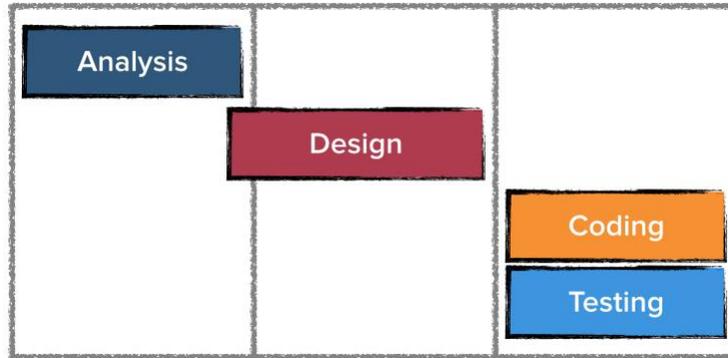


Services, Exceptions and  
Misc  
Slide Series #6

## Starting out Iteration 4



Some final pieces!

# Lombok

```
@EqualsAndHashCode( of = "name")
public class Player {

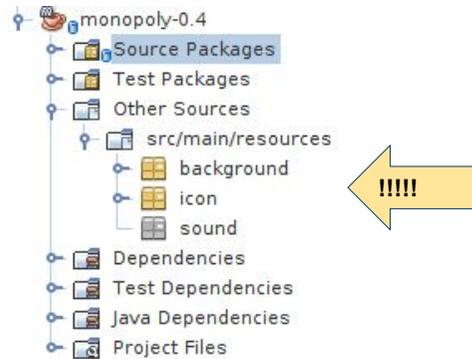
    @Getter
    private final String name; // Unique name for player
    @Getter
    private int balance;
    private boolean inJail = false;
    @Getter
    private Space position; // The actual position

    ...
}
```

Tiresome and boring to write "[boilerplate](#)" code

- We use [Lombok](#) for now.
  - Add Maven dependency
- Add "[Annotations](#)" to generate setter/getter/ and more ....
- Easy to add to to project thanks to Maven

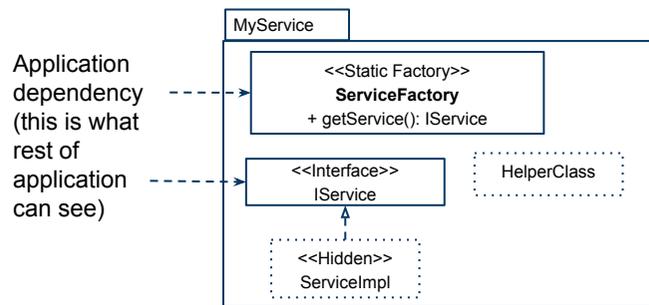
# MP : Problems with Resources



MP: Amazingly complicated to get file listing from resources directory

- Try to find something ...
- ... found [Apache Commons IO](#)
- Add Maven dependency and use.

# Implementing a Service



```
IService s = ServiceFactory.getService();  
... s.doService( ... );
```

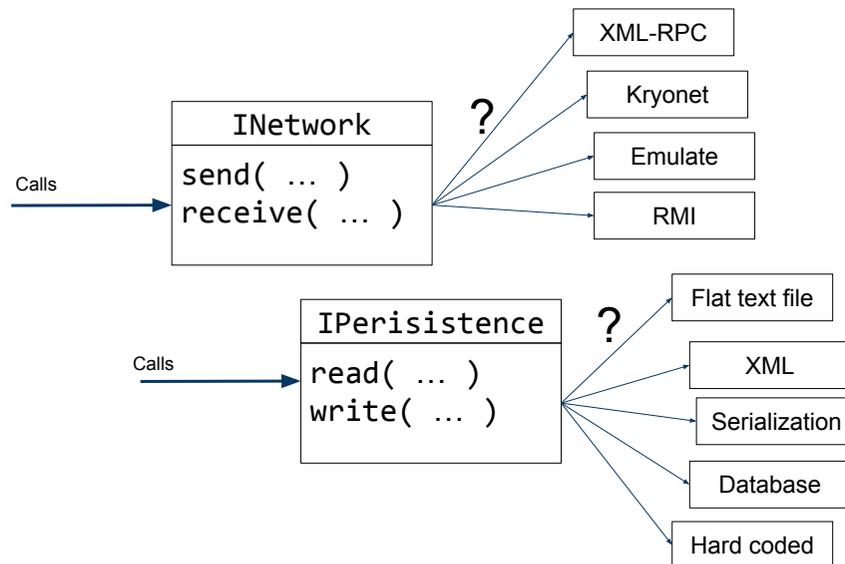
Services implemented using Facade pattern

- I.e. an interface used by control and a Factory to get an implementing object
- All other classes are package private (i.e. no public)
  - Possibly pure data classes implemented as immutable [value objects](#)
- For application (control layer) to find a service possibly use the [Service locator](#) design pattern
- If problems with dependencies use layering inside service
- Use of generics may remove dependencies

ALSO: Often need to decide on format for data

- Try to shield application from changes in data formats!

