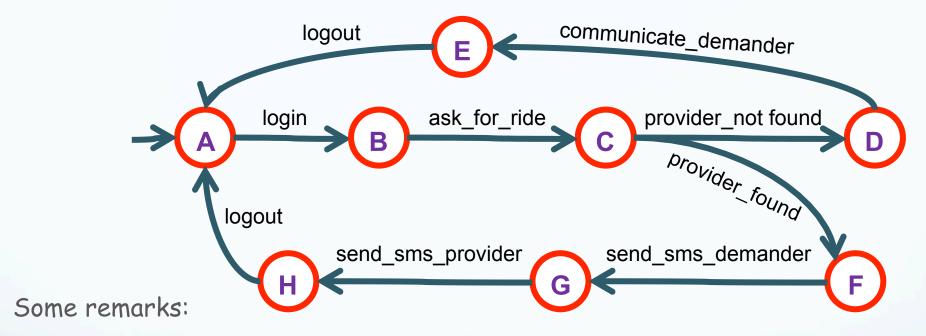
Interactive exercises on EFSM

## Car sharing ride system (1)

- This task is concerned with part of a car sharing ride system where demanders (asking for a ride) log in to a web system asking for a provider (having a car and offering places in the car) to share a particular route.
- Your task is to define a Finite-State Machine (FSM) for the following specification:
  - 1. The demander logs into the system;
  - 2. the demander provides information on the particular route he/she wants and other information useful for the ride;
  - 3. the system checks whether there is a provider satisfying the demander's request;
  - 4. if a provider is found then an SMS is sent to both the provider and the demander confirming the ride, and the demander is logged out from the system:
  - 5. if no provider is found, this is communicated to the demander, who is automatically logged out.

Groups 2-5 persons: 15 min

# Car sharing ride system (1) Proposed Solution



- Many other solutions depending on how much do you abstract
  - A "good" solution should be abstract enough as to capture the informal description (but not too much as to be useless)
- "logout" could be eliminated (as it is automatic)
  - No check on whether login is correct or not (not in the specification)
- Implicit loop in state "C" on "look\_for\_provider"

## Car sharing ride system (2)

 Give 2 test cases that can be extracted from your FSM, and 2 that cannot be extracted from it.

Note: Consider test cases you might want to extract given a "full" specification of the system (consider that the FSM is given as a first step towards a full description of the system)

# Car sharing ride system (2) Proposed Solution

- Test cases you can extract:
  - 1. After login if there is a provider then the demander gets an sms indicating that
  - 2. If no provider exists for that ride then the user is logged out after getting a notification

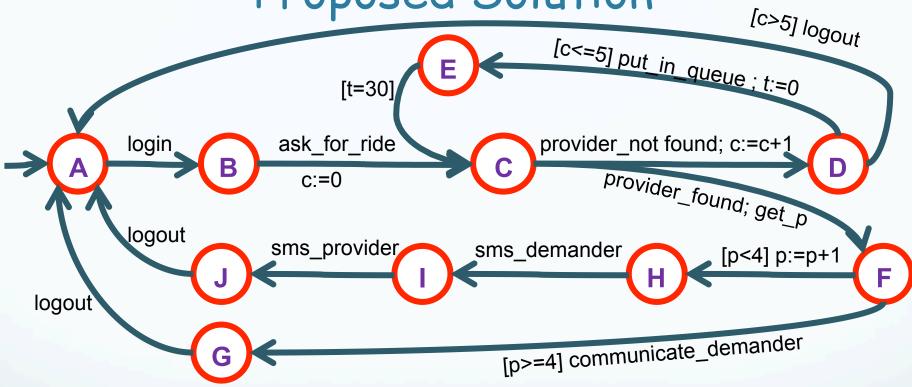
- Test cases you cannot extract:
  - 1. If a provider does exist for the ride, the user may still not get a ride due to overbooking
  - 2. Any timing constraints in what concerns how much time to wait for getting a confirmation of a ride

## Car sharing ride system (3)

- Draw an Extended Finite-State Machine (EFSM) for a variation of the system of part (1). The new description of the system is as follows:
- 1. The demander logs in into the system and asks for a ride as before.
- 2. If a potential provider is found then it is first checked that the provider can offer the ride, which only happens if there are less than 4 confirmed demanders for that particular provider. If a provider is found but there is no place, then a communication is sent to the demander.
- 3. If the ride request can be accepted, then an SMS is sent to both provider and demander confirming the ride, a counter counting the number of demanders for that particular provider is increased, and the demander is logged out.
- 4. If a provider is not found, then the demander is put on a queue for 30 minutes after which the system checks again whether a provider for the requested ride is found; this is repeated at most 5 times, and if finally a provider is not found then the demander is automatically logged out.

Groups 2-5 persons: 15 min

Car sharing ride system (3)
Proposed Solution



#### Some remarks:

- Brackets ("[.]") are used as a short for "If ... then ..."
- t: timer; c: number of times a demander may request a ride; p: nr of passengers (stored in the DB; get using "get\_p")
- Assumption: the timer is automatically incremented (implicit loop in state E)

### To Be Continued...

More on EFSM later today