# Example Services



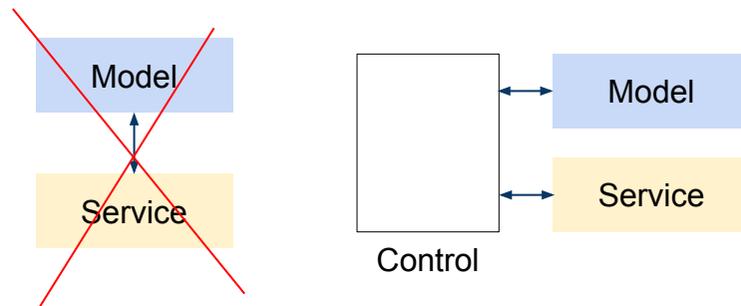
NOTE: This is optional

Any service is accessed via an interface (INetwork or IPersistence)!

- Exact implementation technique never exposed to application
  - Again: Also hide data formats
- Exact implementation technique, is a technical detail, not overly interesting for us
- Interfaces is a crucial part of application design, we are very concerned about this!

NOTE : Relational databases and OO have severe [problem](#).

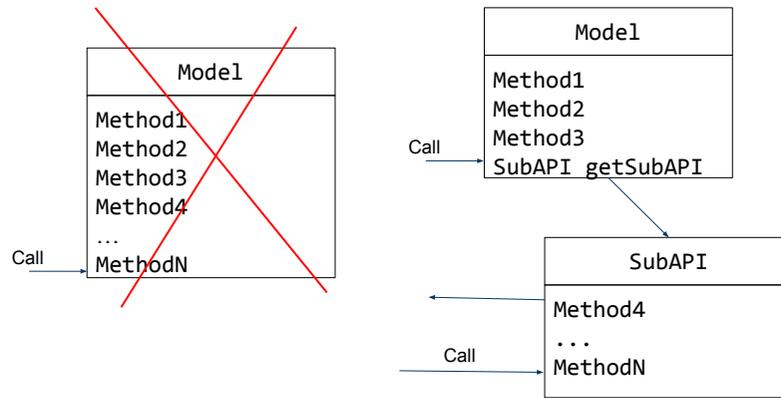
# Usage of a Service



We don't want to clutter the model

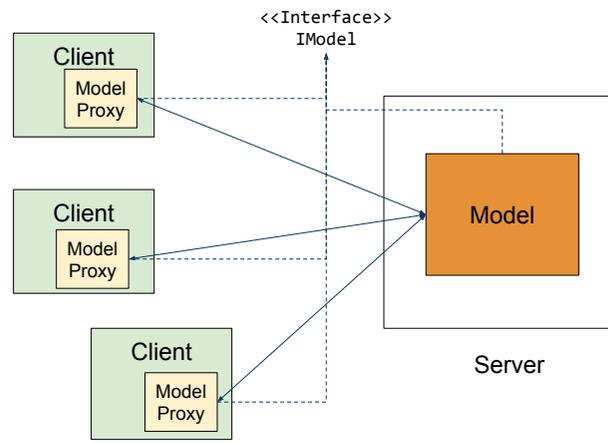
- No service code in model
- Use a controller
  - Get data from model and shuffle to service or ...
  - Get data from service set in model

# API too Large



- I model API becomes too large
- Add methods returning sub APIs

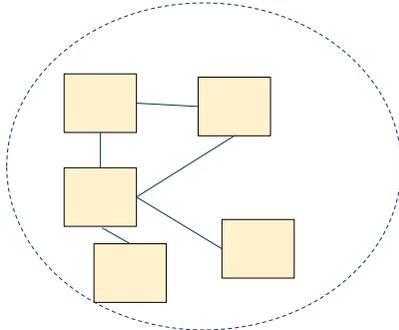
# A Note On Client Server



A client server application normally has the model on the server

- Clients act merely as IO channels ...
- .. issuing calls on a proxy for the model ([Remote proxy pattern](#))
- The proxy hides the network.

# A Note On Databases



OO modell

A diagram illustrating a relational database. It consists of two tables. The first table has three rows and three columns. The second table has three rows and four columns. The data is as follows:

1	"pelle"	34		
2	"fia"	56		
3				

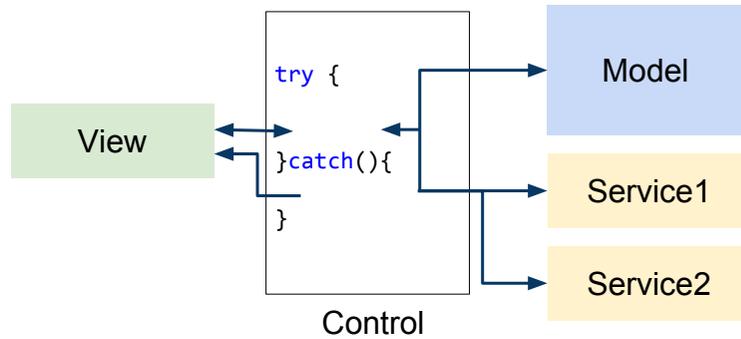
1	"götaplat sen"	8000		
2	"avenyn"	7000		
3				

Relational database

OO-models and relational databases hard (unsolved) problem

- OO model is a web of objects
- Database is primitive data in tables
- [Object relational impedance mismatch](#)
- Possibly : Use some [ORM framework](#)

# Exception Handling



Exception handling not well understood subject

- This is an advice

Exceptions may come from Model or Services

- Model or Services called from control ...
  - Model never call service directly (except eventbus)
- Handle exceptions in control ...
- ... propagate message to view to inform user

Possibly create high level exception classes if many layers in application

- Also [exception tunneling](#) (Java specific)

MP : Monopoly-0.4



Download from course page, inspect and run!

# Summary

- Used some APIs
- Implemented a Service
- Some exception handling

Next: Continue until finished ...